

GCE

Chemistry B (Salters)

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Unit F331: Chemistry for Life

Mark Scheme for June 2013

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
BOD	Benefit of doubt
CON	Contradiction
×	Cross
ECF	Error carried forward
I	Ignore
NAQ	Not answered question
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
NGE	Not good enough
RE	Rounding error
REP	Repeat
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
SF	Error in no. of significant figures
✓	Tick
^	Omission mark

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning		
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit		
IGNORE Statements which are irrelevant			
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted		
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit		
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark		
ECF	Error carried forward		
AW	Alternative wording		
ORA	Or reverse argument		

All questions must be annotated with a tick where the mark is given (please refer to Scoris Annotations document from your Team Leader).

Additional objects: You **must** annotate the additional objects for each script you mark. If no credit is to be awarded for the additional object, please use a suitable annotation (either ^ or SEEN).

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	methanol ✓	1	methan-1-ol does not score, and if with methanol is a CON 'spelling must be unambiguous'
		(ii)	alkene(s) ✓	1	IGNORE any references to branching cycloalkene is a CON
		(iii)	Skeletal (formula) ✓	1	ALLOW 'mis-spellings if meaning is clear' NOT skeleton
	(b)	(i)	C₄H ₈ ✓	1	ALLOW reversed
		(ii)	fractional distillation ✓	1	NOT distillation on own ALLOW 'fractionation' ALLOW mis-spellings if meaning is clear
		(iii)	$C_{12}H_{26} \rightarrow C_4H_8 + C_8H_{18} \checkmark$	1	No ECF from wrong formula in (b)(i) ALLOW structural formulae
		(iv)	Reactants/molecules/substances adsorbed on catalyst (surface) ✓	4	QWC: Adsorbed/adsorption/adsorb SPG; must be spelled correctly to score first marking point, but does not score on own.
			bonds (with)in/intramolecular bonds in <u>reactants</u> (weaken and) break ✓		'Their bonds' AW is ok if reactants have been mentioned in first marking point NOT 'bonds between reactants break'
			new bonds form OR bonds form in products ✓		Any reference to new bonds forming
			product/new molecules desorb/diffuse off/leave catalyst (surface) ✓		IGNORE comments about catalyst surface providing reaction route of lower Ea or explanation of heterogeneous
	(c)	<i>(i)</i>	$C_5H_{12}O(I) + 7\frac{1}{2}O_2(g) \rightarrow 5CO_2(g) + 6H_2O(I)$	1	DO NOT ALLOW multiples etc (question asks per mole burnt) ALLOW 7.5 OR 15/2

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(c)	(ii)	burns more completely / more complete combustion / less incomplete combustion ✓ already partially/slightly oxidised/contains an O (atom) in molecule OR pentane only has C and H (atoms)/no O atoms	2	Assume answer refers to MTBE unless otherwise stated. Must be comparative statement to score first mark IGNORE ideas about CO being formed then further oxidised IGNORE 'clean burning' IGNORE MTBE is an oxygenate
			✓		IGNORE reference to number of moles of oxygen needed by pentane/MTBE CON O ₂ or 'oxygen molecule'
		(iii)	nitrogen AND carbon dioxide ✓	1	both needed ALLOW correct formulae (with upper case – BOD if unclear) IGNORE formulae if names present
	(d)	(i)	wedges: bonds in front of plane of paper and dashed line: bonds behind ✓	1	any indication that wedge sticks out and dashed goes in scores this mark
		(ii)	(molecules with) same molecular formula but different structural formula/arrangement of atoms ✓	2	NOT '(chemical) formula' ALLOW 'same number of each atom' or 'same number and types of atoms' ALLOW different arrangement (of atoms) ALLOW different skeletal formulae
			(MTBE and ETBE) do not have same molecular formula ✓		ALLOW 'do not have same <u>number</u> of atoms' OR answer in terms of 'more C or H' If formulae are written they must be correct or this will CON second mark
	(e)		comes from crops which can be re-grown/AW ✓	3	vital word is 'grow/growing/growth' etc in the context that they can be replenished
			plants take in/absorb/use CO₂ for photosynthesis/growth ✓		NOT just 'while living' To score both points 2 and 3, CO ₂ must be mentioned or implied in both the answers
			(roughly) balances out CO₂ produced on burning ✓		If no reference to idea of balance maximum total mark is 2 IGNORE references to C or CO
			Total	20	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)		$Mg(OH)_2(s) + 2HCl(aq) \rightarrow MgCl_2(aq) + 2H_2O(l)$ formulae and balancing \checkmark state symbols (ss) \checkmark	2	ALLOW multiples etc Award ss mark alone for unbalanced equation with the correct formulae and correct ss or balanced equation but incorrect formulae for Mg hydroxide and chloride but correct ss
	(b)	(i)	less heat transfer to surroundings (in polystyrene cup) ✓	1	ALLOW better (thermal) insulator / reduces heat loss / minimise heat loss ALLOW 'less heat absorbed by/lost to cup' / worse conductor Answer must be comparative IGNORE safety points eg broken glass
		(ii)	 Mark any two from those below: ✓✓ (specific) heat capacity of HCl/solution same as water / 4.18 mass of water same as mass of HCl/solution negligible/little/no heat loss to surroundings volume of solution = mass of solution OR density of solution is 1 g cm⁻³ / same as water 	2	IGNORE 'specific heat capacity of water is 4.18'. 4.2 is incorrect IGNORE references to volume changes/evaporation IGNORE 'all solid reacts' IGNORE references to Joules IGNORE reference to standard conditions
	(c)		more <u>hydroxide ions</u> in (a mole of) aluminium hydroxide OR more/three <u>hydroxide ions</u> (per mole) ORA ✓	1	Assume 'it' refers to one mole of aluminium hydroxide ALLOW '(aluminium hydroxide) requires three moles HCl' ALLOW OH groups but not OH molecules ALLOW OH 'OH ions' instead of hydroxide ions DO NOT ALLOW 'higher concentration' of hydroxide ions IGNORE references to alkalinity, bases

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Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(d)	(i)	molar mass of MgCO ₃ = $84.3 \checkmark$	3	ALLOW 84
			moles of MgCO $_3$ = 0.2 ÷ 84.3 = 0.00237(2) /0.0024 \checkmark (dividing 0.2 by a number and working out answer correctly) volume = 0.0024 x 24000 = 57 cm 3 \checkmark (multiplying some calculated number by 24000 and working out answer correctly)		ALLOW two or more sf's NB If 84 used ALLOW 57.14() must not be rounded to fewer than 2sf NB 56.88 or 56.9() or 57 or 57.14() or 57.6 or 58 on answer line scores all three marks
		(ii)	measure of disorder/chaos/number of 'ways of arranging' ✓	2	Just 'how particles can be arranged' too vague DO NOT ALLOW 'ways of arranging atoms' or 'ways a molecule can be arranged' or 'disorder of atoms' ALLOW 'ways of arranging a compound/substance'
			gas on product side/formed have more disorder/ways of arrangement/chaos OR gases formed have greater entropy (than solid/liquids) ✓		Must be implication that gas is a product NOT just 'increased entropy' (in stem)
			Tr gassi isimisa nave greater entropy (triair solid/riquids)		ALLOW more chemical species/substances/products on product side but NOT more moles/particles on RHS
			Total	11	

C	Question			-	nswer			Marks	Guidance
3	(a)		in the same greelectrons / can				outer	1	If 'below' is used it must be directly below Wrong group no. or number of electrons/bonds CON
	(b)		Substance	Type of s	structure	Melti	ng point	1	ALLOW other symbols eg x's
				Simple molecular	Covalent network	High	Low		
			C (diamond)		✓	✓			
			silicon		✓	✓			
			CO ₂	✓			✓		
			SiO ₂		✓	√			
					l				
	(c)	(i)	linear / 180 (°) ✓					3	IGNORE straight or planar
			two set of elec carbon/central		of negative	charge	around		MUST mention electrons or negative centres/regions somewhere to be able to gain third mp
			repel as far as	possible/min	imise electr	on repu	Ision ✓		IGNORE 'repel as much as possible'
		(ii)	dative/co-ordin	ate (covalen	t) 🗸			1	

Qı	uesti	on	Answer		Guidance
3	(c)	(iii)	C S O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	2	Check there are two C electrons and four O electrons matching lone pair symbols. Ignore arrow. IGNORE any brackets around symbols ALLOW central electrons in any order or arrangement
	(d)	(i)	$^{14}_{~6}C \rightarrow ^{14}_{~7}N ~+~ ^{0}_{~-1}e$ one mark for correct beta particle on right hand side \checkmark $^{14}_{~6}C \rightarrow ^{14}_{~7}N ~\checkmark$	2	ALLOW: – (minus) beta particle on left hand side of equation DO NOT ALLOW e ⁻ ALLOW β symbol instead of e Numbers on right of symbols scores one mark if all correct
		(ii)	3 half-lives elapsed ✓ 3 x 6000 = 18,000 years ✓	2	100>50>25>12.5 scores first marking point ALLOW ecf from clearly stated number of half-lives both marks scored if 18,000 on answer line
		(iii)	 Mark any two from those below: ✓✓ half-life unaffected by temp/pressure; no loss OR gain of radioisotope/C-14/C-12/C/organic material; all count rate comes from carbon-14; amount of carbon-14/count (rate) in living material today is the same as when organism died; levels of C14 in atmosphere have remained constant. 	2	IGNORE 'rate of decay constant' IGNORE 'daughter' product ALLOW 'changed by metamorphic events' ALLOW the last ice age was less than 50,000 years ago
			Total	14	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)	(i)	protons 38 electrons 38 neutrons 50	1	
		(ii)	$(84 \times 0.560) + (86 \times 9.86) + (87 \times 7.02) + (88 \times 82.56)$ $\div 100 = 87.7102$ $\checkmark = 87.7$ to 3 sig figs \checkmark	3	IGNORE any units given Any number to 3 sf from a correctly evaluated calculation scores sf mark 87.7 on answer line scores all three and 87.71(02) scores two marks
	(b)		2+	1	must show charge; ALLOW +2; ALLOW complete species eg Sr ²⁺ ALLOW words
	(c)		 Any two of: ✓✓ Gas/hydrogen/H₂ given off/fizzing/bubbling/effervescence goes cloudy/white/milky ppt or solid gets warm/exothermic calcium dissolves / disappears 	2	If list mark first two and IGNORE the rest CON first point mention of any gas other than hydrogen Wrong substance as a precipitate is a CON on 2 nd point DO NOT ALLOW 'H' IGNORE equations
	(d)	(i)	$SrCO_3 \rightarrow SrO + CO_2 \checkmark$	1	'Heat' in equation is CON (ignore if on arrow) Any wrong symbol scores zero IGNORE state symbols

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Q	uestic	n	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4		(ii)	Bubble gases through <u>lime water/calcium hydroxide solution/correct formula</u> ✓ lime water cloudy/white/milky/ppt forms ✓	4	First mark for a viable technique (Heat samples and) collect gas in syringe etc. or measure (loss of) mass ✓ Production of gas / change of mass or volume is found ✓ Final two marking points as on left
			longer time or slower (to give gas) has greater (thermal) stability ora ✓		Must be a 'time element' eg rate of gas production
			strontium (carbonate) has greater (thermal) stability ora ✓		Question requires a general answer so IGNORE references to amount/mass/volume etc of chemicals
	(e)	(i)	(relative) abundance ✓	1	IGNORE qualification ALLOW amount/concentration/'how much'/percentage NOT 'percentage intensity' IGNORE mass of isotope
		(ii)	H ₂ O ⁺ /H ₂ ¹⁶ O ⁺ ✓	1	No alternatives
		(iii)	O-18 (isotope in water molecule) ✓	1	ALLOW D ₂ O or O-20 or THO or H ₃ ¹⁷ O ⁺ ALLOW O with 12 neutrons
			Total	15	

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