



Wednesday 25 May 2016 - Morning

AS GCE QUANTITATIVE METHODS (MEI)

G245/01 Statistics 1

QUESTION PAPER

Candidates answer on the Printed Answer Book.

OCR supplied materials:

- Printed Answer Book G245/01
- MEI Examination Formulae and Tables (MF2)

Other materials required:

Scientific or graphical calculator

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

These instructions are the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- The Question Paper will be found inside the Printed Answer Book.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Printed Answer Book. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the Printed Answer Book. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.
- You are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator in this paper.
- Final answers should be given to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the context.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

This information is the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question on the Question Paper.
- You are advised that an answer may receive no marks unless you show sufficient detail
 of the working to indicate that a correct method is being used.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- The Printed Answer Book consists of 12 pages. The Question Paper consists of 8 pages.
 Any blank pages are indicated.

INSTRUCTION TO EXAMS OFFICER/INVIGILATOR

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Section A (36 marks)

1 The stem and leaf diagram illustrates the weights in grams of 20 house sparrows.

25	0		
26	0	5	8
27	7	9	
28	1	4	5
29	0	0	2
30	7	7	
31	6		
32	0	4	7
33	3	3	

Key: 27 | 7 represents 27.7 grams

(i) Find the median and interquartile range of the data.

[3]

(ii) Determine whether there are any outliers.

[4]

- 2 In a hockey league, each team plays every other team 3 times. The probabilities that Team A wins, draws and loses to Team B are given below.
 - P(Wins) = 0.5
 - P(Draws) = 0.3
 - P(Loses) = 0.2

The outcomes of the 3 matches are independent.

- (i) Find the probability that Team A does not lose in any of the 3 matches. [1]
- (ii) Find the probability that Team A either wins all 3 matches or draws all 3 matches or loses all 3 matches. [2]
- (iii) Find the probability that, in the 3 matches, exactly two of the outcomes, 'Wins', 'Draws' and 'Loses' occur for Team A. [4]
- 3 (i) There are 5 runners in a race. How many different finishing orders are possible? [You should assume that there are no 'dead heats', where two runners are given the same position.]

For the remainder of this question you should assume that all finishing orders are equally likely.

- (ii) The runners are denoted by A, B, C, D, E. Find the probability that they either finish in the order ABCDE or in the order EDCBA. [2]
- (iii) Find the probability that the first 3 runners to finish are A, B and C, in that order. [1]
- (iv) Find the probability that the first 3 runners to finish are A, B and C, in any order. [2]

4 The probability distribution of the random variable X is given by the formula

$$P(X=r) = \frac{k}{r(r-1)}$$
 for $r = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6$.

- (i) Show that the value of k is 1.2. Using this value of k, show the probability distribution of X in a table.
 - [3]

(ii) Find E(X) and Var(X).

[5]

[3]

- 5 Measurements of sunshine and rainfall are made each day at a particular weather station. For a randomly chosen day,
 - R is the event that at least 1 mm of rainfall is recorded,
 - S is the event that at least 1 hour of sunshine is recorded.

You are given that P(R) = 0.28, P(S) = 0.87 and $P(R \cup S) = 0.94$.

(i) Find
$$P(R \cap S)$$
.

- (ii) Draw a Venn diagram showing the events *R* and *S*, and fill in the probability corresponding to each of the four regions of your diagram. [3]
- (iii) Find $P(R \mid S)$ and state what this probability represents in this context.

Section B (36 marks)

6 An online store has a total of 930 different types of women's running shoe on sale. The prices in pounds of the types of women's running shoe are summarised in the table below.

Price (£x)	$10 \leqslant x \leqslant 40$	$40 < x \le 50$	$50 < x \le 60$	$60 < x \le 80$	$80 < x \le 200$
Frequency	147	109	182	317	175

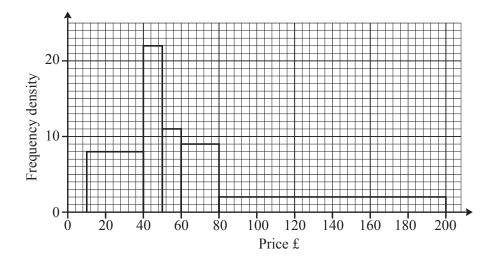
(i) Calculate estimates of the mean and standard deviation of the shoe prices.

- [4]
- (ii) Calculate an estimate of the percentage of types of shoe that cost at least £100.
- [3]

(iii) Draw a histogram to illustrate the data.

[5]

The corresponding histogram below shows the prices in pounds of the 990 types of men's running shoe on sale at the same online store.



- (iv) State the type of skewness shown by the histogram for men's running shoes.
- (v) Martin is investigating the percentage of types of shoe on sale at the store that cost more than £100. He believes that this percentage is greater for men's shoes than for women's shoes. Estimate the percentage for men's shoes and comment on whether you can be certain which percentage is higher. [3]

[1]

- (vi) You are given that the mean and standard deviation of the prices of men's running shoes are £68.83 and £42.93 respectively. Compare the central tendency and variation of the prices of men's and women's running shoes at the store.
- 7 To withdraw money from a cash machine, the user has to enter a 4-digit PIN (personal identification number). There are several thousand possible 4-digit PINs, but a survey found that 10% of cash machine users use the PIN '1234'.
 - (i) 16 cash machine users are selected at random.
 - (A) Find the probability that exactly 3 of them use 1234 as their PIN. [3]
 - (B) Find the probability that at least 3 of them use 1234 as their PIN. [2]
 - (C) Find the expected number of them who use 1234 as their PIN. [1]

An advertising campaign aims to reduce the number of people who use 1234 as their PIN. A hypothesis test is to be carried out to investigate whether the advertising campaign has been successful.

(ii) Write down suitable null and alternative hypotheses for the test. Give a reason for your choice of alternative hypothesis. [4]

- (iii) A random sample of 20 cash machine users is selected.
 - (A) Explain why the test could not be carried out at the 10% significance level. [3]
 - (B) The test is to be carried out at the k% significance level. State the lowest integer value of k for which the test could result in the rejection of the null hypothesis. [1]
- (iv) A new random sample of 60 cash machine users is selected. It is found that 2 of them use 1234 as their PIN. You are given that, if $X \sim B(60, 0.1)$, then (to 4 decimal places)

$$P(X=2) = 0.0393$$
, $P(X < 2) = 0.0138$, $P(X \le 2) = 0.0530$.

Using the same hypotheses as in part (ii), carry out the test at the 5% significance level. [4]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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