



Tuesday 13 June 2017 – Morning

GCSE METHODS IN MATHEMATICS

B391/02 Methods in Mathematics 1 (Higher Tier)

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials: None

Other materials required:

- Geometrical instruments
- Tracing paper (optional)

Duration: 1 hour 15 minutes



Candidate forename					Candidate surname				
Centre numb	er					Candidate nu	umber		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do not write in the barcodes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

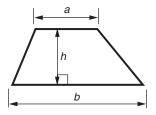
- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- Quality of written communication will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.
- This document consists of 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



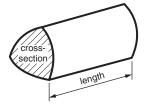


Formulae Sheet: Higher Tier

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$



Volume of prism = (area of cross-section) \times length

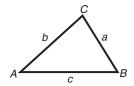


In any triangle ABC

Sine rule
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine rule
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Area of triangle =
$$\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$



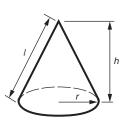
Volume of sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Surface area of sphere =
$$4\pi r^2$$



Volume of cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Curved surface area of cone =
$$\pi rl$$



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
, where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

Answer all the questions.

1	(a) Work out.	
	(i) $-5 + -4 \times 3$	
		(a)(i)[2]
	(ii) $\frac{-6 \times -4}{-3}$	
		(ii)[2]

(b) (i) You are given that 528 + 128 = 656.

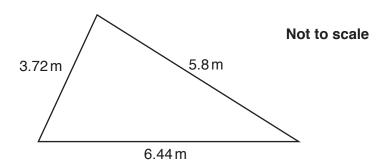
Use this information to complete the following.

(ii) You are given that $16 \times 9 = 144$.

Use this information to complete the following.

			4		
2	(a)	Woı	k out.		
		4 ³ +	· √ 196		
				(a)	[2]
	(b)		e these fractions as decimals. e your answer correct to 3 decimal places.		
		(i)	<u>5</u> 8		
				(b)(i)	[1]
		(ii)	$\frac{3}{7}$		
				(ii)	[2]

3 (a) Find the perimeter of this triangle.



(a) m

(b) A knife is 20.5 cm long. The blade is 11.8 cm long.

Find the length of the handle.

(t)cm	2	
----	--	-----	---	--

4 (a) A row of blocks has a height of *b*cm. A wall with *r* rows of blocks has a height of *h*cm.

Write down a formula for h.

(b) Apples cost £2 per kilogram and pears cost £3 per kilogram. The total cost of p kilograms of apples and q kilograms of pears is £C.

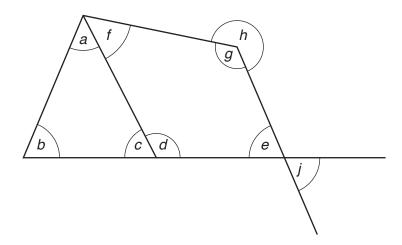
Write down, as simply as possible, a formula for C.

(b)[2]

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5		e week Tim earned £350.		
	He	saved $\frac{2}{5}$ of it.		
	(a)	How much did he save?		
			(a) £	[2]
	(b)	He then gave a donation to charity.		
		He spent $\frac{1}{4}$ of the money he had left after he h	nad made the donation.	
		The amount he spent was £50.		
		How much money did he give to charity?		
			(p) £	[3]

6



 Reason	 	
 	 	[1]

(b) Write down two angles that add up to 180° stating how you know they add up to 180°.

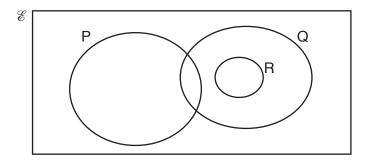
 . and	. Reason	 	
			F41

(c) Use a single letter to complete the following.

(c)
$$a + b = \dots$$
 [1]

			8		
7	A is	the point ($^{-4}$, 1), B is the point (p , q).			
	(a)	M is the point $(1, \overline{}3)$. $\overrightarrow{AM} = \overrightarrow{MB}$.			
		Find the value of p and the value of q .			
				(a)	<i>p</i> = , <i>q</i> =
	The	e line $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$ crosses the y-axis at D.			
	(b)	C is the point (r, s) and $\overrightarrow{AC} = 3\overrightarrow{AD}$.			
		Find the value of r and the value of s .			
				(b)	r = , s =
	(c)	The line DE is perpendicular to AD.			
		Find the equation of the line DE.			

8



Complete these statements about sets P, Q and R.

(a)	R is a of Q	[1]	ı
(4)	1110 a 01 Q	L'1	4

(c)
$$n(R \cap Q) = n(\dots)$$
 [1]

(d)
$$n(P \cup Q) = n(P) + n(Q) - n(\dots)$$
 [1]

9 (a) Factorise.

$$x^2 - x$$

(b) Simplify.

$$3a^2 - 5a + 2a + 5a^2$$

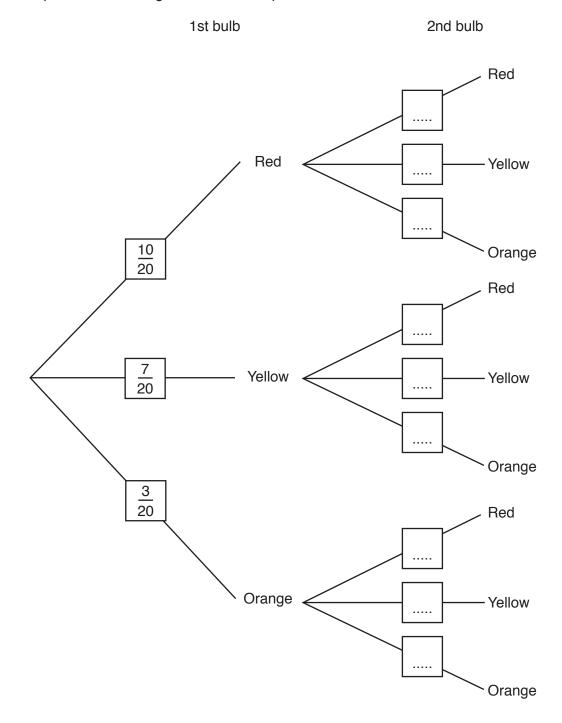
(c) Solve.

$$2(x-1) = 6(x+5)$$

(c)[3]

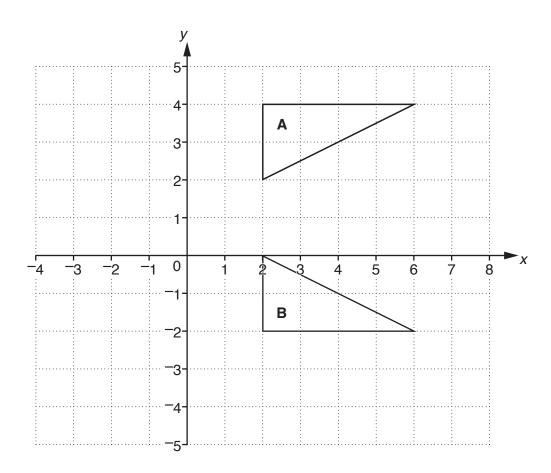
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- 10 Moeen has a bag of 20 tulip bulbs, of which 10 are red, 7 are yellow and 3 are orange. He picks two bulbs from the bag at random.
 - (a) Complete this tree diagram to show the possible outcomes.



(b)	Fine	d the probability that the bulbs are	
	(i)	both red,	
	(ii)	both the same colour,	(b)(i)[2]
	(iii)	different colours.	(ii)[3]
			(iii)[1]

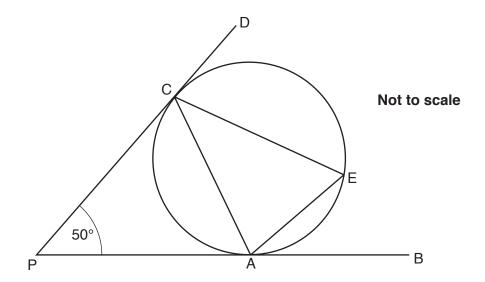
11



(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle ${\bf A}$ onto triangle ${\bf B}$.

(b) Enlarge triangle **A** with scale factor $-\frac{1}{2}$ and centre (0, 0). [2]

12*



PAB and PCD are tangents to the circle at A and C. Angle APC = 50° .

Find angle AEC.

You must show a reason for each step of your working.

Angle AEC =	

END OF QUESTION PAPER

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).				
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