

GCSE

Further Additional Science B

Unit B762/01: Modules B6, C6, P6 (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2017

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations used in scoris

Annotation	Meaning
✓	correct response
×	incorrect response
BOD	benefit of the doubt
NBOD	benefit of the doubt <u>not</u> given
ECF	error carried forward
^	information omitted
I	ignore
R	reject
CON	contradiction

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

- / = alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
- (1) = separates marking points
- **allow** = answers that can be accepted
- **not** = answers which are not worthy of credit
- **reject** = answers which are not worthy of credit
- **ignore** = statements which are irrelevant
- () = words which are not essential to gain credit
 - = underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark (although not correctly spelt unless otherwise stated)
- ecf = error carried forward
- AW = alternative wording
- ora = or reverse argument

MARK SCHEME

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1 a	flagellum (1)	1	allow answer ringed, underlined or ticked more than one answer= 0
b	(viruses are)	2	assume unqualified answer refers to viruses allow reverse arguments
	not living (1)		
	smaller (1)		
			allow viruses cannot be treated with antibiotics (1)
			allow higher level answers:
			viruses have a protein coat (1) (only) reproduce inside living cells (1)
С		2	allow bacteria for pathogen
	so viruses or pathogens do not go into the air (1)		allow to stop spreading the viruses or pathogens(1) ignore to stop from spreading the cold or germs
	idea to avoid infecting someone else / so no one else breathes in viruses or pathogens(1)		allow idea that it stops other people coming into contact with the viruses or pathogens(1)
			ignore just 'colds can be caught'
	Total	5	

Qu	esti	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	а	i	beetle (1)	1	
		ii	nematode (worms) / springtails (1)	1	allow worms ignore earthworms
		iii	nematode (worms) / springtails (1)	1	allow worms ignore earthworms
	b	i		2	ignore references to decay
			improve soil structure (1)		
			improve fertility (1)		allow add nutrients / minerals / to the soil (1) ignore adds compost
					allow any two higher level answers: neutralise acid soil (1) mix up (soil) layers <i>I</i> mix up soil(1) improve aeration / increase the air content (1) improve drainage (1)
		ii	decomposers / bacteria / fungi (1)	2	ignore recycled
			break down / rot / decay / decompose (1)		ignore turns into compost
			Total	7	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	[Level 3] Description of how yeast reproduces AND a full description of fermentation AND suggests a reason for temperature. Quality of written communication does not impede communication of the science at this level. (5 – 6 marks) [Level 2] Description of how yeast reproduces AND a partial description of fermentation AND suggests a reason for temperature.	6	 This question is targeted at grades up to E Indicative scientific points may include: reproduction reproduces asexually reproduces by budding ignore split in two
	Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of the science at this level. (3 – 4 marks) [Level 1] Description of how yeast reproduces OR a partial description of fermentation OR suggests a reason for temperature. Quality of written communication impedes communication of the science at this level. (1 – 2 marks)		 chemical reaction (beer production) involves fermentation or anaerobic respiration not aerobic respiration breaks down or uses sugar or glucose or C₆H₁₂O₆ in absence of oxygen / O₂ produces alcohol / ethanol / C₂H₅OH produces carbon dioxide / CO₂
	[Level 0] Insufficient or irrelevant science. Answer not worthy of credit. (0 marks)		 temperature between 20°C and 25°C best or optimum temperature to make beer activity of yeast is at its highest / reproduce faster idea that at higher temperatures enzymes denature Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris; do not use ticks.
	Total	6	

Questio	n		Answer	Marks	Guidance
4 a		number of	f new varieties approved for testing:	2	
			up until 2002 (1) d after 2002 (1)		allow increased up until 1995 (1)
b		Clare (1)		2	1 mark for description with no years If name other than Clare then zero for question
5		. ,	he graph is (only) about testing (1)		
		Decause i	The graph is (only) about testing (1)		
С	i	resistance	e to pests and infections (1)	1	allow other unambiguous indication, e.g. underlining more than one answer = 0 marks
	ii	·	d up to) 27(%) / + + 5 =) 27(%) (1)	1	allow reference to all the resistance figures adding up to more than the herbicide tolerance / 24%allow idea that the total of the resistance figures is the largest percentage
d				1	
		3	cut open the DNA of a new plant		
		(1)	identify the desired gene in a plant		
		4	insert the desired gene into the DNA		
		2	remove the desired gene from the DNA		
		(5)	the desired gene works in the new plant		
		all correct	(1)		
		Total		7	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5 a	any two from:	2	ignore just data from table unless qualified
	idea of non-polluting or harmless waste product (1)		allow product or water can be used for drinking (1) ignore just 'water is made'
	low mass (1)		allow lightweight (1) allow only 30kg (1) ignore small / compact
	high efficiency (1)		allow idea of good efficiency (1)
b	any two from:	2	ignore just data from table unless qualified
	high (operating) temperature (1)		allow (operating) temperature above room temperature (1)
	low voltage produced (1)		allow only 0.9V(1) ignore not enough power
	idea that hydrogen not easy to make / not cheap to make (1)		allow hydrogen or oxygen must be transported with the spacecraft (1) ignore idea of heavy fuel
C	$2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$ correct formulae (1) balancing - conditional on correct formulae (1)	2	allow any correct multiple including fractions e.g. $4H_2 + 2O_2 \rightarrow 4H_2O$ (2) allow = or \Rightarrow for arrow not 'and' or & for +
	Total	6	allow one mark for correct balanced equation with minor errors in case, subscript and superscript e.g. $2h2 + O^2 \rightarrow 2H_2o$ (1)

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6 a	C and D (1) But	2	Both need for mark
	C removes red paint and D removes green paint both without damaging the shirt (2)		allow C and D because they remove both paints or colours without damaging the shirt (2)
b		2	all three correct (2) one or two correct (1)
c	any two from:	2	
	uses a solvent (1)		
	that is not water (1)		
	idea that removes stains that are insoluble in water (1)		
	Total	6	

Qu	estion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7	а	liquid (1)	1	allow correct answer ticked , circled or underlined if answer line is blank
	b	soap (1)	1	ignore detergent /washing up liquid
	C	a mixture of two immiscible liquids (that do not separate) / one liquid suspended in another (1)	1	allow mixture (of tiny droplets) of oil and water (1) allow droplets of one liquid inside another (1)
		Total	3	

Qu	estion	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8	а	bubbles (of gas) / effervescence (1)	1	allow oxygen made (1)
	b		1	two or more boxes ticked = 0 marks
		Reduce the time of the electrolysis.		
		Increase the current passing through the copper sulfate solution.		
		Use a different concentration of copper sulfate solution.		
		Change the anode and cathode around.		
		(1)		
	С	lighted splint (1)	2	
		THEN		
		IIIEN		
		small explosion / 'pop' (1)		this mark is dependent on the correct test
				allow burns with a squeaky pop (2)
				allow one mark for squeaky pop test (1)
		Total	4	

Qu	estic	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
10	а	i	600 (Ω) (1)	1	
		ii	decreases /goes down /reduces /AW (1)	1	
	b	i	A (1)	2	
			it has the steepest gradient (at 2A) (1)		 allow has the highest voltage / voltage is higher than B and C (1) ignore just voltage is higher allow (more) rapid increase in voltage (1)
		ii	(Electrical resistance is) charge carriers / electrons (1) colliding with atoms / ions (in the conductor) (1)	2	
			Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
11	Level 3: 5-6 marks Three types and three uses of transformer correctly identified Quality of written communication does not impede communication of science at this level. Level 2: 3-4 marks All three transformers identified OR matched two transformer to their use without naming them OR One type identified with its correct use	6	This question is targeted up to grade E Indicative scientific points may include (but are not limited to) the following: Types A: Step up B: Step down C: Isolating
	Quality of written communication partly impedes communication of science at this level. Level 1: 1-2 marks One type identified OR		Uses A: Power stations / national grid / power lines / allow pylons B: Phone chargers / radios / laptops / sub-stations / adapters / idea changing voltage before electricity enters homes / substations
	matched one transformer to its use without naming the transformer Quality of written communication impedes the		C: Shaver sockets Use the L1, L2, L3 annotations in Scoris; do not use ticks
	Level 0: 0 marks Insufficient or irrelevant science. Not worthy of credit.		Use the LT, LZ, LS annotations in Scons; do not use ticks
	Total	6	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
12 a	column C: 1, 1, 0, 0 (1) column D: 0, 1, 0, 0 (1)	2	
b	thermistor (1)	1	allow answer ringed, underlined or ticked more than one answer= 0
c i		2	ALLOW corrected answers
	A transistor is like a resistor (1)		A transistor is not like a resistor (1)
	Transistors can be connected together to make thermistors (1)		Transistors cannot be connected together to make thermistors (1)
ii	any one from: A transistor is like a switch (1) Transistors can be connected together to make logic gates (1)	1	ignore corrected answers
d	5.1 (A) (1)	1	
	Total	7	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
13 a	Ula (1) Rav (1)	2	either order
b i	full-wave (rectification) (1)	1	
ii	correct sketch drawn, eg: voltage voltage voltage time time (1)	1	allow any wave drawn with a smoother output than shown in question 4bi.
	Total	4	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
14	movement of a magnet near a wire or coil(1)	2	
	movement of a wire or coil near a magnet (1) OR the relative movement of a wire and magnet (2)		
	Total	2	

Qu	estic	on	Answer	Marks	Guidance
15	а	i	bars drawn at 300(butter) and 400 (margarine) (1)	1	both needed for mark
	а	ii	support – idea that eating more / > than 4g/16g of butter results in less men with heart disease /ora (1)	2	ignore numbers quoted must be a comparison allow more men have heart disease eat margarine /ora (1)
			not support – idea that eating less/< than 4g of margarine results in less men with heart disease /ora(1)		allow there is only data for men / no data for women (1)
	а	iii	29.5 (%) (2) but if incorrect or incomplete then	2	allow 30 (%) (2) allow 29 (%) (1)
			<u>295</u> x 100 1000 (1)		
	b	i	1970 (1)	1	allow 1968-1972 inclusive
	b	ii	butter decreases (1)	2	
			margarine increases then decreases (1)		ignore just 'decrease in margarine' or 'increase in margarine'
	b	iii	any two from:	2	
			deaths increasing as levels of margarine increase (1)		
			deaths decreasing as levels of margarine decrease (1)		
			both were highest / at around the same time (1)		

B762/01	Mark Scheme		me June 2	2017
	when margarine levels low then deaths are low (1)		If no other marks allow both graphs are the same shape (1)	
	Total	10		

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