

Switching to OCR B (Salters) from Pearson

Introduction

We are really excited about our GCE Chemistry B (Salters) qualification. Whether taking on the AS Level or the full A Level, this fantastic course is a great qualification for those with an interest in the subject. Why choose Chemistry B (Salters)?

- Building on our existing popular course of over 20 years, the specification has been updated in consultation with teachers, higher education, learned societies, industry and heavily supported by the University of York Science Education group.
- Chemical concepts (Chemical Ideas) are taught in a spiral curriculum in the context of contemporary Chemical Storylines, underpinning the knowledge and understanding needed for the next generation of chemists.
- Chemistry B (Salters) is enjoyable to teach and learn, giving learners the essentials for chemistry-related higher education courses as well as many transferable, marketable skills, with a strong focus on practical skills and chemical literacy.
- The chemical concepts are clearly presented in the specification, with maths, How Science Works and practical opportunities highlighted throughout, supporting you in your teaching, and linked to our flexible practical assessment model.
- An integrated textbook is available, bringing together the Chemical Ideas and Chemical Storylines, with links to specially developed support resources available through our publishing partner.

Textbook comparison

We have not included a textbook comparison in this switching document as there are a number of textbooks available for each exam board's qualifications, and the order and organisation of content within these textbooks can vary. However, similarities in content across exam boards mean that it is possible to use any textbook for the core content of any board's qualifications. The specification can be used to identify relevant content, as well as that which is not required for a specific qualification. If you need further clarification on any specific content, you can email our Subject Advisor team at <u>science@ocr.org.uk</u>.



Support from OCR

We offer a range of support to teachers of our qualifications. This includes:

- A dedicated Subject Advisor team, with teaching and assessment experience, available to answer your queries and support your delivery of our qualifications. You can contact us by email at science@ocr.org.uk or by phone on 01223 553998.
- Monthly newsletters highlighting new resources, CPD courses, and other news about our qualifications.
- An online scheme of work builder which helps you create a bespoke scheme of work using the extensive range of resources we have provided for each specification.
- A wide range of support materials, including handbooks covering practical and mathematical skills, delivery guides, lesson elements, practical activity suggestions, candidate exemplar resources, and more.
- Free access to ExamBuilder, our mock assessment service that allows you to create your own bespoke assessments.
- Termly regional Science Teacher Networks, giving you the opportunity to meet with other teachers and our Subject Advisors.
- CPD courses, including courses for teachers new to teaching our qualifications and courses on outcomes from previous examination series to help inform your teaching.
- You can also follow and interact with our Subject Advisors on Twitter (@ocr_science).



Key differences

OCR Chemistry B (H033/H433)	Pearson (Edexcel) Chemistry (8CH0/9CH0)
Practical skills take centre stage , detailed in full at the start of the specification in a separate module for clarity and prominence	Core practical activities listed in the specification appendix.
Flexible practical assessment that allows you to use your own practical activities, those provided through our publishing partner or from our range of fully-detailed suggested activities.	A core set of 16 defined practical activities.
The core chemical concepts covered in contemporary contexts with a strong focus on practical skills and chemical literacy development.	The core chemical concepts divided into 19 chemical topics.
Extensive additional guidance throughout the specification, linking opportunities for practical , mathematical and how science works skills to learning outcomes.	Appendices in the specification listing the skills.
All papers assess content from across all teaching modules, providing a thorough test of a candidate's knowledge, understanding and skills.	Division of Organic, Inorganic and Physical Chemistry topics between the papers.
Fewer marks in the AS and A Level assessments , giving learners more time to develop their answers. (AS 140 marks in 180 minutes; A Level 270 marks in 360 minutes) The all–modules A Level paper contributes 26% to the final mark.	20 more marks in AS Level and 30 more marks in A Level compared to OCR Chemistry B. A high weighting of 40% for the all–topics A Level paper.



Content

One of the pillars of the <u>Chemistry B (Salters) specification</u> is that the qualification is taught in a 'context-led' manner. Everyday examples of chemistry in action, as well as modern industrial and other applications of chemistry, are used to set the scene in which the concepts are allowed to unfold.

The specification is divided into a series of modules that are designed to be taught through 'Storylines'. Each Storyline discusses a particular application or series of applications of chemistry. The Chemical Ideas are split across the modules to tie in naturally with the Storylines, rather than being split into related areas of content. This results in a 'spiral curriculum' in which areas of chemistry are revisited and reinforced throughout the course.

To exemplify this structure, the learning outcomes of the *Elements of life* Storyline can be summarised as the following journey from the creation of atoms in the Big Bang to quantitative analysis of solutions:

From the formation of hydrogen, then helium and ultimately the heavier elements in nuclear fusion, the Storyline moves on to atomic structure and then the fundamentals of mass spectrometry. The role of electromagnetic radiation in our analysis of star light is used to introduce the quantum nature of energy in atoms and their detailed electronic structure to the level of orbitals. We then move on to the story of the taming of the elements into the **Periodic Table** and our subsequent ability to make sense of the trends in properties of the elements. Returning to outer space, the nature of the interstellar gas clouds is used to introduce **covalent bonding** and **molecular shape**. Focussing then on a more human scale, the composition of the human body is used to introduce the mole concept, relative masses, and amounts of substance calculations. The nature of chemistry in our bodies such as in our bones and our nervous system provides the context for the properties of ionic substances, including salt formation, structure and solubility. The links between structure and properties is discussed in detail including melting and boiling points, solubility and electrical conductivity. Greater detail of Group 1 and Group 2 elements is then studied, looking at applications of the elements and compounds of the s-block and their property trends such as first ionisation enthalpy, reactivity with water and oxygen, and the stability of the Group 2 carbonates. Finally, the basic nature of Group 2 oxides and hydroxide leads into acid-base chemistry and the introduction of titration techniques and calculations.



From a Chemical Ideas point of view, the weaving of chemical concepts throughout the Storylines can be exemplified by looking at the development of the ideas of structure and properties of materials:

Firstly in *Elements of Life* the properties of **ionic substances in solution**, **ionic equations** and the **bonding in ionic**, **covalent and metallic substances** are studied. Next in *The Ozone Story*, **temporary and permanent dipoles** between molecules are studied in the context of haloalkanes, branching of alkanes and halogens. Further on in *The Ozone Story*, **hydrogen bonds** are studied in various contexts, including the properties of the hydrogen halides and alcohols. Next, *Polymers and Life* introduces the **bonding in protein structures**, leading on to **molecular recognition** in enzyme active sites. Finally, in *Colour By Design*, many aspects of structure and properties are summarised in the study of bonding dyes to fibres, covering **ionic**, **covalent**, **hydrogen and the dipole bonds**.



Summary of content by Storyline

AS Topics / First year A Level Topics	Second year A Level topics
Flowerte of life (FL)	The chemical inductor (CI)
Elements of life (EL)	The chemical industry (CI)
atomic structure, atomic spectra and electron	aspects of nitrogen chemistry
configurations	kinetics
fusion reactions	equilibrium and equilibrium constant
mass spectrometry and isotopes	calculations
the periodic table and Group 2 chemistry	effects of factors on the rate and equilibrium yields
bonding and the shapes of molecules	of reactions; consideration of the best conditions for
chemical equations and amount of substance	an industrial process
(moles)	analysis of costs, benefits and risks of industrial
ions: formulae, charge density, tests	processes
synthesis of soluble and insoluble salts	
titrations and titration calculations	
Developing fuels (DF)	Polymers and life (PL)
thermochemistry	condensation polymers
organic chemistry: names and combustion of	organic functional groups
alkanes, alkenes, alcohols	amines and amides
heterogeneous catalysis	acid-base equilibria
reactions of alkenes	amino acid and protein chemistry
addition polymers	optical isomerism
electrophilic addition	enzyme catalysis and molecular recognition
gas volume calculations	the structure and function of DNA and RNA
shapes of organic molecules, σ - and π -bonds	structural analysis
structural and E/Z isomers	
dealing with polluting gases	
Elements from the sea (ES)	Oceans (O)
halogen chemistry	dissolving and associated enthalpy changes
redox chemistry and electrolysis	the greenhouse effect
equilibrium and equilibrium constant	acid–base equilibria and pH
atom economy	solubility products
	entropy



AS Topics / First year A Level Topics	Second year A Level topics
The ozone story (OZ)	Developing metals (DM)
composition by volume of gases	redox titrations
the electromagnetic spectrum and the	cells and electrode potentials
interaction of radiation with matter	d-block chemistry
rates of reaction	colorimetry
radical reactions	
intermolecular bonding	
haloalkanes	
nucleophilic substitution reactions	
the sustainability of the ozone layer	
What's in a medicine (WM)	Colour by design (CD)
the chemistry of the –OH group, phenols and	the chemical origins of colour in organic
alcohols	compounds
carboxylic acids and esters	aromatic compounds and their reactions
mass spectrometry and IR spectroscopy	dyes and dyeing
organic synthesis, preparative techniques and	diazonium compounds
thin layer chromatography	fats and oils
green chemistry	gas–liquid chromatography
	carbonyl compounds and their reactions
	organic synthesis and polyfunctional compounds

Content in OCR Chemistry B not in Edexcel Chemistry:

- relating global warming to greenhouse gas IR absorption
- preparing hydrogen halides
- the use of chlorine in water treatment
- colorimetry
- reaction of alcohols with hydrochloric acid
- dehydration of alcohols to form alkenes
- azo dye formation
- reactions of carboxylic acids with metals
- sulfonation of aromatics
- ozone depletion
- reactions of phenols with alkalis, iron(III) chloride, acyl chlorides and dilute nitric acid
- structure and properties of fats and oils
- recognising and naming acid anhydrides



- proteins, protein structure and protein hydrolysis
- properties and uses of phenols
- pharmacological activity of compounds
- rusting and prevention (electrochemical explanations)

Content in Edexcel Chemistry not in OCR Chemistry B:

- column chromatography
- trend in stabilities of group 1 carbonates and group 1 and 2 nitrates
- halogens trend in electronegativity
- stereoisomerism in transition metal complexes
- ligand substitution reactions in the transport of oxygen
- precipitation reactions as acid-base equilibria
- formation of carboxylic acids from acyl chlorides
- reaction of alcohols with PCI₅
- reduction of aromatic nitro compounds
- reduction of nitriles
- formation of secondary amines from amines
- reduction of carbonyl compounds to form alcohols
- reaction of carboxylic acids with PCI₅
- formation of diols from alkenes
- formation of alkenes from haloalkanes
- reaction of haloalkanes with cyanide ions
- reaction of phenol with bromine
- testing for a methyl carbonyl group
- use of plane-polarised light to identify optical isomers
- fractional distillation of crude oil
- using intermolecular forces and packing to explain boiling point trends of alkanes
- relating the properties of polymers to their uses
- issues involved in chiral synthesis
- basic principles of combinatorial chemistry
- Grignard reagents
- Born-Haber cycles
- calculating free energy changes
- partial pressure
- *K*_p



- effect of changes in concentration on K_c
- sketching pH curves and selecting indicators
- working out pK_a from pH curves
- hydrogen fuel cells

Please note: the original specifications should be used as the definitive source of qualification content.



Assessment – AS Level

OCR Chemistry B (Salters) (H033)	Pearson (Edexcel) (8CH0)
AS Paper 1: Foundations of chemistry All teaching modules 70 marks, 50% of AS Level Written paper – 1 hour 30 minutes	AS Paper 1: Core Inorganic and Physical Chemistry, Topics 1–5 & practical skills 80 marks , 50% of AS Level Written paper – 1 hour 30 minutes
Section A: multiple choice questions, 20 marks. Section B: includes short answer question styles (structured questions, problem solving, calculations, practical) and extended response questions, 50 marks.	The paper may include multiple-choice, short open, open-response, calculations and extended writing questions.
AS Paper 2: Chemistry in depth All teaching modules 70 marks, 50% of AS Level Written paper – 1 hour 30 minutes	AS Paper 2: Core Organic and Physical Chemistry: Topics 2, 5–10 & practical skills 80 marks, 50% of AS Level Written paper – 1 hour 30 minutes
Includes short answer (structured questions, problem solving, calculations, practical) and extended response questions, including those marked using Level of Response mark schemes.	The paper may include multiple-choice, short open, open-response, calculations and extended writing questions.



Assessment – A Level

OCR Chemistry B (Salters) (H433)	Pearson (Edexcel) (9CH0)
A Level Paper 1: Fundamentals of chemistry: All teaching modules 110 marks, 41% of A Level Written paper – 2 hours 15 minutes	A Level Paper 1: Advanced Inorganic and Physical Chemistry: Topics 1–5, 8, 10–15 90 marks, 30% of A Level Written paper – 1 hour 45 minutes
Section A: multiple choice questions, 30 marks. Section B: includes short answer question styles (structured questions, problem solving, calculations, practical) and extended response questions, 80 marks	The paper may include multiple-choice, short open, open-response, calculations and extended writing questions.
A Level Paper 2: Scientific literacy in chemistry: All teaching modules 100 marks, 37% of A Level Written paper – 2 hours 15 minutes	A Level Paper 2: Advanced Organic and Physical Chemistry, Topics 2, 3, 5–7, 9, 16–19 90 marks, 30% of A Level Written paper – 1 hour 45 minutes
A particular emphasis is placed on scientific literacy and the exam paper includes a pre- release Advance Notice article worth 20 to 25 marks. Question styles include short answer (structured questions, problem solving, calculations, practical) and extended response questions.	The paper may include multiple-choice, short open, open-response, calculations and extended writing questions.



OCR Chemistry B (Salters) (H433)	Pearson (Edexcel) (9CH0)
A Level Paper 3: Practical skills in	A Level Paper 3: General and Practical
chemistry: All teaching modules	Principles in Chemistry: All topics &
60 marks, 22% of A Level	practical skills
Written paper – 1 hour	120 marks, 40% of A Level
	Written paper – 2 hours 30 minutes
A particular emphasis is placed on practical	
skills and the exam paper includes a	The paper may include short open, open-
practical insert. Question styles include short	response, calculations and extended writing
answer (structured questions, problem	questions.
solving, calculations, practical) and extended	
response questions.	
Practical Endorsement in chemistry	Practical Endorsement in chemistry
Separately reported non-exam assessment,	Separately reported non-exam assessment,
with candidates demonstrating competence	with candidates demonstrating competence
in a range of skills and techniques, in a	in a range of skills and techniques, in a
minimum of 12 assessed practical activities.	minimum of 12 assessed practical activities.
Teacher assessment against the Common	Teacher assessment against the Common
Practical Assessment Criteria.	Practical Assessment Criteria.



Want to switch to OCR?

If you're an OCR-approved centre, all you need to do is download the specification and start teaching.

Your exams officer can complete an <u>expression of interest form</u> which enables us to provide appropriate support to them. When you're ready to enter your students, you just need to speak to your exams officer to:

- 1. Make estimated entries by 10 October so we can send you any early release materials, prepare the question papers and ensure we've got enough examiners.
- 2. Make final entries by 21 February

If you are not already an OCR-approved centre please refer your exams officer to the <u>centre</u> <u>approval section</u> of our admin guide.

Practical Endorsement Administration (A Level only)

The requirements for the Practical Endorsement have been set by the Department for Education and Ofqual working with all awarding bodies to ensure a common approach. Just as when following the Edexcel A Level Chemistry qualification, your A Level learners studying OCR Chemistry B (Salters) will need to demonstrate to you, their teacher(s), that they are competent in each of the skills and techniques defined for A Level chemists, and are consistently and routinely demonstrating competence against the Common Practical Assessment Criteria (CPAC).

You will need to:

- Keep records of carrying out practical activities as well as your assessment of competence of each of your learners in each of these skills and techniques. This can be done using our popular <u>OCR PAG tracker spreadsheet</u>. Centres have found the tracker helpful and easy to use, and updated improved versions are available from September 2016.
- Designate a 'Lead Teacher' who will need to make sure that they have completed the online Lead Teacher training
- Email us at <u>science@ocr.org.uk</u> to let us know you've started teaching the qualification. This will make sure we have up-to-date information on your centre for planning monitoring visits. When a monitoring visit takes place at your centre for



Chemistry it will be carried out by an OCR-appointed monitor applying the criteria agreed across all awarding organisations. Up-to-date details on the monitoring process are available on the <u>Positive about practical</u> page.

Learners need to keep records of their practical work, which can be done in whatever format best suits you and your learners, be it a lab book, a loose leaf folder or an electronic record. Help, guidance and training are available from our <u>Positive about practical page</u>.

Next steps

- Familiarise yourself with the specification, sample assessment materials and teaching resources on the <u>OCR Chemistry B (Salters)</u> qualification page (Assessment Preparation) of the OCR website.
- Browse the <u>online delivery guides</u> for teaching ideas and use the <u>Scheme of work</u> <u>builder</u> to create your personal scheme of work.
- Speak to your exams officer to <u>get a login</u> for our secure extranet, <u>Interchange</u> this allows you to access the latest past/practice papers and use our results analysis service, <u>Active Results</u>.
- 4. Sign up to receive <u>subject updates</u> by email.
- 5. Sign up to attend a <u>training event</u> or take part in webinars on specific topics running throughout the year or our Q&A webinar sessions every half term.
- 6. Attend one of our free teacher network events that are run in each English region every term. These are hosted at the end of the school day in a school or college, with teachers sharing good practice and Subject Advisors on hand to lead discussion and answer questions.
- 7. Follow us on Twitter (<u>@ocr_science</u>) where you can have discussions with other teachers and OCR Subject Advisors, and where new resources are developed and posted first.