

Tuesday 23 May 2017 – Morning

GCSE LEISURE AND TOURISM

B181/01 Understanding the Leisure and Tourism Industries

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



| Candidate forename | | | | Candidate surname | | | | |
|--------------------|----|--|--|-------------------|--------------|-------|--|--|
| Centre numb | er | | | | Candidate nu | umber | | |

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do not write in the barcodes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 80.
- The quality of written communication will be taken into account in marking your answer to the question marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document consists of 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



1 (a) There are many varied attractions in the Leisure & Tourism industries.

| Chester Zoo | The British Museum | Canterbury Cathedral | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Brighton Pier | Eden Project | Flamingo Land Theme Park and Zoo | | |
| Portsmouth Historic Dockyard | West Midland Safari Park | Rother Valley Country Park | | |

Fig. 1

| | Idei | ntify from Fig. 1 |
|-----|------|--|
| | (i) | three themed visitor attractions |
| | | |
| | | [3] |
| | (ii) | three cultural attractions |
| | | |
| | | [3] |
| (b) | | door activity centres are in the leisure component of the leisure and tourism industry. ne and describe two activities that take place in an activity centre that you have studied. |
| | Nar | ne of activity centre |
| | Acti | vity 1 |
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| | Acti | vity 2 |
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|) | Discuss how component or | visitor f the inc | attraction dustry. | providers | offer | activities | that | can | also | be | from | the | leisure |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------|------------|------|-----|-------|----|------|-----|---------|
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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | [8] |

2 (a) Holiday parks often have many facilities from different components of the leisure and tourism industries.

Some of these are shown in Fig. 2 below.

| sports centre | log cabins | caravans |
|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| laser tag | ten pin bowling | glamping tents |
| spa | restaurant | outdoor activity centre |

Fig. 2

| Ide | ntify from Fig. 2 | |
|-------|--|-----|
| (i) | two facilities from the leisure component. | |
| | | |
| | | [2] |
| (ii) | two facilities from the accommodation component. | |
| | | |
| | | [2] |
| (iii) | two facilities from the entertainment component. | |
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| (b) | Describe each job role given below. |
|-----|-------------------------------------|
| | Website administrator |
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| | Children's representatives |
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| | [6] |

| (c) | Using one UK based holiday park that you have studied, evaluate its appeal to couples. |
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| | Name of holiday park: |
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| | [8] |

| 3 | (a) | (i) | In which country would you find each of the following cities? | |
|---|-----|------|--|-----|
| | | | Cairo | |
| | | | Hanoi | [2] |
| | | (ii) | Describe why a tourist might visit each of the following destinations. | |
| | | | Barcelona | |
| | | | Kurumathi | |
| | | | | [4] |

Different visitor types often choose different forms of transport.

| (b) | Explain the likely choice of transport for each of the visitor types given in the following situations. |
|-----|---|
| | A group of twelve Japanese tourists who want to see many of the sights of London in one day. |
| | Main methods of transport: |
| | Explanation: |
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| | A family including three children renting a holiday cottage in Mid Wales. |
| | Main methods of transport: |
| | Explanation: |
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| | [6] |

| Discuss how the functional area of finance might assist in the running of a holiday park | | | | | | | |
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4 Refer to Fig. 3.

The table below shows trends in inbound tourism for the period 2011 to 2015 based on the Office for National Statistics International Passenger Survey.

| Year | Number of visits (m) | Spend (£bn) | Average spend per visit £ | Average nights per visit | Nights (m) |
|------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|
| 2011 | 30.8 | 18.0 | 584 | 7.6 | 235 |
| 2012 | 31.1 | 18.6 | 600 | 7.4 | 230 |
| 2013 | 32.7 | 21.3 | 650 | 7.5 | 245 |
| 2014 | 34.4 | 21.9 | 636 | 7.7 | 265 |
| 2015 | 36.1 | 22.1 | 611 | 7.6 | 273 |

In 2015 38% of visits to the UK were for a holiday, whilst 25% were for business. Trips to visit friends or relatives (VFR) account for the largest share of nights 39%

Fig. 3

(a) Using Fig. 3. Identify two further upward trends given by the statistics.

| Trends | 1 |
|--------------------------|---|
| Number of visits | 1 |
| Spend | |
| Average spend per visit | |
| Average nights per visit | |
| Nights | |

[2]

| (b) | Describe two trends shown in Fig. 3. | |
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| | | [4] |
| (c) | (i) Explain why inbound visits to the UK might be increasing. | |
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| | | [3] |
| | (ii) Explain why VFR nights account for the largest share of nights spent by tourists. | |
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| | | [3] |

| (d) | Inbound tourism is important for the development of all areas of leisure and tourism in the UK. |
|-----|---|
| | Explain the importance of encouraging foreign tourists to come and visit the UK. |
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END OF QUESTION PAPER

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

| If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s). | | |
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