

Friday 9 June 2017 - Afternoon

GCSE CLASSICAL GREEK

B404/01 Classical Greek Verse Literature

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

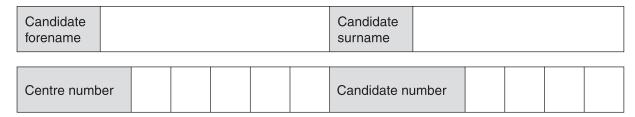
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Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour



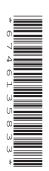


INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Answer either Section A, which starts on page 2, or Section B, which starts on page 14.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do not write in the barcodes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 50.
- This document consists of 24 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



Answer either Section A or Section B.

SECTION A – Homer

Answer all the questions.

Passage A1

Αὐτὰρ ὁ μήνιε νηυσὶ παρήμενος ὠκυπόροισι διογενὴς Πηλῆος υἱός, πόδας ὠκὺς Άχιλλεύς οὕτε ποτ' εἰς ἀγορὴν πωλέσκετο κυδιάνειραν οὕτε ποτ' ἐς πόλεμον, ἀλλὰ φθινύθεσκε φίλον κῆρ αὖθι μένων, ποθέεσκε δ' ἀϋτήν τε πτόλεμόν τε.

Iliad 1, lines 488–492

1	Line 1 (Αὐτὰρ ὠκυπόροισι): Where is Achilles at this point?	
2	In line 2 (διογενὴς Ἄχιλλεύς), how is Achilles described? Make two points. Answer in English.	
	•	
	•	
		[-]
3	In Passage A1, how does Achilles feel?	
		[2]

"Ως φάτο· τὴν δ' οὔ τι προσέφη νεφεληγερέτα Ζεύς, ἀλλ' ἀκέων δὴν ἦστο· Θέτις δ' ὡς ἥψατο γούνων, ὡς ἔχετ' ἐμπεφυυῖα, καὶ εἴρετο δεύτερον αὖτις· "νημερτὲς μὲν δή μοι ὑπόσχεο καὶ κατάνευσον, ἢ ἀπόειπ', ἐπεὶ οὔ τοι ἔπι δέος, ὄφρ' ἐῢ εἰδῶ ὅσσον ἐγὼ μετὰ πᾶσιν ἀτιμοτάτη θεός εἰμι."

Iliad 1, lines 511–516

4		of the following statements about Passage A2 are correct. ck (\checkmark) in each correct box.	
	Α	Thetis begs for Agamemnon to be dishonoured.	
	В	Thetis holds on to Zeus tightly.	
	С	Thetis speaks with a smiling face.	
	D	Zeus is described as the gatherer of the clouds.	
	E	Zeus regards Thetis as the lowest of the gods.	
	F	Zeus sits in silence.	[3]
			[2]

"ἡ δὲ καὶ αὕτως μ' αἰεὶ ἐν ἀθανάτοισι θεοῖσι νεικεῖ, καί τέ μέ φησι μάχη Τρώεσσιν ἀρήγειν. ἀλλὰ σὰ μὲν νῦν αὖτις ἀπόστιχε, μή τι νοήση Ἡρη· ἐμοὶ δέ κε ταῦτα μελήσεται, ὄφρα τελέσσω· εἰ δ' ἄγε τοι κεφαλῆ κατανεύσομαι, ὄφρα πεποίθης·"

Iliad 1, lines 520-524

5	Lines 1–2 (ἡ δὲ ἀρήγειν): Why, according to Zeus, is his wife cross with him?	
		[2]
6	Lines 3–4 (ἀλλὰ σὺ Ἅρη): What is Zeus' reason for telling Thetis to leave?	
		[2]
7	Line 5 (εἰ δ' ἄγε πεποίθης): How does Zeus guarantee his word to Thetis?	
		[1]
8	Where do (a) Zeus and (b) Thetis go off to after their conversation has ended?	
	(a) Zeus:	
	(b) Thetis:	
	\- \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	[1]

"νῦν δ' αἰνῶς δείδοικα κατὰ φρένα μή σε παρείπη ἀργυρόπεζα Θέτις θυγάτηρ ὰλίοιο γέροντος· ἡερίη γὰρ σοί γε παρέζετο καὶ λάβε γούνων· τῆ σ' όἴω κατανεῦσαι ἐτήτυμον ὡς Ἁχιλῆα τιμήσης, ὀλέσης δὲ πολέας ἐπὶ νηυσὶν Ἁχαιῶν."

Iliad 1 lines 555–559

			IIIau I	, intes 555–559	
9	Who is s	speaking?			
	Put a tic	k (✓) in the correct l	OOX.		
	Α	Achilles			
	В	Hera			
	С	Thetis			
	D	Zeus			[1]
10 From lines 1–2 (νῦν δ' αἰν how Thetis is related to th		etis is related to the			
	Greek	wora		English translation	
					[2]

11	In Passage A4, what concerns are expressed by the speaker?
	[3]

"ἀλλ' ἀκέουσα κάθησο, ἐμῷ δ' ἐπιπείθεο μύθῳ, μή νύ τοι οὐ χραίσμωσιν ὅσοι θεοί εἰσ' ἐν Ὀλύμπῳ ἀσσον ἰόνθ', ὅτε κέν τοι ἀάπτους χεῖρας ἐφείω."

Iliad 1, lines 565-567

	Passage A5, show how Zeus imposes his will on his wife. Should make three points and refer to the Greek in your answer.
•	
•	
•	

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.....[6]

"ἦ δὴ λοίγια ἔργα τάδ' ἔσσεται οὐδ' ἔτ' ἀνεκτά, εἰ δὴ σφὼ ἕνεκα θνητῶν ἐριδαίνετον ὧδε, ἐν δὲ θεοῖσι κολωὸν ἐλαύνετον· οὐδέ τι δαιτὸς ἐσθλῆς ἔσσεται ἦδος, ἐπεὶ τὰ χερείονα νικᾳ."

Iliad 1, lines 573–576

13	Translate Passage A6 into English.
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9

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αὐτὰρ ὁ τοῖς ἄλλοισι θεοῖς ἐνδέξια πᾶσιν οἰνοχόει γλυκὺ νέκταρ ἀπὸ κρητῆρος ἀφύσσων ἄσβεστος δ' ἄρ' ἐνῶρτο γέλως μακάρεσσι θεοῖσιν, ὡς ἴδον Ἡφαιστον διὰ δώματα ποιπνύοντα. Ὠς τότε μὲν πρόπαν ἦμαρ ἐς ἠέλιον καταδύντα δαίνυντ', οὐδέ τι θυμὸς ἐδεύετο δαιτὸς ἔῖσης, οὐ μὲν φόρμιγγος περικαλλέος, ἢν ἔχ' Ἀπόλλων, Μουσάων θ', αἳ ἄειδον ἀμειβόμεναι ὀπὶ καλῆ.

Iliad 1, lines 597-604

14 What atmosphere does Homer create for this banquet of the gods?

In your answer you may wish to consider:

- the behaviour of the gods
- · the entertainment provided

You must refer to the **Greek** and discuss any stylistic features such as choice, sound and position of words.

Marks are awarded for the quality of written communication in your answer.	[10]

15	'The gods behave more like human beings than immortals'. To what extent do you think this is true?
	In your answer you should refer to the section of <i>Iliad 1</i> you have studied. You may also refer to the passages printed in the question paper.
	Marks are awarded for the quality of written communication in your answer. [8]

Do not answer Section B if you have already answered Section A.

SECTION B – Euripides

Answer all the questions.

Passage B1

ἡ νεᾶνις ἣ 'νθάδε βωμοῖς παρίστατ', 'Ιφιγένει', ἔξω χθονὸς σὺν τοῖς ξένοισιν οἵχεται, σεμνὸν θεᾶς ἄγαλμ' ἔχουσα· δόλια δ' ἦν καθάρματα.

Iphigenia in Tauris, lines 319-322

16	Lines 1–4 (ἡ νεᾶνις ἄγαλμ' ἔχουσα): What news is the messenger announcing?
	[3]
17	τοῖς ξένοισιν (line 3): Name the two foreigners/strangers.
	[2]
18	δόλια δ' ἦν καθάρματα (line 4): Explain this remark.
	[0]

... ἐσῆλθεν ἡμᾶς μὴ λυθέντες οἱ ξένοι κτάνοιεν αὐτὴν δραπέται τ' οἰχοίατο. φόβῳ δ' ἃ μὴ χρῆν εἰσορᾶν καθήμεθα σιγῆ· τέλος δὲ πᾶσιν ἦν αὑτὸς λόγος στείχειν ἵν' ἦσαν, καίπερ οὐκ ἐωμένοις.

Iphigenia in Tauris, lines 346-350

19	Three of the following statements about Passage B2 are correct.				
	Put a tick				
	Α				
	В				
	С				
	D	The guards were afraid to see something that was forbidden.			
	E	The guards were not allowed to look upon a woman out of doors.			
	F	The guards were unable to agree about what to do next.		·01	
			L	[3]	

ό δ' εἶπ' · Ὀρέστης, τῆσδ' ὅμαιμος, ὡς μάθης, Ἁγαμέμνονος παῖς, τήνδ' ἐμὴν κομίζομαι λαβὼν ἀδελφήν, ἢν ἀπώλεσ' ἐκ δόμων. ἀλλ' οὐδὲν ἦσσον εἰχόμεσθα τῆς ξένης καὶ πρὸς σ' ἔπεσθαι διεβιαζόμεσθά νιν ὅθεν τὰ δεινὰ πλήγματ' ἦν γενειάδων. κεῖνοί τε γὰρ σίδηρον οὐκ εἶχον χεροῖν ἡμεῖς τε · πυγμαί τ' ἦσαν ἐγκροτούμεναι, καὶ κῶλ' ἀπ' ἀμφοῖν τοῖν νεανίαιν ἄμα ἐς πλευρὰ καὶ πρὸς ἦπαρ ἠκοντίζετο, ὡς τῷ ξυνάπτειν καὶ συναποκαμεῖν μέλη.

Iphigenia in Tauris, lines 367-77

20 What does Passage B3 tell us about Orestes' character?

In your answer you may wish to consider:

- what Orestes says
- Orestes' role in the fight

You must refer to the **Greek** and discuss any stylistic features such as choice, sound and position of words.

Marks are awarded for the quality of written communication in your answer.	[10]

ὄχθοις δ' ἐπισταθέντες εὐλαβεστέρως ἐμαρνάμεσθα καὶ πέτρους ἐβάλλομεν. ἀλλ' εἶργον ἡμᾶς τοξόται πρύμνης ἔπι σταθέντες ἰοῖς, ὥστ' ἀναστεῖλαι πρόσω.

Iphigenia in Tauris, lines 381-384

21	Translate Passage B4 into English.
	[5]
Pas	sage B5
	ὖ Λητοῦς κόρη σῷσόν με τὴν σὴν ἱερέαν πρὸς Ἑλλάδα ἐκ βαρβάρου γῆς καὶ κλοπαῖς σύγγνωθ' ἐμαῖς. φιλεῖς δὲ καὶ σὺ σὸν κασίγνητον, θεά· φιλεῖν δὲ κἀμὲ τοὺς ὁμαίμονας δόκει.
	Iphigenia in Tauris, lines 404–408
22	Who is speaking and who is being spoken to?
	[2]

πεπρωμένος γὰρ θεσφάτοισι Λοξίου δεῦρ' ἦλθ' Ὀρέστης, τόν τ' Ἐρινύων χόλον φεύγων ἀδελφῆς τ' Ἄργος ἐσπέμψων δέμας ἄγαλμά θ' ἱερὸν εἰς ἐμὴν ἄξων χθόνα, τῶν νῦν παρόντων πημάτων ἀναψυχάς.

Iphigenia in Tauris, lines 432-436

26	One of the following statements about Passage B6 is correct.					
	Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.					
	Α	Athena is informing Thoas.				
	В	Athena is warning Orestes.				
	С	The messenger is announcing news to Thoas.				
	D	Thoas is instructing his guards.				
			[1]			
27	Who or what sent Orestes to the land of Tauris?					
			[1]			
28		vas Orestes' purpose in coming to the land of Tauris? ould make three points.				
	•					
	•					
	•					
			FO.			

πρὸς μὲν σ' ὅδ' ἡμῖν μῦθος· ὃν δ' ἀποκτενεῖν δοκεῖς Ὀρέστην ποντίω λαβὼν σάλω, ἤδη Ποσειδῶν χάριν ἐμὴν ἀκύμονα πόντου τίθησι νῶτα πορθμεύειν πλάτη.

Iphigenia in Tauris, lines 437-440

29	What is Poseidon required to do to help Orestes?			
	[2			

30 How effectively does Euripides create drama and excitement?

You may also refer to the passages printed in the question paper.

In your answer you should refer to the section of Iphigenia in Tauris you have studied.

Marks are awarded for the quality of written communication in your answer. [8]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additiona must be cle	al space is required, you should use the early shown in the margin(s).	e following lined page(s).	The question number(s)
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