

**Thursday 20 June 2013 – Morning**

**GCSE METHODS IN MATHEMATICS**

**B392/02** Methods in Mathematics 2 (Higher Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

**OCR supplied materials:**  
None

- Other materials required:**
- Scientific or graphical calculator
  - Geometrical instruments
  - Tracing paper (optional)

**Duration: 2 hours**



Candidate forename		Candidate surname	
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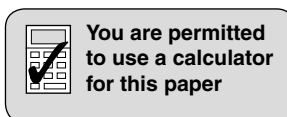
Centre number						Candidate number				
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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Your answers should be supported with appropriate working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

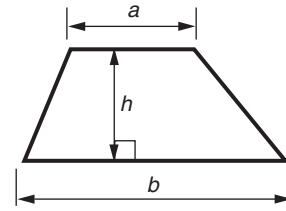
- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- Your Quality of Written Communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (\*).
- The total number of marks for this paper is **90**.
- This document consists of **20** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



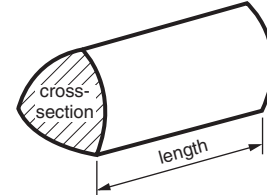
This paper has been pre modified for carrier language

## Formulae Sheet: Higher Tier

**Area of trapezium** =  $\frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$



**Volume of prism** = (area of cross-section)  $\times$  length

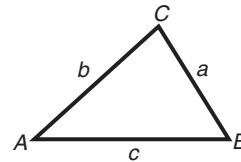


**In any triangle ABC**

**Sine rule**  $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

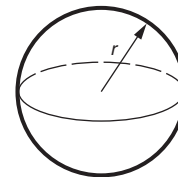
**Cosine rule**  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

**Area of triangle** =  $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$



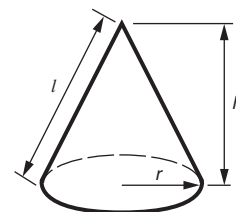
**Volume of sphere** =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

**Surface area of sphere** =  $4\pi r^2$



**Volume of cone** =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

**Curved surface area of cone** =  $\pi r l$



**The Quadratic Equation**

The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ ,  
where  $a \neq 0$ , are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

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1 (a) Use your calculator to work out the following.

(i)  $\frac{3.2^2}{1.25}$

(a) (i) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(ii)  $\sqrt[3]{6.1 \times 5.3 - 2}$

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

(b) (i) Write  $0.\dot{6}$  as a fraction.

(b)(i) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(ii) Ali uses a calculator to convert  $\frac{317}{333}$  to a decimal.

His calculator gives 0.951952 but this is a rounded value.

Find the decimal equivalent of  $\frac{317}{333}$ , writing your answer in the correct form.

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

- 2 (a) Sally makes jam using this list of ingredients.

**Jam**  
 2 kg fruit  
 3 kg sugar  
 8 tablespoons lemon juice

Sally uses 5 kg of fruit.

How much sugar should she use?

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ kg [2]

- (b) Connor and Dave share some money in the ratio 2:3.  
 Connor gets £18.

How much money do they share?

(b) £ \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

- 3 Fill in the missing numbers in these sequences.

(a) 1, 2, 4, \_\_\_\_\_, 16, 32, \_\_\_\_\_

[2]

(b) 1, 3, 6, \_\_\_\_\_, 15, 21, \_\_\_\_\_

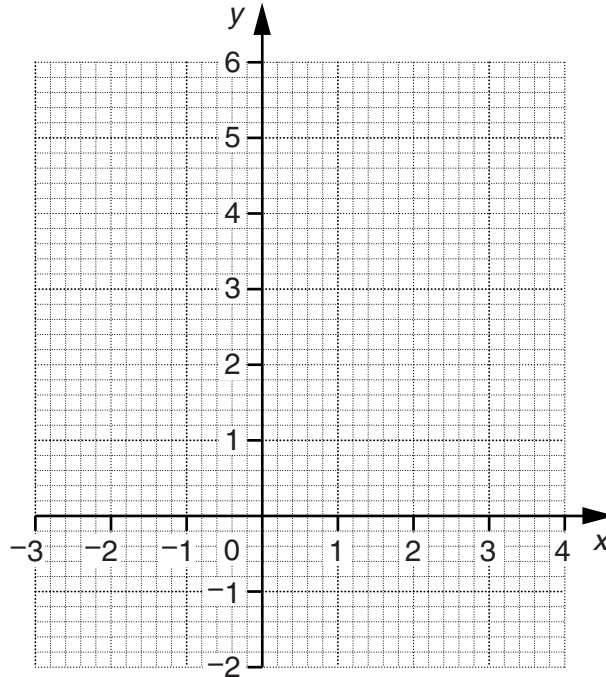
[2]

- 4 (a) Complete the table for  $y = x^2 - x - 1$ .

$x$	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y$	5		-1			

[2]

- (b) Draw the graph of  $y = x^2 - x - 1$ .

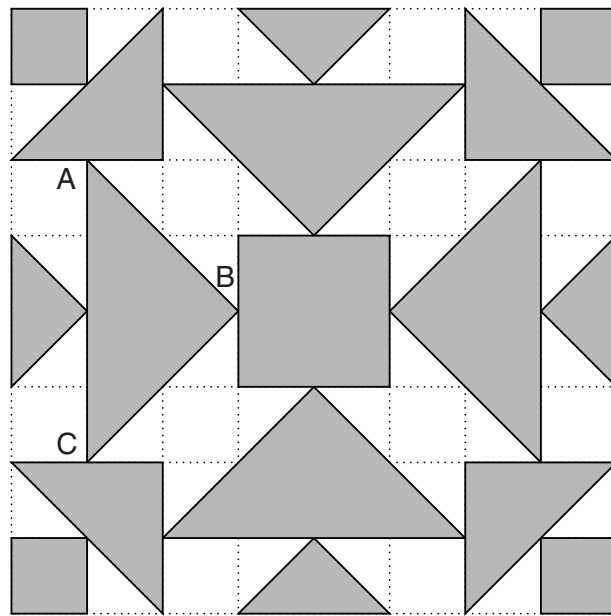


[2]

- (c) Use your graph to solve the equation  $x^2 - x - 1 = 0$ .  
Give your answers correct to 1 decimal place.

(c) \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

- 5 This design is drawn on a one-centimetre square grid.



- (a) In the design, how many **other** triangles are congruent to triangle ABC?  
Do not count triangle ABC as one of them.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

- (b) Work out the percentage of the design that is shaded.

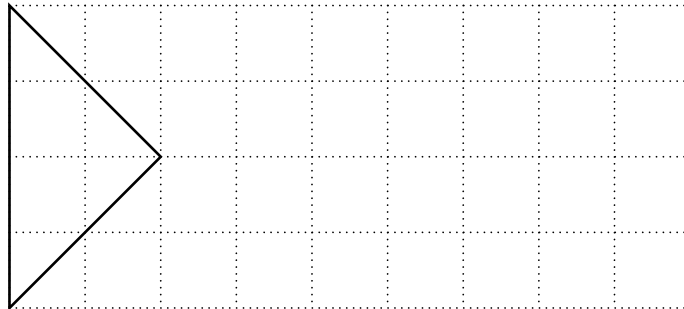
(b) \_\_\_\_\_ % [4]

(c) Calculate the length AB. Give your answer correct to two decimal places.

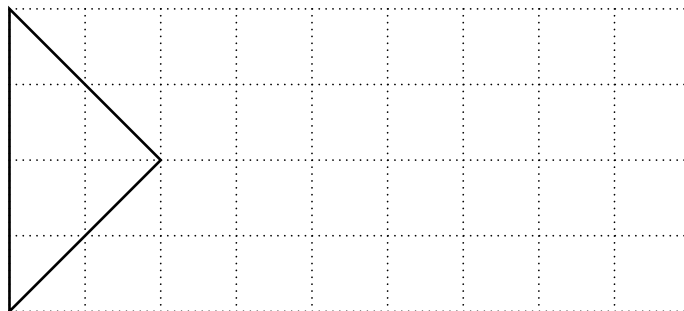
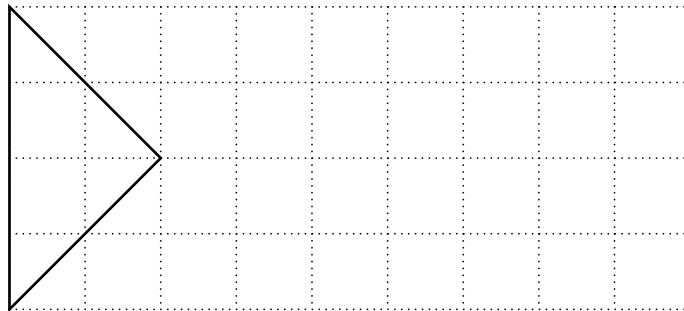
(c) \_\_\_\_\_ cm [4]

(d) Sameera can fit **all** the shaded shapes from the design into this rectangle. The shapes do not overlap. There are no gaps between the shapes.

Show how the shapes fit in this rectangle. Triangle ABC has been drawn in already.



You can use the grids below for your rough work.



[3]

6 (a) Solve.

$$3(x - 2) = 2x - 15$$

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

(b) Rearrange  $3x + 2y = 6$  to make  $y$  the subject.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

(c) Solve.

$$x^2 - 5x = 0$$

(c) \_\_\_\_\_ [3]



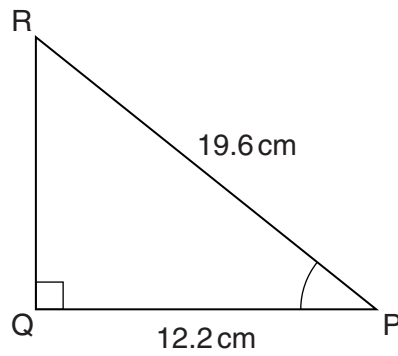
- 7 The table shows some sets of positive integers which sum to 8, and the product of each set.

<b>The sum is 8</b>	<b>Product</b>
$6 + 2$	$6 \times 2 = 12$
$4 + 3 + 1$	$4 \times 3 \times 1 = 12$
$2 + 1 + 5$	$2 \times 1 \times 5 = 10$

Find the maximum possible product for a set of positive integers which sum to 8. Show your trials in the table. You may not need to use all the lines.

The maximum product is \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

- 8 (a) PQR is a right-angled triangle.  
 RP = 19.6 cm. QP = 12.2 cm.



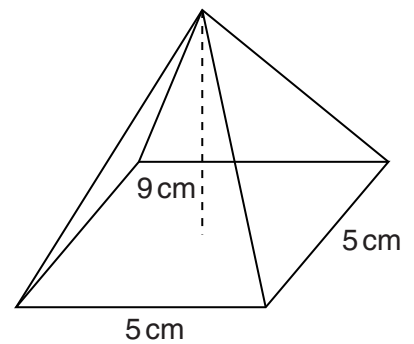
Not to scale

Work out the size of angle RPQ.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ ° [3]

- (b) A pyramid has a square base with side 5 cm.  
 The height of the pyramid is 9 cm.

Calculate the volume of the pyramid.



(b) \_\_\_\_\_ cm<sup>3</sup> [3]

- 9 (a) A company sets a target of at least 25% of its directors being female.  
The company has 9 directors altogether.

What is the minimum number of female directors the company needs to meet its target?

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

- (b) Peter sees the following advert for a book.

70% off usual price Now £3.99
----------------------------------

What is the usual price of the book?

(b) £ \_\_\_\_\_ [3]



11 (a) Expand and simplify.

$$(x + 3)(2x - 1)$$

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

(b) Factorise fully.

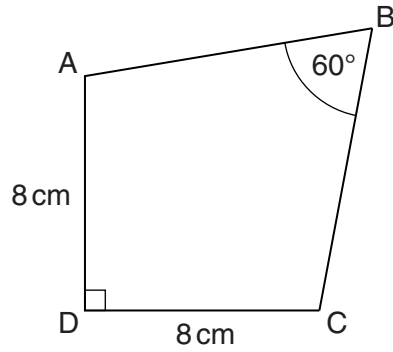
$$3x^2 - 12$$

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

(c) Write  $\frac{1}{x-3} + \frac{1}{x+3}$  as a single fraction. Give your answer in its simplest form.

(c) \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

- 12 ABCD is a kite.  
Angle D is  $90^\circ$ . Angle B is  $60^\circ$ .  $AD = DC = 8\text{ cm}$ .



Not to scale

- (a)\* Show clearly that triangle ABC is equilateral.

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[3]

- (b) Calculate the area of the kite.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^2$  [5]

13 Solve the simultaneous equations.

$$y + x^2 = 3$$

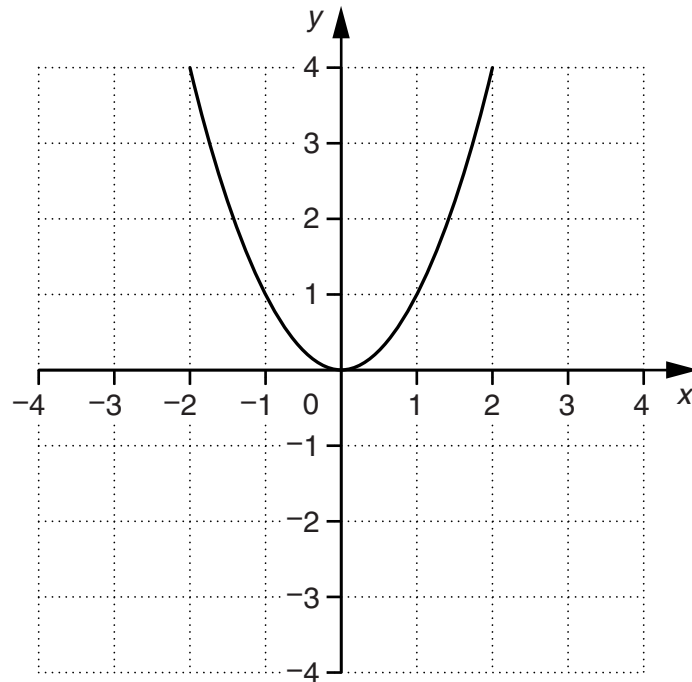
$$y - 4x = 7$$

$x = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$

$y = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad [6]$

14 (a) The graph of  $y = x^2$  is shown.

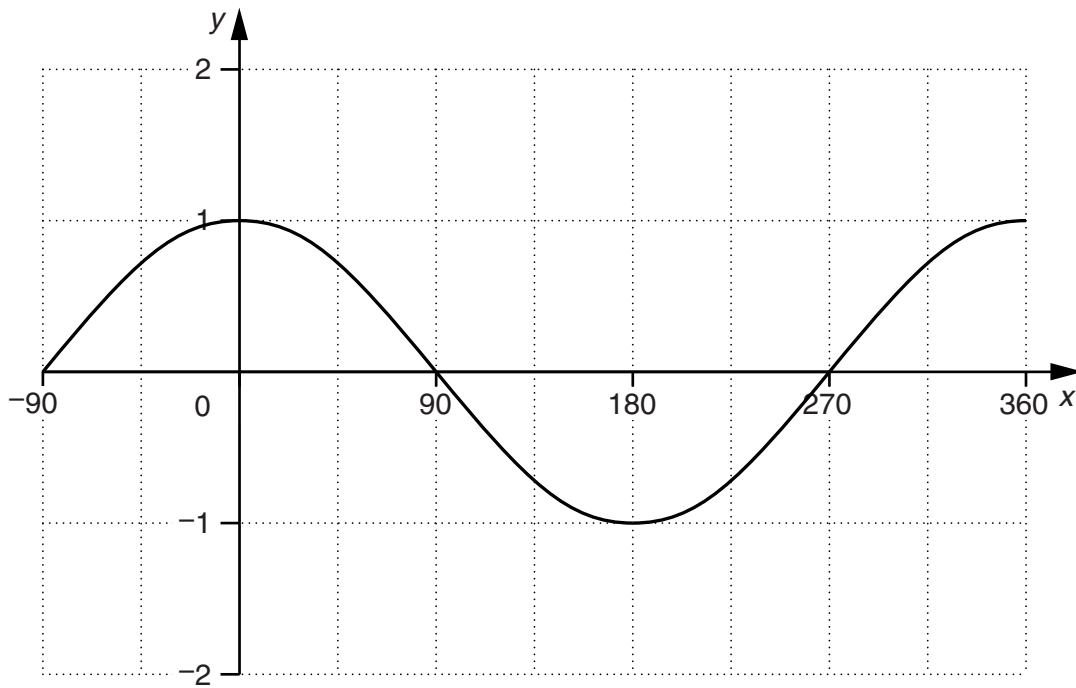
Sketch the graph of  $y = (x + 1)^2$  on the same grid.



[2]

(b) The graph of  $y = \cos x^\circ$  is shown.

Sketch the graph of  $y = 2 \cos x^\circ$  on the same grid.

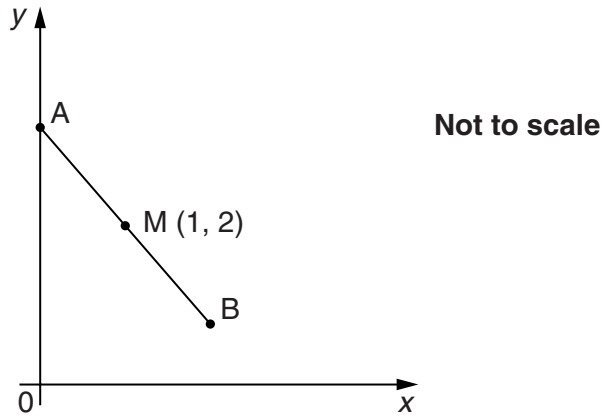


[2]



- 15 M is the midpoint of AB.  
 M has coordinates (1, 2)  
 A lies on the y-axis.  
 B does **not** lie on the x-axis.

Find possible coordinates for A, and the coordinates of B for this position of A.



A ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ )

B ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ ) [3]

- 16 A rectangular picture has width 20 cm and height 25 cm.  
 Janice wants to make an enlargement of the picture for a poster.  
 The area of the poster will be 6 times the area of the original picture.

Calculate the width and height of the poster. Give your answers to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Width \_\_\_\_\_ cm

Height \_\_\_\_\_ cm [4]

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

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