



Accounting

Advanced GCE

Unit F014: Management Accounting

Mark Scheme for June 2013

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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1. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
?	Unclear
BOD	Benefit of doubt
×	Cross
OFR	Own figure rule
REP	Repeat
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
~	Tick

2. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

Blank answer spaces

To be sure you have not missed any candidate responses you <u>must</u> check every page of the question paper and annotate any blank answer spaces with the following annotation:

SEEN

Additional Objects

You <u>must check any additional pages</u> (shown as Additional Projects) which the candidate has chosen to use.

Before you begin marking, use the Linking Tool, to 'link' any additional page(s) to the relevant question(s) and mark the response as normal.

<u>All</u> additional pages must be annotated with the 'SEEN' stamp, so it is clear to centres that the additional pages have been viewed by the marker.

Quality of Written Communication

The rubric states:

* In these two questions/sub questions, you will be assessed on the quality of your written communication. In one of these questions, the focus will be on your ability to present numerical information legibly and in an appropriate accounting format. In the other, you will assessed on the legibility and style of writing, the clarity and coherence of your arguments and the accuracy of your spelling, punctuation and grammar.

4% of the paper marks are available for rewarding Quality of Written Communication.

Levels of Response for *Numerical* Questions

Level	Mark	Description
3	3	All account headings, terms and balances are included appropriately and in line with accounting conventions. All figures are legible with effective use made of columns and sub-totals. All accounts are ruled off as appropriate.
2	2	Almost all account headings, terms and balances are included, appropriately and in line with accounting conventions. Figures are legible with effective use made of columns and sub-totals. Accounts are ruled off as appropriate.
1	1	Some account headings, terms and balances are included though not always adhered to accounting conventions. Most figures are legible. Some appropriate use is made of columns and sub-totals. Some accounts are ruled off as appropriate.
-	0	Responses which fail to achieve the standard required for Level 1.

Levels of Response for *Narrative* Questions

Level	Mark	Description
2	2	Ideas, some complex, are expressed clearly and quite fluently, using an appropriate style of writing. Arguments made are generally relevant and are constructed in a logical and coherent manner. There are few errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar, and those that are made are not intrusive and do not obscure meaning.
1	1	Relatively straightforward or simple ideas are expressed in a generally appropriate style of writing which sometimes lacks clarity or fluency. Arguments have some limited coherence and structure, occasionally showing relevance to the main focus of the question. There are errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar which are noticeable and sometimes intrusive but do not totally obscure meaning.
-	0	Responses which fail to achieve the standard required for Level 1.

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(Question		Answer			Marks	Guidance
1	(a)		<u>Budgeted (standard) cost</u> Material: Carbon black Nitrile Labour: Blending Forming	3,280 <u>2,520</u>	1,410 <u>2,625</u> 4,035 <u>5,800</u> <u>9,835</u> (2)	3	
			<u>Actual cost</u> Material: Carbon black Nitrile Labour: Blending Forming	3,159 <u>2,604</u>	1,512 <u>2,356</u> 3,868 <u>5,763</u> <u>9,631</u> (1)		

Question		Answer		Marks	Guidance		
(b)	MPV Carbon black Nitrile MUV Carbon black	(9.40 – 9.45)160 (12.50 – 12.40)190 (150 – 160)9.40	8A (2) 19F (2) 94A (2)	16			
	Nitrile LRV Blending	(210 - 190)12.50 (8 - 8.10)390	250F (2) 39A (2)				
	Forming <u>LEV</u> Blending Forming	(7 – 7)372 (410 – 390)8 (360 – 372)7	0 (2) 160F (2) 84A (2)				

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(c)	Reconciliation statement for Budgeted (Standard) Cost and Actual Cost for Batch B47	4	
	Standard cost: Material 4,035 Labour 5,800 9,835(1)		
	AdvFavMPV CB8MPV N19MUV CB94MUV N250LRV B39LRV F0LEV B160LEV F $\frac{84}{225(1)}$ Actual cost $\frac{(204)}{9,631(1)}$		
(d)	Ideal: based on best possible operating conditions. Usually unlikely to exist and rarely used. Attainable: Based on efficient operating conditions. Will be based on higher performance so that achievement is possible. (2 x 3 marks) (1 for type plus up to 2 for development)	6	
	Total	29	

$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ (a)^* \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	C	Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
	2		511	Ariswer Calculations Sales July Aug Sept 2,600 2,700 2,500 X 40 X 40 X 44 104,000 108,000 110,000 less 1% 102,960 106,920 108,900 Purchases Sales Purchases July 2,600 June x 15 39,000 Aug 2,700 July x 15 40,500 Sept 2,500 Aug x 15 37,500 Oct 2,640 Sept x 15 39,600 Verchases 39,000 40,500 37,500 39,600 Purchases 39,000 40,500 37,500 39,600 39,600 Purchases 39,000 40,500 37,500 39,600 39,600 50%-2% 19,110 19,845 18,375 19,404 50% 39,345 38,625 38,154	25	

Question		An	swer		Marks	Guidance
	Cash Budget	for the three m	onths ending	30 Sept 2013		
		<u>July</u>	Aug	Sept		
	Receipts					
	Sales	102,960 (2)	106,920 (2)	108,900 (2)		
	Disposal	-	-	<u>1,400</u> (1)		
		<u>102,960</u>	<u>106,920</u>	<u>110,300</u>		
	Payments	10015(1)	40.075(4)			
	Purchases	19,845 (1)	18,375 (1)	19,404 (1)		
		<u>19,500(</u> 1)	<u>20,250(</u> 1)	<u>18,750(</u> 1)		
	Evpopoo	39,343 50,000	30,020 50,000	30,134 50,000 (1)line		
	Expenses	50,000	50,000	27 000(1)		
	Lquipment	80 345	88.625	<u> </u>		
	Net cash	13 615	18 295	(4 854)		
	flow	10,010	10,200	(1,001)		
	Opening bal	18,400	32,015	50,310		
	Closing bal	32,015	50,310	45,456(1)		
	Ŭ	<u>, </u>				
	Budgeted Trac	ding Account f	or the three m	onths ending 30		
	<u>Sept 2013</u>					
	Sales		322,000	(1)		
	Opening stoc	k 39,000 (*)			
	Purchases	<u>117,600</u> (*)			
		156,600				
		<u>39,600(</u>	117.000			
	Cost of sales		<u>117,000</u> 205,000	(1)		
	GIUSS FIUII		203,000	(1)		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
	Budgeted Balance Sheet extract as at 30 Sept 2013		
	Current Assets		
	Stock 39,600		
	Debtors 1,400 (1)		
	Bank 45,456 (1)		
	Current Liabilities		
	Creditors 19,800 (1)		
	Equipment 63,000 (1)		
	QWC	3	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(b)	 Management of cash. Planning for actions to take if deficit or if surplus funds. Possible investment. Financial awareness. Managers will become aware of financial matters and the importance of cost control. Responsibility. Will clarify the responsibilities of each manager who has a budget and the income generation and expenditure of departments. Strengths and weaknesses. The necessary examination of costs can result in improvements in efficiency. Weaknesses become apparent and actions can then be taken. Motivation. A budget holder may view his budget as a target and it may have a motivating impact. (3 x 3 marks) (1 for point plus up to 2 for development) 	9	
	lotal	31	

Qu	Question		Answer						Guidanc	е	
3	(a)		Sales Var costs Contribution Fixed costs Profit Product 1 make Discontinuing w Profit would rec Profit would fall Fixed costs woo Would retain. (4 x 1 mark)	Product 1 220,000 <u>138,000</u> 82,000 (2) <u>92,000</u> (<u>10,000)</u> es a positive co vould reduce p duce by the co to 8,000. uld still need to	Product 2 150,000 <u>66,000</u> 84,000 (2) <u>44,000</u> 40,000 ontribution. profit. ntribution of pro	Product 3 230,000 <u>102,000</u> 128,000 (2) <u>68,000</u> <u>60,000</u>	10	Also accept Selling Price Variable Costs Contribution per unit Qty x Total Contribution	P1 80 <u>50.18</u> 29.82 <u>2,750</u> <u>82,005</u> (2)	<u>P2</u> 30 <u>13.20</u> 16.80 <u>5,000</u> <u>84,000</u> (2)	<u>P3</u> 40 <u>17.74</u> 22.26 <u>5,750</u> <u>127,995</u> (2)
	(b)	(i)	Selling price Variable costs Contribution Quantity Profit	20 13.20 (2) 6.80 (1) <u>x 500</u> <u>3,400</u> (1))		4				
		(ii)	 Whether special order makes a positive contribution and increases profit. Reaction of other customers paying the full price. Will fixed costs remain or will they increase with the additional order? Reaction of competitors who may start a price war. Does the company have the capacity to increase production? Special orders are not a long term solution, fixed costs must be covered. (3 x 2 marks) (1 for point plus 1 for development) 			6					
	Tota				Total	20					

C	Question				Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)		<u>580,00</u> 2,900,00	0 20% (1)		6	
			Selling price Job 2408 Direct materials Direct labour Prime cost Factory overheads Total factory costs Gen admin 20% Total cost Profit Selling price		770 <u>20,000</u> 20,770 (1) <u>4,000</u> (1) 24,770 <u>4,954</u> (1) 29,724 (1) <u>7,431</u> <u>37,155</u> (1)		
	(b)	(i)	Dept 1	<u>210,000</u> 1,100,000	19.1% (1)	3	
			Dept 2	<u>220,000</u> 1,000,000	22%(1)		
			Dept 3	<u>150,000</u> 800,000	18.8% (1)		
		(ii)	Dept 1	<u>210,000</u> 140,000	1.50 DLH (1)	3	
			Dept 2	<u>220,000</u> 137,500	1.60 DLH (1)		
			Dept 3	<u>150,000</u> 125,000	1.20 DLH (1)		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(c)	Selling price Job 2408 Direct materials 770 Direct labour $20,000$ Prime cost $20,770(1)$ Factory overheads: Dept 1 (540 x 1.50) $810(1)$ Dept 2 (1,600 x 1.60) $2,560(1)$ Dept 3 (600 x 1.20) <u>720(1)</u> Total factory costs 24,860 4,972(1) Total cost 29,832(1) Profit <u>7,458</u> Selling price <u>37,290(1)</u> 37,290(1)	7	
(d)	 A single rate may result in a department being charged overhead, even though a job might not have passed through it. Departmental rates are likely to lead to fairer apportionment because expenditure in each department can clearly be related to actual work in that department. (2 x 2 marks) (1 for point plus 1 for development) 	4	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(e)*	% Direct labour costNo distinction between slow and quick labour.Compared to materials, labour rates are likely to be similar.To be reasonable, need uniform rate and equipment.Usually no relationship between labour cost and overheads.Direct labour hourMost overheads related to time and this method is time based.Preferred if labour is the dominant factor. If different classes oflabour, can calculate a rate for each department.	9	
	Generally overheads are related to time and time based methods are therefore, preferred. Direct labour hour rate is, therefore, preferred. (Each method 2 x 2 marks) (1 for point plus 1 for development) Recommendation (1) QWC (2)	2	
	Total	34	

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