

## **Section 5: Sequences and recurrence relations**

## Exercise

1. Write down the first four terms of each sequence defined below, starting with k = 1 in each case.

(i) $a_k = 3k - 1$	(ii)	$a_k = 2 \times 3^k$
(iii) $a_k = k^2$	(iv)	$a_k = (-1)^k 2^k$
(v) $a_{k+1} = 2a_k + 1, a_1 = 2$	(vi)	$a_{k+1} = 1 - a_k, a_1 = 3$

2. Write down the first four terms of each sequence defined below, starting with n = 5 in each case.

(i) 
$$u_n = n - 5$$

(ii) 
$$u_n = \frac{1}{n^2}$$

(iii) 
$$u_n = (-1)^n \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$$

- (iv)  $u_n = u_{n-1} + u_{n-2}$ ,  $u_1 = 1$ ,  $u_2 = -2$
- 3. The value of a car decreases by 10% every year of its life. If its original value is  $a_0 = 14,000$  write down recursive definition for the sequence  $a_k$  where  $a_k$  is the value of the car after *k* years.
- 4. The value of a rare toy train set increases by 2% each year. If the value of the train set is £150 now write down a formula in terms of *k* for  $a_k$ , the value of the train set in *k* years' time.

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