

# OCR

Oxford Cambridge and RSA

## Monday 15 May 2017 – Afternoon

### GCSE SOCIOLOGY

#### B671/01 Sociology Basics

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

**OCR supplied materials:**

None

**Other materials required:**

None

**Duration:** 1 hour



Candidate forename		Candidate surname	
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Centre number						Candidate number				
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#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the barcodes.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **60**.
- You will be awarded marks in Questions 5 and 9 for the quality of written communication in your answer.
- This document consists of **12** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

## SECTION A – Research methods and evidence

Answer **all** the questions.

**Source A: Where do people meet their relationship partners in 2016?**

A social survey that randomly sampled 100 people in a shopping centre in Barnsley town centre.

WHERE MET	AGE OF PERSON			
	Under 18	19–30	31–50	51+
Pub or nightclub	9%	15%	19%	8%
Social event i.e. a party	18%	30%	12%	20%
Social media	58%	36%	19%	7%
Dating websites	11%	17%	41%	49%
Other	4%	2%	9%	16%

(Some results from the survey, 2016)

**Source B: Extract from a teenage girl's diary entry on social media and relationships.**

I can't believe how much social media there is today and how many different things it's used for. I use it for finding out information, communication, entertainment, music, celebrity gossip and to meet new people. My aunt met her husband using social media and I met my boyfriend that way too, so it must be the most popular way to start a relationship now. In my maths lesson last week, I asked my friends questions about where they met their girlfriends and boyfriends. I was really surprised because none of them said they met using social media. I don't think I believe them though. My maths teacher was listening to us and he said most people meet their partners at parties. I know that isn't true because I've never met anyone that way.

(Adapted from Amy's diary, 2017)

1 Using **Source A** to help you, state whether the following statements (**a–d**) are **true** or **false**.

Circle the correct answer like this:

TRUE    FALSE

or

TRUE     FALSE

(a) Source A shows that most 19–30 year olds meet their partners at a social event.

TRUE    FALSE [1]

(b) The method used to conduct the research was primary.

TRUE    FALSE [1]

(c) The sample used in Source A was systematic.

TRUE    FALSE [1]

(d) The data gathered from Source A was qualitative.

TRUE    FALSE [1]

2 Identify and explain **two** reasons why the research in **Source A** might **not** be useful for investigating how **all** people in the UK meet their relationship partners.

1 .....

.....

.....

.....

2 .....

.....

.....

.....

[4]





A series of 25 horizontal dotted lines spanning the width of the page, intended for handwriting practice.

## SECTION B – Key Concepts in Sociology

Answer **all** the questions.

6 Look at the diagram below.

Match the key sociological concept with an arrow to the correct definition. The first one is done for you. There are more definitions than concepts.

Key concept	Definition
Masculinity	Acting in a way that society thinks is typically male behaviour
Values	The places or groups of people responsible for teaching individuals correct norms, values and behaviour.
Informal social control	General ideas about what is right and wrong and what is worth striving for
Agents of socialisation	Written rules and laws enforced by powerful agents in society
Primary socialisation	Controlling people's behaviour in an unofficial way
	Learning the correct behaviour, norms and values during early childhood

[4]

Source C: Groups of people in society



A punk



A male



A peer group

7 Source C shows three different groups of people.

(a) Identify **one** example of a subculture shown in Source C.

..... [1]

(b) Identify **one** other example of a subculture **not** shown in Source C.

..... [1]

(c) Identify and describe **two** features of a stereotypically feminine identity.

1 .....

.....

.....

.....

2 .....

.....

.....

.....

[4]



(d) Identify and explain **one** way the media socialises individuals into their gender identity.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]

8 (a) Identify and explain **two** ways that religion can affect an individual's identity.

1 .....

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

2 .....

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [4]

(b) Identify and describe **one** way that status can be achieved.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]





**ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE**

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).

A large rectangular area with a vertical solid line on the left side and horizontal dotted lines across the rest of the page, providing space for writing answers.



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