

## OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

# LEVEL 4 CERTIFICATE IN MANAGEMENT CONSULTING 10331

## **UNIT 2 ANALYSING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS**

TUESDAY 17 JUNE 2014 9.30 AM TIME: 1 HOUR 30 MINUTES

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Fill in all the boxes below. Use CAPITAL LETTERS.

#### **CENTRE DETAILS**

Centre Number	Centre Name
COMPUTER REF	6 1 4 1 0 3 3 1

### **CANDIDATE DETAILS**

Surname or Family Name	First Name	Initials of Other Forenames	I	DAT	E OF	F BII	RTH		
				M	M	Υ	Y	Y	Υ

- Do **NOT** open the booklet until told to do so by the invigilator.
- Answer ALL questions.
- · Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.
- Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Use black ink.

## **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part question.

The total	number c	f marks	for this	paper	is	<b>60</b> .
-----------	----------	---------	----------	-------	----	-------------

You may use a calculator.

FO	R EXAMINERS' USE	ONI	_Y
1		3	
2		4	
TO	TAL =		

Ofqual Unit Reference Number: D/504/1299 H053 JUN 14

# Answer **all** questions.

			(2 marks
iii)	dividend yield.		
			(1 mark)
11)	price/earnings (PE) ratio		
;;\	price/cornings (PE) retio		(1 mark
i)	earnings per share		
Cal	culate each of the following ratios:		
Mar	ket price per ordinary share as at 31 D	December 2013 £2.40	
	-	<u>390 000</u>	
	•	750 000 360 000	
Extr	racts from financial statements for year	ended 31 December 2013 £	
	•	6140000	
	•	5 000 000 1 140 000	
Equ	lity as at 31 December 2013	£	
	Sha Ret Tota Extr Net Les Ret Mar Cald i)	Net profit for the year Less: Dividend paid Retained earning for the year  Market price per ordinary share as at 31 D  Calculate each of the following ratios:  i) earnings per share  ii) price/earnings (PE) ratio	Share capital - £1 ordinary shares 5000000 Retained earnings 1140000 Total equity 6140000  Extracts from financial statements for year ended 31 December 2013 £  Net profit for the year 750 000 Less: Dividend paid 360 000 Retained earning for the year 390 000  Market price per ordinary share as at 31 December 2013 £2.40  Calculate each of the following ratios:  i) earnings per share  ———————————————————————————————————

plc.					
	 				/2 m
					(2 m
Explain wheth	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with
Explain wheth dividend yield	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with
	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with
	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with
	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with
	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with
	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with
	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with
	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with
	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with
	eholders of	Bradford p	lc are likely	to be sat	isfied with

d)	Bradford plc has a net profit of £750 000. Explain <b>three</b> possible reasons why only £360 000, and not the whole £750 000 has been paid to shareholders as a dividend.
1)	
	(2 marks)
2)	
	(2 marks)
3)	
	(2 marks)

The following financial information is extracted from the books of Sun Ltd and Moon Ltd as at 31 December 2013. Both companies operate in the same industry.

	Sun Ltd	Moon Ltd
	£	£
Sales (all credit sales)	780 000	950 000
Cost of goods sold	590 000	720 000
Stock (Inventory)	198 000	116000
Debtors (Accounts receivable)	100 000	108 000
Cash	31 000	78 000
Creditors (Accounts payable)	135 000	150 000

The stock/inventory value of Sun Ltd and Moon Ltd at 1 January 2013 was £208 000 and £126 000 respectively.

- a) Using the financial information given for Sun Ltd and Moon Ltd, calculate the following ratios for each of the two companies. (Give your answers, where appropriate, correct to two decimal places.)
  - i) Current ratio
  - ii) Quick/acid ratio
  - iii) Debtor (accounts receivable) turnover, in number of days
  - iv) Stock (inventory) turnover, in number of days

	Sun Ltd	Moon Ltd
Current ratio		
0:1/::		
Quick/acid ratio		
Debtor (accounts		
receivable) turnover,		
in number of days		
Stock (inventory) turnover, in number of		
days		
•		

(8 marks)

b)	i)	A supplier is considering trading with either Sun Ltd or Moon Ltd. Explain why the supplier may be interested in studying the financial statements of Sun Ltd and Moon Ltd.
		(3 marks
	ii)	Recommend whether the supplier should trade with Sun Ltd or Moon Ltd. Justify your recommendation.

		·
		(8 marks)
c)	i)	How is working capital calculated?
		(1 mark)
	ii)	Explain why companies need to maintain adequate working capital.
		(3 marks)

Evaluate the limitations of using ratio analy same industry.	
<del></del>	

1)			
• /			
			(3 m
2)			

tline <b>four</b> sections of a balance sheet (statement of financial position).						
 	<del></del>					
 	<del></del>					