# Unit Y103: England 1199–1272

Note: Based on 3x 50 minute lessons per week

Terms based on 6 term year.

| **Key Topic** | **Term** | **Week Number** | **Indicative Content** | **Extended Content** | **Resources** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **John and Normandy** | 1 | 1 | The nature of the Anglo-Norman and Angevin inheritance | * legitimacy, lines of succession and relations between the kingdoms of Normandy, Anjou and Aquitaine * governance and relations between England and Normandy including John’s previous role * nature of the Anglo-Norman nobility * feudal obligations between the Angevin, French and papacy * attitude and actions of Philip Augustus before John’s succession * extent of the problems John faced upon succession | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
| 1 | 1 | Causes of conflict | * rivalry and ambition of Philip of France * French support for Arthur against John * John’s desire to secure Angevin inheritance beyond Normandy * marriage to Isabelle of Angouleme and reactions of Hugh of Lusignan | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |

| **Key Topic** | **Term** | **Week Number** | **Indicative Content** | **Extended Content** | **Resources** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 1 | 2 | Nature and course of the conflict with France over Normandy | * areas of conflict and the conduct of war * alliances, treaties and concessions * role of the Anglo-Norman barons and knights * impact of events in Aquitaine, Anjou, Brittany and Flanders on the Norman situation * the Treaty of Le Goulet * revolt of the Lusignans * significance of victory at Mirebeau * murder of Arthur * extent of success or disaster by 1202 * effect of the death of Eleanor of Aquitaine * nature of shifting allegiances and feudal obligations * the significance of the fall of Chateau Gaillard and Rouen | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
| 1 | 3 | Reasons for the loss of Normandy | * John’s personality, ruthlessness and poor decisions * alienation of the barons, distrust of John and support for Philip * impact of John’s support for the Count of Toulouse and suspicion over connections to Cathar heretics * financial problems * nature of feudalism and conflicting loyalties * duplicity and skill of Philip in exploiting the situation | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
| 1 | 3 | Impact of the loss of Normandy | * damage to John’s reputation and conceptions of his kingship * persistent ambition to reclaim inheritance * exile of Anglo-Norman or French nobles to England and provision of land (e.g. Peter de Maulay, Girard d’Athée, and Fawkes de Bréauté) * appointment of Peter des Roches as Bishop of Winchester | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
| **The Baronial Rebellion of 1215** | 1 | 4 | Nature of the government of England | * the Norman-Angevin legacy and continuation of ministeriales * nature of kingship and relations with the nobles * role of William Marshall and professional administrators * finance, taxation and scutage * structure of government (Exchequer, Chancellor, Justiciar, sheriffs, royal income) * structure of administration and justice, the court system * extent of law and order * governance during royal absence * relations with the church and appointment of bishops | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
| 1 | 5 | Causes of tension and conflict between John and the barons | * John’s presence in England and methods of rule * attempts to regain the Angevin inheritance in France and demands for service or scutage * impact of events at Poitou (1206) * heavy tax burden and financial exploitation * feudal rights, precedence and English tradition * royal justice * treatment of the barons, such as Geoffrey de Mandeville and the Briouze family * alienation of loyal nobles such as William Marshall * resentment of land and privileges to Norman exiles * threat of rebellion in Wales and Ireland * John’s aim of an inquest into land and forests * effect of the Albigensian Crusades, apparent support for heresy and views of John as the anti-Christ * apocalyptic preaching of Peter of Wakefield and execution * impact of John’s relations with the Church * effect of alliance with Otto of Brunswick and impact of disaster at Bouvines (1214) | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
| 1 | 6 | Nature and extent of baronial opposition and rebellion | * the key areas of rebellion and opposition * role of London and municipal authorities of Bury St Edmunds and St Albans * plots to kill John and fleeing of Robert fitzWalter and Eustace de Vescy * role of the ‘Northerners’ 1212-13, the march on Wallingford and the Council of Oxford * linking of grievances of clergy and barons and support for exiled clergy under Stephen Langton * planned support for Simon de Montfort amongst barons * effect of John’s settlement with the Church (1213) * Robert fitz Walter’s role as rebel commander * baronial repudiation of homage * the seizure of London * reasons for the war restarting after Magna Carta | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
| 1 | 7 | The development, content and significance of the Magna Carta | * reference to precedents set by Edward the Confessor and Henry I’s coronation charter * contemporary models of charters for communal self-government (Bayonne, Statute of Pamiers) * the ‘Unknown Charter’ * role of Stephen Langton * meetings between king and barons at Brackley, negotiation and legal terminology * baronial committee of 25 and drafting of the ‘Articles of the Barons’ * issue of Magna Carta at Runnymede in June 1215 * the articles, range of issues and language of the Magna Carta extent of precedence , ‘tradition’ and conservatism rather than innovation and radicalism | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
| **John and the Church** | 2 | 8 | Structure and administration of the English Church | * relations between King and Church, tradition and practice * feudal dues and monasteries on royal land * role of the Archbishop of Canterbury and his relationship with the bishops * administration of church law * appointment of bishops * role of Hubert Walter and Stephen Langton * John’s involvement in Church affairs and exploitation | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
| 2 | 8 | Relations between John and Innocent III | * reasons for the breakdown of relations * character of Pope Innocent III * exile of Stephen Langton * the Interdict * reasons for excommunication * return of Langton * nature of John’s acceptance of England as a papal fief (1213) | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
| 2 | 9 | Impact of papal conflict on John’s kingship | * effect of the Interdict and exile of bishops * John’s reputation * support of the clergy for the rebels under Langton * charter for free elections to the church * pledge to go on crusade and attempts to gain papal protection * papal quashing of Magna Carta | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *King John,* Holt * *King John,* Turner * *King John,* Warren |
|  | 2 | 10 |  |  |  |

# Unit Y106: British Period Study: England 1216–1272

| **Key Topic** | **Term** | **Week Number** | **Indicative Content** | **Extended Content** | **Resources** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **The minority and early years of the reign of Henry III 1216–1232** | 3 | 11 | Nature of the succession and securing of peace by 1217 | * John’s instructions and the executors of his inheritance * nature of the coronation at Gloucester * role of William Marshall as Regent and Cardinal Guala Bicchieri * nature of the Church’s protection of the English Crown and relations with Pope Honorius III * seriousness of the problem between rebels and royalists in 1216: * Louis of France and extent of French control * impact of foreign mercenaries and French patrols in the Channel * the northern rebels * shifting allegiance of the rebels such as the younger Marshalls * nature and impact of success against the rebels: * reasons for success * strategy of William Marshall * role of Ranulf of Chester, Hubert de Burgh and Richard of Chilham * significance of the battle at Lincoln * defeat of the French navy near Sandwich * Louis’ withdrawal and the Treaty of Lambeth (Sept 1217) * significance and effect of the reissue of Magna Carta in 1216 and 1217 |  |
| 2 | 12 | Regency government and administration | * structure and scope of the Regency council * limits and extent of Henry’s role and participation * leadership of William Marshall and impact of his death in 1219 * character and actions of the early triumvirate of Peter des Roches, William Marshall and papal legate, Pandulph * significance of Henry’s second coronation at Canterbury (1220) * significance and effect of Hubert de Burgh on the affairs of state: * restoration of administration such as the assize courts and Court of Exchequer * diplomacy with France and the Welsh princes * economic considerations * relations with Henry * issue of Gascony * relations with the Church * nature of royal or Regency and local administration in terms of: * councils, political involvement and representation * taxation (decisions, collection) * law and order * land disputes * military recruitment * trade * role of foreigners, merchants and Jews * nature, significance and effect of the reissue of the Charter of the Forest and revision of Magna Carta in 1225 * significance of the council at Oxford 1227 | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| 2 | 13 | Rebellion, war and opposition | * Causes, nature and extent of challenges to Henry and the Regency government: * baronial rivalry and disputes * rebellion in the 1220s , de Breauté and the siege of Bedford * the Welsh princes and Llywelyn the Great * significance of the fall of La Rochelle (1224) and campaign in Gascony (1225) * war with France(1230) * rebellion of 1231-2, Richard Marshall and Richard of Cornwall * differing priorities and the control of Hubert de Burgh * social and economic problems * reasons for success and failure with internal and external challenges * nature and extent of stability and the Plantagenet domain by 1232 * quarrel at Woodstock and imprisonment of de Burgh | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| 3 | 14 | Role of the Church in the development of English government | * financial support and papal protection of the Crown * growing residency of papal nuncios * end of trial by ordeal and replacement with trial by jury, growth of canon law and the legal profession * effect of diocesan and parochial administration * Langton’s support for the arrival of the mendicant orders: effect of the Dominicans and Franciscans on political thought and action * involvement in the great council and revision of Magna Carta of 1225, Langton’s threat of excommunication for violators | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| **Henry’s rule 1232–1258** | 3 | 15 | The transition to personal rule 1232-34 | * Great Council at Westminster and attitudes towards Peter des Roches * rebellion and relations with Richard Marshall * Henry’s prevarication, pilgrimage to East Anglia and the threats of deposition and excommunication * significance of the Great Council at Gloucester | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| 3 | 15 | Nature of Henry’s kingship | * character, personal rule and style of kingship * use of imagery, pageantry and divinity * Plantagenet imperial vision and extent to which continental interests reflected domestic or foreign policy * marriage to Eleanor of Provence and its impact * Henry’s piety: rebuilding of Westminster Abbey, ‘taking the cross’, adoration of the Virgin Mary, cult of saints and Edward the Confessor * policy towards the Jews | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| 3 | 16 | Government and administration | * confirmation of Magna Carta in 1237 * nature, organisation and effect of royal and local government in terms of: * councils, political involvement and representation * taxation (decisions, types, collection) * law and order * land disputes, escheats, wardships * military recruitment * trade, merchants and Jews * relations with the Church * role of foreigners such as the Poitevins and Savoyards * impact of war, rebellion and opposition * role of Peter des Roches, Peter des Rivaux and Alexander de Swereford * Ralph Neville as Lord Chancellor and clash with Robert Grosseteste | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| 3 | 17 | Challenges to the Crown | * reactions to Simon de Montfort’s marriage to Eleanor of Leicester * policies and conciliation with the Welsh * Henry’s aims and concerns in terms of: * continental possessions and Plantagenet inheritance * gaining revenue for war with France * involvement in crusade * nature of constitutional bargains since 1225 * relations with the papacy: Council of Lyons (1245) and the Sicilian affair * causes of tension by 1258: * war with France and Henry’s absence * the Lusignans and Poitevins * Queen Eleanor and the Savoyards * rebellion in Gascony * Henry’s financial demands and ineptitude * role of Edward, his self-assertion and marriage to Eleanor of Castile | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| 3 | 18 | Role and nature of the English nobility and baronial class | * comparative nature of government and noble families in the localities * chivalric and noble values: tournaments, romance literature, development of castles and estates, French as the language of court * Wales and the Marches: * instability, ‘partability’ and fratricidal struggle in Wales * impact of the death of Llewelyn the Great (1240) * the Four Cantrefs, city of Chester and ‘anglicisation’ * independence of the Marcher lords * role of families such as the Mortimer, Clare, Lacy, Braose (Briouze) * military experience and development of noble support for Edward * influence of positions such as the Earls of Gloucester, Norfolk and Leicester | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| **Political Crisis 1258–1263** | 3 | 19 | Causes of the crisis | * the rise of English national consciousness and attitudes towards foreigners * extent to which the desire for constitutional reform reflected change in social conditions and gentrification * war and relations with France * actions of individuals such as Henry, Edward and de Montfort * comparative cause of tension and continuation of the crisis 1258-63 | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| 3 | 19 | Nature of political challenges and the course of events | * the presentation and nature of baronial demands and expectations, involvement and extent of support for political reform: * self-seeking and unprincipled or coherent and enlightened * whether constitutional proposals were in advance of 1215 * complexity of royalist support with desire for reform * baronial rivalry and familial priorities * relations between de Montfort and Edward * physical force, threat and negotiation * effect and significance of events or individuals on royal and local government or the extent of political tension: * confrontation at Westminster in 1258 * role of Simon de Montfort, the Bigods and de Clare * Provisions of Oxford (1258) * judicial inquiry and duties imposed on knights of the shire * Provisions of Westminster (1259) * Treaty of Paris (1259) and Henry’s homage to Louis IX * role of Eleanor and her relations with Edward * the crisis of 1260 * papal dispensation * expulsion of the Poitevins and ‘statute against aliens’ * change and continuity in terms of demands and provisions with previous practice, reforms and Magna Carta | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| 4 | 20 | Effect of the crisis by 1260-1263 | * methods by which Henry regained the initiative and extent of royal authority * dissension and chaos in the Welsh Marches 1262–1263 * comparative impact on the localities * familial and baronial relations, disagreement and attitudes to reform | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| **Simon de Montfort, civil war and reconstruction 1263–1272** | 4 | 21 | Role of Simon de Montfort | * character, upbringing, military experience and reputation * relations with Henry prior to 1263 * his role in Gascony * reasons for the growth of his opposition to Henry * involvement and leadership in the confrontation at Westminster and provisions of 1258-9 * extent and nature of support for de Montfort during the provisions (1258-9), the circumstances of his seizure of power (1263) and the course of the second Barons’ War * relations with Edward | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| 4 | 22 | The course of the Second Barons’ War and nature of English government | * circumstances leading to the Battle of Lewes (1264), its course and effect: * nature of the support for the rebels under de Montfort * effect and significance of the Mise of Amiens * royalist support and action, and role of Roger Mortimer * the capture of Henry and Edward * Mise of Lewes and formation of government of 1264 * the threat of invasion * the Kenilworth parliament of 1265 * nature of support for de Montfort and parliamentary rule:   baronial reactions to the ‘commoners’  defection of Gilbert de Clare and Llywelyn’s Welsh horsemen  Edward’s escape and military support   * reasons for the royalist victory at the Battle of Evesham (1265) and the defeat of the rebels: * role of Edward * siege of Kenilworth Castle and role of Ottobuono Fieschi * the disinherited, parliament and the Dictum of Kenilworth (1266) * the Statute of Marlborough (1267) * continuity and change in Henry’s attitude to political opposition | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
| 4 | 23 | Reconstruction and recovery | * economic and social impact of civil war and tension * Treaty of Montgomery (1267) and acknowledgement of Llywelyn ap Gruffyd as ‘prince of Wales’ * nature and impact of parliament, legislation and financial developments: * continuity and change in political demands, priorities and negotiations * frequency of parliament * extent of political representation: barons, knights and burgesses * validity and method of the barons’ assertion to be the king’s natural counsellors * the subsidy of 1269–1270 * legal development and practice, Bracton * similarity and difference in the wielding and extent of royal power and authority during Henry’s reign: * differences between theory and practice * how far Henry’s victory after Evesham was complete * continuation of antagonism in the Marches * significance of plans for Edward’s succession | * *OCR A Level History: Late Medieval England 1199–1455*, Holland, Fellows & Dicken. * *The Struggle for Mastery in Britain 1066-1272*, Carpenter * *England and its Rulers, 1066-1272*, Clanchy * *The Governance of Norman and Angevin England 1086-1272*, Warren |
|  | 5 | 24+ | Optional | Revision |  |

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