

# ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY GCE MATHEMATICS (MEI)

4751

Introduction to Advanced Mathematics (C1)

Candidates answer on the Printed Answer Book

### **OCR Supplied Materials:**

- Printed Answer Book (inserted)
- MEI Examination Formulae and Tables (MF2)

### **Other Materials Required:**

None

# Friday 9 January 2009 Morning

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes

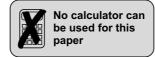


#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the Printed Answer Book.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need more space for an answer use additional paper; label your answer clearly and attach the additional paper securely to the Printed Answer Book.
- Do not write in the bar codes.
- You are **not** permitted to use a calculator in this paper.
- Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.

### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- You are advised that an answer may receive no marks unless you show sufficient detail of the working to
  indicate that a correct method is being used.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- This document consists of 4 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



## Answer all questions on the Printed Answer Book provided.

### Section A (36 marks)

1 State the value of each of the following.

(i) 
$$2^{-3}$$

(ii) 
$$9^0$$
 [1]

- Find the equation of the line passing through (-1, -9) and (3, 11). Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.
- 3 Solve the inequality 7 x < 5x 2. [3]
- 4 You are given that  $f(x) = x^4 + ax 6$  and that x 2 is a factor of f(x).

- 5 (i) Find the coefficient of  $x^3$  in the expansion of  $(x^2 3)(x^3 + 7x + 1)$ . [2]
  - (ii) Find the coefficient of  $x^2$  in the binomial expansion of  $(1 + 2x)^7$ . [3]
- 6 Solve the equation  $\frac{3x+1}{2x} = 4$ . [3]
- 7 (i) Express  $125\sqrt{5}$  in the form  $5^k$ . [2]

(ii) Simplify 
$$(4a^3b^5)^2$$
. [2]

- 8 Find the range of values of k for which the equation  $2x^2 + kx + 18 = 0$  does not have real roots. [4]
- 9 Rearrange y + 5 = x(y + 2) to make y the subject of the formula. [4]
- 10 (i) Express  $\sqrt{75} + \sqrt{48}$  in the form  $a\sqrt{3}$ . [2]

(ii) Express 
$$\frac{14}{3-\sqrt{2}}$$
 in the form  $b+c\sqrt{d}$ . [3]

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## Section B (36 marks)

11

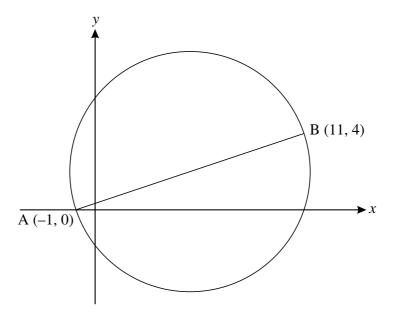


Fig. 11

Fig. 11 shows the points A and B, which have coordinates (-1, 0) and (11, 4) respectively.

(i) Show that the equation of the circle with AB as diameter may be written as

$$(x-5)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 40.$$
 [4]

- (ii) Find the coordinates of the points of intersection of this circle with the y-axis. Give your answer in the form  $a \pm \sqrt{b}$ .
- (iii) Find the equation of the tangent to the circle at B. Hence find the coordinates of the points of intersection of this tangent with the axes. [6]
- 12 (i) Find algebraically the coordinates of the points of intersection of the curve  $y = 3x^2 + 6x + 10$  and the line y = 2 4x. [5]

(ii) Write 
$$3x^2 + 6x + 10$$
 in the form  $a(x+b)^2 + c$ . [4]

(iii) Hence or otherwise, show that the graph of  $y = 3x^2 + 6x + 10$  is always above the x-axis. [2]

### [Question 13 is printed overleaf.]

- 13 The Printed Answer Book shows the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ .
  - (i) On the same axes, plot the graph of  $y = x^2 5x + 5$  for  $0 \le x \le 5$ . [4]
  - (ii) Show algebraically that the *x*-coordinates of the points of intersection of the curves  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  and  $y = x^2 5x + 5$  satisfy the equation  $x^3 5x^2 + 5x 1 = 0$ . [2]
  - (iii) Given that x = 1 at one of the points of intersection of the curves, factorise  $x^3 5x^2 + 5x 1$  into a linear and a quadratic factor.
    - Show that only one of the three roots of  $x^3 5x^2 + 5x 1 = 0$  is rational. [5]



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4751

Introduction to Advanced Mathematics (C1)

### **PRINTED ANSWER BOOK**

Candidates answer on the Printed Answer Book

#### **OCR Supplied Materials:**

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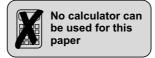
Candidate Forename				Candidate Surname			
Centre Number				Candidate N	umber		

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### **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

This document consists of 12 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



## Section A (36 marks)

1 (i)	
1 (ii)	
2	
3	

4	
5 (i)	
3 (1)	
5 (ii)	

6	
7 (i)	
7 (ii)	

8	
9	

10 (i)	
10 (ii)	

## Section B (36 marks)

11 (i)	
11 (ii)	

11 (iii)		
	11 (iii)	

12 (i)	

12 (ii)	
12 (iii)	

13 (i) y	
y	
y y	
·	
<u></u>	
5	
3	
$x \rightarrow x$	
5 4 3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5	
-2	
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	
13 (ii)	

13 (iii)	



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