

A Level Classical Greek H444/01 Unseen Translation Sample Question Paper

Version 1.1

Date – Morning/Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes



You must have:

• the OCR 8-page A Level Classical Greek Answer Booklet (sent with general stationery)

Do not use:a dictionary

Other materials required:

None



INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Complete the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Additional paper may be used if required but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document consists of 4 pages.

Section A: Unseen Prose

2

Passage 1

A hastily assembled Athenian army inflicts an embarrassing defeat on a Corinthian force.

The Corinthians seized the heights of Geraneia and invaded the territory of Megara with their allies, thinking that the Athenians would be too occupied with Aigina to help the Megarians or, if they did, they would be forced to abandon Aigina.

οί δὲ Ἀθηναῖοι τὸ μὲν πρὸς Αἰγίνῃ στράτευμα οὐκ ἐκίνησαν, τῶν δ' ἐκ τῆς πόλεως ὑπολοίπων οἵ τε πρεσβύτατοι καὶ οἱ νεώτατοι ἀφικνοῦνται εἰς τὰ Μέγαρα, Μυρωνίδου στρατηγοῦντος.

καὶ μάχης γενομένης ἰσορρόπου¹, ἐνόμισαν αὐτοὶ ἑκάτεροι οὐκ ἔλασσον ἔχειν ἐν τῷ ἔργῳ. καὶ οἱ μὲν Ἀθηναῖοι (ἐκράτησαν γὰρ ὅμως μαλλον), ἀπελθόντων τῶν Κορινθίων τροπαῖον² ἔστησαν. οἱ δὲ Κορίνθιοι κακιζόμενοι³ ὑπὸ τῶν ἐν τῃ πόλει πρεσβυτέρων, καὶ παρασκευασάμενοι, ἡμέραις ὕστερον δώδεκα ἐλθόντες ἀνθίστασαν τροπαῖον καὶ αὐτοὶ ὡς νικήσαντες.

καὶ οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐκβοηθήσαντες ἐκ τῶν Μεγάρων τούς τε τὸ τροπαῖον² ἱστάντας διαφθείρουσι καὶ τοῖς ἄλλοις ξυμβαλόντες ἐκράτησαν. οἱ δὲ νικώμενοι ὑπεχώρουν, καί τι αὐτῶν μέρος οὐκ ὀλίγον, προσβιασθὲν⁴ καὶ διαμαρτὸν τῆς ὁδοῦ, εἰσέπεσεν εἰς χωρίον ῷ ἔτυχεν ὄρυγμα⁵ μέγα περιεῖργον⁶ καὶ οὐκ ἦν ἔξοδος. οἱ δὲ Ἀθηναῖοι, περιστήσαντες κύκλῷ τοὺς ψιλούς⁷, κατέλευσαν⁸ πάντας τοὺς εἰσελθόντας, καὶ πάθος μέγα τοῦτο Κορινθίοις ἐγένετο.

Megara

Myronides

Thucydides 1. 105-106

Names

τὰ Μέγαρα	
ό Μυρωνίδης -ου	

Words

¹ ἰσόρροπος –ον	indecisive
² τὸ τροπαῖον	trophy
³ κακίζω	l insult, mock
⁴ προσβιάζω	I put under pressure
⁵ τὸ ὄρυγμα τοῦ ὀρύγματος	ditch
⁶ περιείργω	l surround
⁷ οἱ ψιλοί ⁸ καταλεύω	light-armed troops
⁸ καταλεύω	I stone to death

1 Translate Passage 1 into English.

Please write your translation on alternate lines.

Section B: Unseen Verse

Passage 2

The dying Alkestis, in the presence of the Chorus, tells her husband Admetos to look after their young children when she is gone.

ALKESTIS: Children, you have heard your father say that he will not marry again when I die, and that you will still be held in the same respect.

ADMETOS: I did say that, and I stand by what I said. AL: On that condition, then, receive our children from my hand.

Αδ δέχομαι, φίλον γε δῶρον ἐκ φίλης χερός. Αλ σύ νυν γενοῦ τοῖσδ' ἀντ' ἐμοῦ μήτηρ τέκνοις. Αδ πολλή μ' ἀνάγκη, σοῦ γ' ἀπεστερημένοις Αλ ὦ τέκν', ὅτε ζῆν χρῆν μ', ἀπέρχομαι κάτω. Αδ οἴμοι, τί δράσω δητα σοῦ μονούμενος; 5 Αλ χρόνος μαλάξει¹ σ' οὐδέν ἐσθ' ὁ κατθανών. Αδ ἄγου με σύν σοί, πρός θεῶν, ἄγου κάτω. Αλ καὶ μὴν σκοτεινὸν² ὄμμα μου βαρύνεται. Αδ ἀπωλόμην ἄρ', εἴ με δὴ λείψεις, γύναι. Αλ ώς οὐκέτ' οὖσαν οὐδὲν ἂν λέγοις ἐμέ. 10 Αδ ὄρθου³ πρόσωπον, μη λίπης παιδας σέθεν. Αλ οὐ δηθ' ἑκοῦσά γ' ἀλλὰ γαίρετ', ὦ τέκνα. Αδ βλέψον πρός αὐτούς, βλέψον. οὐδέν εἰμ' ἔτι. Aλ Αδ τί δρας; προλείπεις; Aλ $\chi \alpha \hat{i} \rho'$. ἀπωλόμην τάλας. $A\delta$ Χο βέβηκεν, οὐκέτ' ἔστιν Ἀδμήτου γυνή. 15

Euripides, Alkestis 376ff.

Words

μαλάσσω	l heal
² σκοτεινός –ή -όν	dark, in darkness
δ δρθόω	l lift up

2 (a) Translate Passage 2 into English.

(b) Write out and scan lines 3–4 from Passage 2.

πολλή μ' ἀνάγκη, σοῦ γ' ἀπεστερημένοις ὦ τέκν', ὅτε ζῆν χρῆν μ', ἀπέρχομαι κάτω.

> H444/01 R10034/1.1

[45]

[5]

Summary of updates

Date	Version	Details
September 2021	1.1	Updated copyright acknowledgements.

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From Euripides, Alkestis 376ff. From Euripides. Euripides, with an English translation by David Kovacs. Loeb Classical Library 12, Cambridge. Harvard University Press. 1994. Accessed via the Perseus Project, www.perseus.tufts.edu

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...day June 20XX – Morning/Afternoon

A Level Classical Greek H444/01 Unseen Translation

SAMPLE MARK SCHEME

Duration: 1 hour 45 minutes

MAXIMUMMARK 100

DRAFT

This document consists of 12 pages

Guidance on applying the marking grids for translating into English

The general principle in assessing each section should be the **proportion** (out of 5) of sense achieved.

One approach for each section is given. Acceptable alternatives will be illustrated during Standardisation, but examiners should assess on its own merits any approach that satisfactorily conveys the meaning of the Greek – the crucial consideration being the extent to which every Greek word is satisfactorily rendered in some way in the English.

The determination of what a "slight" error is only necessary when it is the only error in a section; this distinction will then determine whether a mark of 5 or 4 is appropriate. Where marks of 4, 3, 2, 1 and 0 are applicable, the overall proportion of meaning conveyed in the section is the only consideration. The term "major" error has been used here to determine an error which is more serious than a "slight" error.

The classification below should be seen only as a general guide, the intention of which is to maintain standards year-on-year. Lead markers should consider each instance on its own merits in the context of the passage and the section.

It is likely that some of the errors below may be regarded as "major" if they appear in a relatively short and straightforward section, whereas in longer or more complex sections they are more likely to be a "slight" error.

The sort of errors that we would generally expect to be considered as "slight" errors would be:

- a single mistake in the translation of a verb, for example incorrect person or tense
- vocabulary errors that do not substantially alter the meaning
- omission of particles that does not substantially alter the meaning (although in certain cases the omission of a particle may not count as an error at all, most especially with μεν... δε)

The sort of errors that we would generally expect to be considered as "major" errors would be:

- more than one slight error in any one verb
- vocabulary errors that substantially alter the meaning
- omission of a word or words, including alteration of active to passive if the agent is not expressed
- missed constructions
- alteration in word order that affects the sense

The final decisions on what constitutes a 'slight' and 'major' errors will be made and communicated to assessors via the standardisation process (after full consideration of candidates' responses) and these decisions will be captured in the final mark scheme for examiners and centres.

Marks	Description
5	Accurate translation with one slight error allowed
4	Mostly correct
3	More than half right
2	Less than half right
1	Little recognisable relation or meaning to the Greek

0 = No response or no response worthy of credit.

Section A: Unseen Prose

Que	stion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1		The passage has been divided into 10 sections, each worth 5 marks. Award up to 5 marks per translated section according to the 5-mark marking grid found above.		The below are intended as examples of "slight" and more serious "major" errors, others may be identified at standardisation.
	(i)	οἱ δὲ Ἀθηναῖοι τὸ μὲν πρὸς Αἰγίνῃ στράτευμα οὐκ ἐκίνησαν, But the Athenians did not move their army that was at Aigina,	5	very short section: all errors will be major
	(ii)	τῶν δ' ἐκ τῆς πόλεως ὑπολοίπων οἴ τε πρεσβύτατοι καὶ οἱ νεώτατοι ἀφικνοῦνται εἰς τὰ Μέγαρα, Μυρωνίδου στρατηγοῦντος. but the oldest and the youngest of the remaining men from the city went to Megara under the generalship of Myronides.	5	slight errors: 'old/young', or 'older/younger' for 'oldest/youngest'; 'into' for 'to' or 'at' (depending on translation of ἀφικνοῦνται) major errors: taking τῶν ὑπολοίπων as subject; failure to recognise genitive absolute
	(iii)	καὶ μάχης γενομένης ἰσορρόπου, ἐνόμισαν αὐτοὶ ἑκάτεροι οὐκ ἔλασσον ἔχειν ἐν τῷ ἔργῷ. When an indecisive battle had taken place, each side believed that they had had the better of the affair.	5	accept any reasonable translation for οὐκ ἔλασσον ἔχειν ἐν τῷ ἔργῷ major errors: failure to recognise genitive absolute; failure to take αὐτοὶ ἑκάτεροι together
	(iv)	καὶ οἱ μὲν Ἀθηναῖοι (ἐκράτησαν γὰρ ὅμως μᾶλλον), ἀπελθόντων τῶν Κορινθίων τροπαῖον ἔστησαν. And the Athenians (for they had in fact had the better of it), when the Corinthians went away, set up a trophy.	5	accept any reasonable translation for ἐκǫάτησαν γὰǫ ὅμως μᾶλλον major errors: failure to recognise genitive absolute

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(v)	οἱ δὲ Κορίνθιοι κακιζόμενοι ὑπὸ τῶν ἐν τῇ πόλει πρεσβυτέρων, καὶ παρασκευασάμενοι, The Corinthians being insulted by the older men in the city, and having made preparations,	5	slight errors: 'old/oldest' for 'older' major errors: voice of participles
(vi)	ἡμέραις ὕστερον δώδεκα ἐλθόντες ἀνθίστασαν τροπαῖον καὶ αὐτοὶ ὡς νικήσαντες. went out twelve days later and Meusetres set up a trophy in reply, as if they had won.	5	slight errors: 'on the twelfth day after' for 'twelve days later' major errors: mistranslation of $\hat{\omega}_{\zeta}$ plus participle
(vii)	καὶ οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι ἐκβοηθήσαντες ἐκ τῶν Μεγάρων τούς τε τὸ τροπαῖον ἱστάντας διαφθείρουσι καὶ τοῖς ἄλλοις ξυμβαλόντες ἐκράτησαν. And the Athenians came out from Megara to help, killed the men setting up the trophy, engaged the others, and defeated them.	5	major errors: failure to take τούς ίστάντας together; failure to recognise τοῖς ἄλλοις as the object of ξυμβαλόντες
(viii)	οἱ δὲ νικώμενοι ὑπεχώρουν, καί τι αὐτῶν μέρος οὐκ ὀλίγον, προσβιασθὲν καὶ διαμαρτὸν τῆς ὁδοῦ, The defeated (Corinthians) retreated and so not a small part of the men, being put under pressure and losing their way,	5	accept 'and they, having been defeated', or 'and they were defeated and' or any other reasonable translation slight errors: 'not a few' for 'not a small (part)' major errors: failure to recognise $\pi \rho o \sigma \beta \iota \alpha \varsigma \theta \epsilon \nu$ and $\delta \iota \alpha \mu \alpha \rho \tau \delta \nu$ as neuter participles agreeing with $\mu \epsilon \rho o \varsigma$.

Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
		εἰσέπεσεν εἰς χωρίον ῷ ἔτυχεν ὄρυγμα μέγα περιεῖργον καὶ οὐκ ἦν ἔξοδος.	5	accept 'which a deep ditch happened to surround'
(1	(ix)	fell into a place which happened to be surrounded by a deep ditch and from which there was no way out.		slight error: 'with' or 'to' which for the relative pronoun
		οἱ δὲ Ἀθηναῖοι, περιστήσαντες κύκλῷ τοὺς ψιλούς, κατέλευσαν πάντας τοὺς εἰσελθόντας, καὶ πάθος μέγα τοῦτο Κορινθίοις ἐγένετο.	5	accept eg 'this caused great suffering to the Corinthians'
	(x)	The Athenians stationed their light-armed troops around them in a circle and stoned to death all those who had gone in, and this was a source of great distress to the Corinthians.		major errors: failure to recognise that περιστήσαντες is transitive; failure to take πάντας τοὺς εἰσελθοντας together

Section B: Unseen Verse

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2(a)	The passage has been divided into 9 sections, each worth 5 marks. Award up to 5 marks per translated section according to the 5-mark marking grid found above.		The below are intended as examples of "slight" and more serious "major" errors, others may be identified at standardisation.
(i)	δέχομαι, φίλον γε δῶρον ἐκ φίλης χερός. σύ νυν γενοῦ τοῖσδ' ἀντ' ἐμοῦ μήτηρ τέκνοις. AD: I receive them: a dear gift indeed from a dear hand. AL: You then must be a mother to these children instead of me.	5	slight errors: not translating γε major errors: not recognising that γενοῦ is imperative/a verb; 'my mother' or similar for ἐμοὺ μήτηϱ
(ii)	πολλή μ' ἀνάγκη, σοῦ γ' ἀπεστερημένοις. ὦ τέκν', ὅτε ζῆν χρῆν μ', ἀπέρχομαι κάτω. AD: It is very necessary that I do, as they will be bereft of you. AL: O my children, when I should be living. I am going down below.	5	slight errors: 'child' for 'children' major errors: taking σοῦ with ἀπεστεǫημὲνοις / mistranslating σοὺ
(iii)	οἴμοι, τί δράσω δῆτα σοῦ μονούμενος; χρόνος μαλάξει σ'· οὐδέν ἐσθ' ὁ κατθανών. AD: Alas, whatever am I to do, left alone by you? AL: Time will heal you; one who has died is of no account	5	major errors: taking σοὺ with μονούμενος; failure to capture effectively the sense of 'the one who has died/a dead person is nothing/of no account' (eg translating as 'nothing is the dead one')

uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(iv)	ἄγου με σὺν σοί, πρὸς θεῶν, ἄγου κάτω. καὶ μὴν σκοτεινὸν ὄμμα μου βαρύνεται.	5	allow 'my dark eye grows heavy' slight errors: not recognizing idiom of $\pi Q \dot{Q} \zeta \ \theta \epsilon \tilde{\omega} v$ (eg translating as 'take me
	AD: Take me with you, for the gods' sake, take me down with you. AL: Ah! Now my eye grows dark and heavy.		with you to the gods') major errors: not recognizing ἄγου as imperative
(v)	ἀπωλόμην ἄρ', εἴ με δὴ λείψεις, γύναι. ὡς οὐκέτ' οὖσαν οὐδὲν ἂν λέγοις ἐμέ.	5	slight error: taking οὐδὲν in the wrong place in the sentence ('say nothing')
	AD: I am destroyed then, if you are really going to leave me, my wife. AL: You may speak to me now as one who is nothing any more.		
(vi)	ὄρθου πρόσωπον, μὴ λίπῃς παῖδας σέθεν. οὐ δῆθ' ἑκοῦσά γ'· AD: Lift your head, do not leave your children. AL: I do not do this willingly, for sure: so farewell my children.	5	slight error: mistranslation of σ έθεν. major error: not recognising ὄϱθου as imperative; taking ἑκοῦσά as part of ἔχω

uestion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
(vii)	ἀλλὰ χαίρετ', ὦ τέκνα. βλέψον πρὸς αὐτούς, βλέψον. οὐδέν εἰμ' ἔτι. AD: Look at them, look AL: I am no more.	5	major error: not recognising βλέψον as imperative
(viii)	τί δρậς; προλείπεις; χαῖρ'. ἀπωλόμην τάλας. AD: What are you doing? Are you leaving me? AL: Farewell. AD: Alas, I am destroyed.	5	there are very few words in this section so any error will count as major
(ix)	βέβηκεν, οὐκέτ' ἔστιν Ἀδμήτου γυνή. Cito: She has departed: the wife of Admetos is no more.	5	there are very few words in this section so any error will count as major

Question	Question Answer Marks Guida		ance			
Question			Levels of Response			
2(b)	πολλή μ' ἀνάγκη, σοῦ γ' ἀπεστερημένοις. – – ν – – – ν – ν – ν – ὦ τέκν', ὅτε ζῆν χρῆν μ', ἀπέρχομαι κάτω. – – ν – – – ν – ν – ν –	5	Two lines give 6 feet; each correct foot should be ticked and the number of ticks converted to a mark out of 5, as to the right. Foot divisions should be ignored. This means that credit should be given for two or three adjacent syllables correctly marked, if they make up a correct foot, even if the candidate has split them into separate feet.	5 4 3 2 1 0	 6 feet correct 5 feet correct 4 feet correct 3 feet correct 1 or 2 foot correct None correct 	

APPENDIX 1: ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVE GRID

Question	Distribution of marks for each Assessment Objective		
	AO1	AO2	AO3
1	50	_	-
2	45	_	-
3	5	_	-
Total	100	_	-

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