

GCE

Applied Science

Unit G622: Monitoring the Activity of the Human Body

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2018

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

	Question		Answer			Marks	AO element	Guidance	
1	(a)	(i) UE					5	AO1	Award one mark for each correct row.
			Energy feature	Cellular respiration	Burning of fuels				
			Released by living organisms	1					
			Requires a flame for ignition		1				
			Released as heat	1	1				
			Release always needs oxygen		1				
			Released as light		1				
				1		J			
		(ii) UE	ATP / Adenosine triph	iosphate;			1	A01	Allow phonetic spelling
		(iii) UE	Any three from: Muscle/cell, contraction Nerve/impulse, transm	on; nission / nerve	impulses;		3	A01	Allow exercise, running, movement
			Metabolic processes;						Allow any correctly named examples of metabolic processes eg sperm swimming, cilia moving, growth, cell division, digestion, excretion

Question		Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance
(b) DC BA	Feature to monitor	State of health	Fitness levels	6	A01 and A02	
	The circulatory system	 Any one from: Blood pressure Pulse rate / heart beat Blood vessels Arrhythmia / named eg Heart (efficiency) 	Strength/size of heart; Strength of heart/cardiac muscle; Blood supply to skeletal/cardiac muscles; Pulse rate, recovery period/during exercise /resting; Lower pulse rate = fitter person;			For state of health: Allow named examples - tachycardia/ bradycardia/ sinus arrhythmia For state of health:
	The respiratory system	 Peak flow Tidal volume Breathing/ ventilation, rate Vital capacity Lungs/ respiratory tract 	Strength of ventilation; Breathing rate/tidal volume, during exercise;			normal/abnormal, cilia/goblet cell function / asthma / cystic fibrosis.
	The blood	 (Blood) cells Blood glucose Oxygen/CO2 levels 	Lactate levels (during exercise) / indicators of oxygen debt Oxygen-carrying capacity during exercise;			For state of health: Allow presence/absence of bacteria/viruses/
			Total	15		

	Que	stion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
2	CD BA		Any three across the following lists: Spirometer Patient awake / voluntary action; Records deep breaths; One piece of equipment; Nose clip / breathes only through mouth; Mouth piece; Air/oxygen, chamber/tank; Exhaled carbon dioxide removed / soda lime used; Readings, on a (kymo)graph/paper/chart/trace/using pen; Medical grade oxygen; Does not use sensors; Polysomnogram Rib cage movement recorded; Elastic belt (sensor); Nose sensor;	3	A02	Allow vice versa for the poylsomnogram. Allow unambiguous differences if equipment not named Allow vice versa for the spirometer Ignore medical grade air
	(ii) BA		(Patient must be awake to) breathe in, as much as possible/deeply; (and then) breathe out, as much as possible/deeply;	2	A02	Allow to consciously override breathing reflex = 1 mark Ignore as hard as possible
	(iii) UE		15 – 18; Decrease/lower/less;		A01	Allow a correct single value within the range Ignore will change Allow range or single value within 12 - 14
	(b) 1xEU 2xCD 1xAB Oxygen levels – lower /low; Carbon dioxide levels - higher / high Explanation for either or both Less, air/correctly named gas, will travel along respiratory tract / reach alveoli; Less, gaseous exchange/diffusion;		2	A01 and A02	A/W A/W Allow any correctly named part of respiratory	

Questio	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
		Less, air/correctly named gas, inhaled/exhaled:			tract Allow CO ₂ trapped in body
(c)	(i) UE	Systolic13536Diastolic8510	2	A01	Award 1 mark for each correct column. Allow ecf for the difference column. Do not allow 135/85 in single box.
	(ii) BA	Less energy , used/needed / energy conserved for when awake; <i>Any one from:</i> Blood pressure is directly related to, heart beat/cardiac cycle; Heart is, working/contracting, less;	2	A02	Allow energy not wasted. Do not allow no energy
	(iii) UE	60 – 80; (Patient pulse rate is) 82 / higher;	2	A01	Ignore single values
	(iv) UE DC BA Blood/core, temperature affected by metabolic activity; Rate of, metabolic/chemical/enzyme, activity lower / reaction rate/energy use, lower; Less, muscle contraction/exercise/body movement; Heat production drops; Heart rate/blood pressure, drops; Reduced distribution of (warmer) blood;			A01 and A02	Allow any correct single value within range Ignore to reduce heat loss. Do not allow no/less energy produced Ignore no movement, body not working as hard Ignore no heat generated

Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	(v) UE	Any two from: Finger sensor clipped into position / cannot hold clinical thermometer in place; Finger sensor gives continuous readings; Blood/capillary network close to skin surface at fingertip;	2	A01	A/W Ignore no need to waken patient / reference to digital thermometers
		Total	22		

Question		ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
3	(a)	(i) UE	WBC = 8.1 RBC = 4.5	2	A02	Allow one mark max. for correct addition only (40.5 [WBCs] AND 22.5 [RBCs]) Check space below if table not completed.
		(ii) UE	Any two from: WBCs = one value/D is, out of range/outlier/higher than normal values; RBCs = one value/E is, out of range/outlier/lower than normal values; Small sample size; Values D and/or E will affect the, mean/result;	2	A02	Ignore anomaly Ignore anomaly A/W
		(iii) UE DC	Patient D has leukaemia AND patient E has anaemia; Leukaemia/D has a high WBC count AND anaemia/E has a low RBC count;	2	A01 and A02	Allow high(est) WBC = D and low(est) RBC = E
	(b)	(i) UE DC	B D E A C Correct pairs: B before D D before E E before A A before C	3	A02	4 correct pairs = 3 marks 3 correct pairs = 2 marks 1 or 2 correct pairs = 1 mark Each letter must immediately follow the previous letter in each pair.

Question		Answer			Guidance One mark for each correct row Only award the 'minimising the risk' mark if
(i	i) Any three from:	Any three from:			
	Hazard	How to minimise the risk			linked to a correct hazard.
		of this hazard			
	Microbes/	Wear gloves/goggles /			
	bacteria/pathog	gens follow correct procedures /			Allow A/W for each response.
		receive training / re-sterilise			·
		or dispose of inoculum			
		loop/bacteria spreader			
		correctly / seal petri dish			
	Sharps/needles	s/ Safely dispose of,			
	glassware	needles/sharps / use only			
		sterilised, needles/sharps /			
		clear breakages / training			
	Electricity	Avoid placing blood			
	(microscopes,	samples in direct contact			
	autoclave)	with the electrical			
		appliance/microscope /			
		follow correct procedures			
		when using an autoclave /			
		receive training			
	Heat (autoclave)	, molten Wear (heat-resistant)			
	agar)	gloves/ protective clothing /			
		follow correct procedures /			
		receive training			
	Spillage (blood,	, agar) Clean spillage/ suitable,			
		footwear/clothing / sealed			
		tubes / lid on petri dish			
(i	i) Destroyed / autocla	aved / incinerated / sterilised / placed in a	3	A01	
U U	UE safe bin;				
D	DC Microbes/bacteria/pathogens, present;				Ignore microbiological materials (given in Q)
	(Microbes/bacteria/	/pathogens) cause, disease/infection /			
	prevent contaminat	tion;			
		Total	15		

	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
4	(a)	(i) UE DC	Uses a magnet / is magnetic; <i>Any two from:</i> Harm/injure the patient;	3	A01	Allow earrings ripped out
			Damage the scanner; Affect/interrupt, image formation;			
		(ii) DC	Any three from: CAT gives high resolution of bones / MRI gives good soft tissue resolution; CAT uses radiation/X rays/is ionising/harmful/ causes cancer / MRI uses magnetism/magnetic field/non- ionising/less harmful/; CAT is relatively quick to use/5 minutes / MRI takes longer to use/ 15 minutes – up to 2 hours; CAT has a wide opening/less claustrophobic/causes less anxiety/less noisy / MRI has a limited opening/claustrophobic/may cause anxiety/noisy; CAT less expensive; CAT can be used with metal implants;	3	A01	Ignore references to non-invasive / 3D vs 2D
		(iii) UE DC BA	Brain ✓ Tongue ✓ Vertebra Skin ✓ Skull Fatty tissue ✓	3	A01	4 correct responses = 3 marks 3 correct responses = 2 marks 1 or 2 correct responses = 1 mark Deduct one mark for each tick placed in the vertebra and/or skull boxes.

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(b) (i) DC BA	[Level 3] Candidate shows a high level understanding of how ultrasound scanners are used to generate an image and how they are particularly beneficial when exploring damage to blood vessels, including at least six valid points. The explanation follows a clear logical order. (5 - 6 marks) [Level 2] Candidate shows an understanding of how ultrasound scanners are used to generate an image and how they are particularly beneficial when exploring damage to blood vessels, including at least four valid points. The explanation follows some logical order.	6	A01 and A02	 Valid scientific points: Image generation use of gel to, reduce (air) gap between probe and skin/exclude air/prevent reflection probe emits (sound) waves (sound waves) pass into patient's body (sound waves) bounce off/reflected (reflected sound waves) detected by probe image formed on a screen/computer
	(3 – 4 marks) [Level 1] Candidate shows a basic understanding of how ultrasound scanners are used to generate an image and/or how they are particularly beneficial when exploring damage to blood vessels, including at least two valid points but with little or no explanation. With little evidence of a logical order. (1 – 2 marks) [Level 0] Candidate includes fewer than two valid points. (0 marks)			 Benefits when examining damaged blood vessels good soft tissue resolution 3D image formed to show different views of blood vessels real time/moving images formed / can show the movement of blood along vessels / the pulsation of blood may reveal the site of blood loss may show damaged valves

Question		Answer				AO element	Guidance
	(ii)	Any two rows from	Any two rows from:				Award one mark for the correct feature and one mark for the correct comparison (along
	1xEU	Feature	Com	parison			each row).
	1xCD		Artery	Vein			,
	2xAB	Thickness of vessel wall	Relatively thick	Relatively thin			
		Lumen	Narrow / small	Wide / large			Ignore location of structures
		Smooth muscle / elastic tissue / fibrous layer / collagen layer	Thick(er)	Thin(ner)			
		Valves	Absent (with exception of pulmonary artery)	Present			
		Endothelium	Crenated/folded	Smooth	-		
	(iii) BA	Any one from: Blood under grea Pulse maintained	t(er) /high(er) pressure in the artery;	9;	1	A02	Allow vice versa for veins. Do not allow more blood Ignore no valves to stop backflow
(c)	BA	Any two from:			2	A02	Allow other realistic suggestions
May not recover from, intervention/surgery; Surgery could, cause complications/affect quality of life; Views of the patient or patient's family / not of sound mind; Prioritise treatment of younger patients / cost effectiveness; May become increasingly anxious; Home environment / carer availability of the patient; Has patient signed DNR form; Take pulse / check heart activity / check for pacemaker; Physical condition / fitness / current medication;					Ignore age unqualified		
				Total	22		

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
5 DC BA	[Level 3] Candidate shows a high level understanding of how the incidence of type 2 diabetes could be reduced and consideration of the importance of monitoring blood-sugar levels for patients with diabetes, including at least six valid points. The explanation follows a clear logical order. (5 - 6 marks) [Level 2] Candidate shows an understanding of how the incidence of type 2 diabetes could be reduced and consideration of the importance of monitoring blood-sugar levels for patients with diabetes, including at least four valid points. The explanation follows some logical order. (3 - 4 marks) [Level 1] Candidate shows a basic understanding of how the incidence of type 2 diabetes could be reduced and/or consideration of the importance of monitoring blood-sugar levels for patients with diabetes, including at least two valid points but with little or no explanation. With little evidence of a logical order. (1 - 2 marks) [Level 0] Candidate includes fewer than two valid points. (0 marks)	6	A01 and A02	 Valid scientific points: Reducing incidence of type 2 diabetes in the community usually found in older people also in children / young adults linked to obesity/high BMI associated with a high sugar/glucose intake/diet constant/prolonged exposure (to high glucose intake) reduced sensitivity to insulin levels high blood/plasma sugar/glucose levels may be linked to intake of 'fast food' processed foods often contain high levels of sugar (incidence could be reduced if) sugar intake is reduced in the diet balanced/ healthy diet can help good fitness levels/exercise/healthy lifestyle can help public health/NHS programmes/community groups/sugar tax type 2 linked to low diversity of gut bacteria Importance of monitoring blood sugar levels involves taking a blood sample using a biosensor can then inject insulin if level is too high can adjust sugar intake /change diet
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Question			Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
6	(a)	(i) DC BA	ELISA; Change in colour /fluorescence;	2	A01	Allow correct reference to monoclonal antibodies.	
		(ii) DC	Labelled samples Any one from: Avoid confusion with other samples / identity of sample; Poorly labelled/unlabelled samples could lead to misleading results; Patient may be given a false result; Patients could be untreated / transfer virus to others; Samples can be retained for future use/as a back-up; Sealed samples Any one from: To avoid loss of blood from the container:	1	A02		
			To avoid, contamination/spread of, disease/infection;	1			
		(iii) UE	FOR ONE MARK, any TWO from: Name; Date; Use of blood sample eg. back-up, for blood cell counts, for microbial analysis/blood test;	1	A02	Allow other relevant suggestions. MUST give two correct facts for one mark Ignore name of doctor	

Ques	stion	Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance	
(b)	(i) DC	E	Equipment	ipment Normal functional assessment values			3 correct lines = 2 marks 1 or 2 correct lines = 1 mark
		sphy Pe	Digital gmomanometer ak flow meter	$\frac{0.4 - 0.5}{dm^3}$ litres min ⁻¹			
		Electronic spirometer					
	(ii) LIE	Ston			3	A01	
	DC	Step		Action			
		1	Use fingers/stethos	scope;			A/W Ignore refs to multiple readings Ignore references to use of cuff or electronic monitoring
		2	Location of pulse (e.g.wrist, neck, ankle);			
		3	Count/record (puls (maximum 1 minut accordingly;	e/beats) for 30 seconds e) and multiply value			
	Total						
				Overall tot	al 90		

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