

# F

## Tuesday 23 May 2017 - Morning

## **GCSE LATIN**

**A402/01** Latin Language 2 (History) (Foundation Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

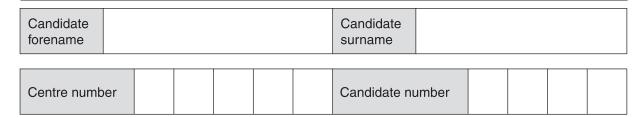
None

Other materials required:

None

**Duration:** 1 hour



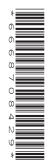


#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- · Use black ink.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the barcodes.

#### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.
- This document consists of 8 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



#### Answer all the questions.

Read Passage A and answer the questions.

#### Passage A

Antony and his new wife Cleopatra prepare war against Octavian and his forces. At the sea battle of Actium, however, they are defeated by Octavian.

Antonius regnum Asiae tenebat. tum Cleopatram, reginam Aegypti, in matrimonium duxit. Cleopatra persuasit ei ut bellum faceret contra Octavianum; nam cupiebat regina Romae esse. sed Octavianus erat imperator audacior quam Antonius atque milites fortiores ducebat.

advenit dies maximi periculi; milites <u>Antonii Octaviani</u>que ad <u>Actium</u> pugnaverunt. ubi mox fugit <u>Cleopatra</u>, <u>Antonius</u> nautas suos reliquit et cum regina ad <u>Aegyptum</u> fugit. <u>Antonius</u> saepe <u>desertores</u> puniverat; nunc ipse <u>desertor exercitus</u> sui fuit.

#### **Names**

Antonius, Antonii (m)
Asia, Asiae (f)
Cleopatra, Cleopatrae (f)
Aegyptus, Aegypti (f)
Cctavianus, Octaviani (m)
Actium, Actii (n)
Antony
Asia
Cleopatra
Egypt
Cotavian
Actium, Actii (n)
Actium

#### Vocabulary

regnum, regni (n)kingdomin matrimonium ducoI marrydesertor, desertoris (m)deserterexercitus, exercitus (m)army

1	Antonius regnum Asiae tenebat (line 1): what are we told about Antony?	
		. [2]
2	reginam <u>Aegypti</u> (line 1): who was Cleopatra?	
		. [1]

3	<u>Cleopatra</u> persuasit ei ut bellum faceret contra <u>Octavianum</u> ; nam cupiebat regina Romae esse (lines 2–3):		
	(a)	what did Cleopatra persuade Antony to do?	
		[2]	
	(b)	what did Cleopatra want to achieve?	
		[1]	
4		Octavianus erat imperator audacior quam Antonius atque milites fortiores ducebat (lines 3–4): t two reasons are given for Octavian's superiority over Antony?	
	•		
	•	[4]	
		.,	
5	adv	enit dies maximi periculi (line 5): how is the day of the battle described?	
		[2]	
6		mox fugit <u>Cleopatra, Antonius</u> nautas suos reliquit et cum regina ad <u>Aegyptum</u> fugit (lines 6–7): t <b>two</b> things did Antony do after Cleopatra fled?	
	•		
	•	[4]	
7		onius saepe <u>desertores</u> puniverat; nunc ipse <u>desertor</u> <u>exercitus</u> sui fuit (line 7): what contrast is ressed here about what Antony had done in the past and what he did now?	
	•	In the past:	
		Now:	
		[4]	

#### Read Passage B.

#### Passage B

Octavian completes his victory over Antony and Cleopatra at the battle of Actium. Antony and Cleopatra commit suicide in different ways. Octavian returns to Rome and becomes sole ruler.

postquam <u>Antonius</u> cum <u>Cleopatra</u> fugit, <u>Octavianus</u> milites <u>Antonii</u> rogabat cur <u>sine</u> duce pugnarent. illi, quod nullam <u>spem</u> victoriae nunc habebant, arma deposuerunt atque <u>Octaviano</u> se tradiderunt.

cum vidisset omnes iam <u>Octaviano favere</u>, <u>Antonius</u> tandem gladio suo se necavit. <u>Cleopatra aspidem</u> ad corpus suum <u>applicavit</u> et <u>veneno</u> eius periit.

tum <u>Octavianus</u> laetus Romam rediit ut summum <u>imperium</u> acciperet. <u>Octavianus</u> tam bene Romam <u>regebat</u> ut cives dicerent eum deum esse.

#### **Names**

Antonius, Antonii (m)

Cleopatra, Cleopatrae (f)

Octavianus, Octaviani (m)

Antony

Cleopatra

Octavian

#### Vocabulary

sine (+ ablative) without spes, spei (f) hope faveo, favere, favi (+ dative) I support aspis, aspidis (f) asp (a type of snake) applico, applicare, applicavi, applicatus I hold, place venenum, veneni (n) poison imperium, imperii (n) power I rule rego, regere, rexi, rectus

8	Translate Passage B into good English.	[40]

## **END OF QUESTION PAPER**

### **ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE**

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).				


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