



Sample question paper and mark scheme

DRAFT

LEVEL 3 CAMBRIDGE ADVANCED NATIONAL (AAQ) IN

ENGINEERING

Certificate H027
Extended Certificate H127

For first teaching in 2025

F130: Principles of engineering

Introduction

This is Sample Assessment Material (SAM). It is an example exam paper that we publish alongside a new specification to help illustrate the intended style and structure of our question papers.

During the lifetime of the qualification, updates to the question paper template may happen. We always recommend you look at the most recent set of past papers where available.

We also produce two further specific resources to support you with using this SAM:

- An assessment story. We explain the research we have undertaken during the development of the qualification and how consultation with teachers, students and schools have helped shape our assessment approach.
- Annotated SAMs. We take you through the key points of the assessment and highlight the different types
 of questions your students will experience in the exam.

Tell us what you think

Your feedback plays an important role in how we develop, market, support and resource qualifications now and into the future. Here at OCR, we want teachers and students to enjoy and get the best out of our qualifications and resources, but to do that we need honest opinions to tell us whether we're on the right track or not. That's where you come in.

You can email your thoughts to **ProductDevelopment@OCR.org.uk** or visit the **OCR feedback page** to learn more about how you can help us improve our qualifications.



Designed and tested with teachers and students



Helping young people develop an ethical view of the world



Equality, diversity, inclusion and belonging (EDIB) are part of everything we do

Summary of updates

Date	Version	Page number	Summary of change
July 2023	1 DRAFT	All	Creation of document

Teacher support

We have a range of support services to help you at every stage, from preparation to delivery.

Our teacher support is designed to make teaching our qualifications straightforward, whether you are an experienced teacher, new to teaching, new to OCR, or not a subject specialist of the qualification you are teaching.

We offer free access to services such as <u>Access to Scripts</u>, <u>ExamBuilder</u> and <u>ActiveResults</u>, and you'll find comprehensive teaching resources and a range of professional development courses on our teacher website, <u>Teach Cambridge</u>.

Our OCR subject advisors provide support and information to centres, including:

- Specification and non-exam assessment advice
- Updates on resource developments and training opportunities
- Information on our subject networks giving an opportunity to share ideas and expertise.

Further help and support

Visit our subject pages to find out more about the assessment and request trial access to **Teach Cambridge**.

Not a registered or approved OCR centre? Discover the benefits of becoming one on the OCR website.

Have more questions about teaching OCR qualifications? Explore our **Online Support Centre** or contact our **Customer Support team**.

Contact details are available on the final page of the SAM.

Work with us

As one of the major UK exam boards, OCR is responsible for creating and marking exams taken by over a million students each year. We work with over 10,000 professionals to create, check, mark and moderate our assessments.

If you would like to find out more about becoming an OCR examiner, please visit **our website** for more information

People and planet

OCR is part of Cambridge University Press & Assessment, which has clear commitments to champion sustainability, diversity, trust and respect for our people and planet.

We are committed to supporting a curriculum that helps young people develop an ethical view of the world. This enables them to take social responsibility, understand environmental issues and prepare them for the green jobs of the future.

Our equality, diversity, inclusion and belonging principles are that we:

- are respectful and considerate
- celebrate differences and promote positive attitudes to belonging
- include perspectives that reflect the diverse cultural and lifestyle backgrounds of our society
- challenge prejudicial views and unconscious biases
- promote a safe and supportive approach to learning
- are accessible and fair, creating positive experiences for all
- provide opportunities for everyone to perform at their best
- are contemporary, relevant and equip everyone to live and thrive in a global, diverse world
- create a shared sense of identity in a modern mixed society with one humanity.

To learn more, including our work on accessibility in our assessment materials, visit our <u>People and planet page</u>.

If you prefer to use a printed copy of the SAMs, consider printing a selection of pages. The following are the pages which you might find useful to print:

Question paper pages 5-26

Mark scheme pages 27-38



Level 3 Cambridge Advanced National (AAQ) in Engineering (Certificate)

Level 3 Cambridge Advanced National (AAQ) in Engineering (Extended Certificate)

H027/H127 F130: Principles of engineering

Sample Assessment Material (SAM)

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

You must have:

- The Formula Booklet for Unit F130 (inserted)
- a ruler (cm/mm)
- a scientific calculator

Please write clearly in black ink. Do not write in the barcodes.				
Centre number	Candidate number			
First name(s)				
Last name				
Date of birth	D D M M Y Y Y			

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. You can use extra paper if you need to, but you must clearly show your candidate number, the centre number and the question numbers.
- In the live exam there might be lined pages at the end of the question paper for you to use if you need extra space. Remember, you must clearly show the question numbers.
- Answer all the questions.
- Where appropriate, your answer should be supported with working. Marks might be given for using a correct method, even if your answer is wrong.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets []
- This document consists of 22 pages.

ADVICE

Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

Section A

1	Which quantity is defined as an external agent capable of changing a body's st motion?	ate of rest of	r
	Tick (✓) one box. Displacement		
	Energy	73	
	Force	33	
	Velocity		
			[1]
2	Which quantity is defined as the straight-line distance between two points in a direction?	given	
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	Displacement	22	
	Height		
	Length		
	Work done		
			[1]
3	Using an SI prefix the ultimate tensile strength of a material is given as 415 M	Nm ⁻² .	
	Which is the equivalent quantity expressed using engineering notation?		
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	$415 \times 10^{-9} \text{Nm}^{-2}$		
	415 x 10-6 Nm ⁻²		
	$415 \times 10^6 \mathrm{Nm^{-2}}$	(A) 32	
	$415 \times 10^9 \mathrm{Nm^{-2}}$		
			[1]
4	A cylindrical storage tank is 2.2 m high with a radius of 0.8 m.		

Calculate the external curved surface area of the tank.

external curved surface area =	$\dots \dots m^2$
	[2]

5 A steel cable with a diameter of 0.05 m supports a load of 22×10^3 N.

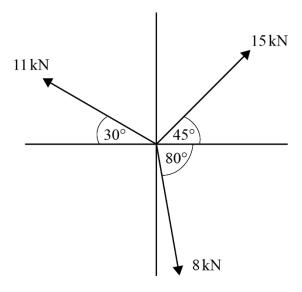
Calculate the direct tensile stress (σ) in the cable.

Ignore the weight of the cable.

direct tensile stress (σ) =Nm⁻²
[3]

6 This free body diagram represents a system of coplanar concurrent forces.

Diagram is not to scale.



(a) (i) Calculate the sum of the vertical components of the forces (F_v) .

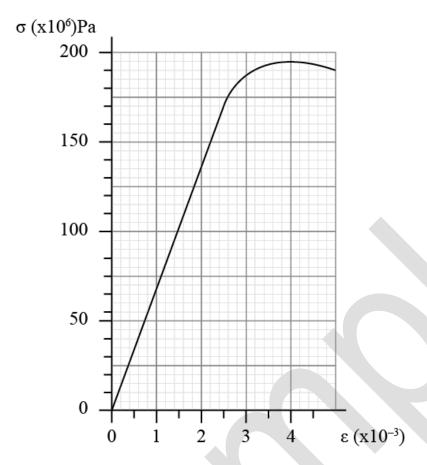
sum of forces (F_v) =	kN
	[3]

(ii) The sum of the horizontal components of the forces is 2.47 kN.

Calculate the magnitude of the resultant force (F_R) that is equivalent to this system of forces.

resultant force
$$(F_R) = \dots kN$$
 [2]

7 This is a stress versus strain graph for a material used to manufacture engineering components.



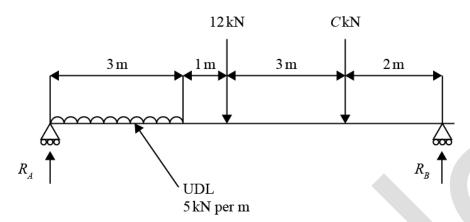
Calculate the modulus of elasticity (E) of the material.

modulus of elasticity (E) =Pa [2]

8 This diagram shows a simply supported beam under load. The beam is in static equilibrium.

Ignore the weight of the beam.

Diagram not to scale.



(a) Calculate the magnitude and position of the single point load that is equivalent to the uniformly distributed load (UDL).

Magnitude =kN

Distance from
$$R_A$$
 =m

[2]

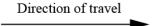
(b) The reaction force acting at R_B is 22.3 kN.

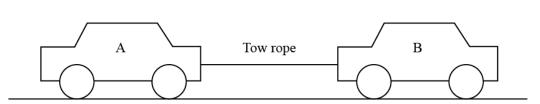
Determine the magnitude of the applied point load *C*.

You must show your working.

Magnitude of point load (
$$C$$
) =kN

9 Vehicle A has mass 1450 kg and is being towed by vehicle B along a level road.





A constant dynamic friction force of $240\,\mathrm{N}$ resists the motion of vehicle A as it is being towed. The tow rope joining the two vehicles has a maximum safe working load of $3\,\mathrm{kN}$.

Determine the maximum acceleration (a) vehicle A can achieve without exceeding the safe working load of the tow rope.

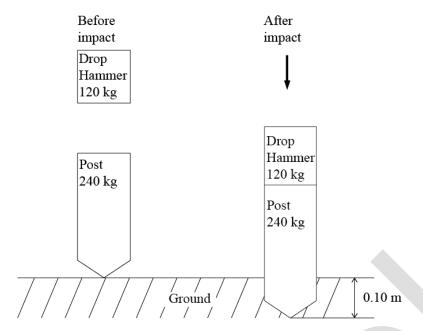
Give your answer in an appropriate unit.

You must show your working.



[6]

10 A drop hammer with a mass of 120 kg strikes a steel post being driven into the ground.



The drop hammer reaches a velocity of $10.85\,\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$ immediately before hitting the post. After impact the drop hammer and post move together in a straight-line without any rebound. The post has a mass of $240\,\mathrm{kg}$ and moves into the ground by $0.10\,\mathrm{m}$ after being struck.

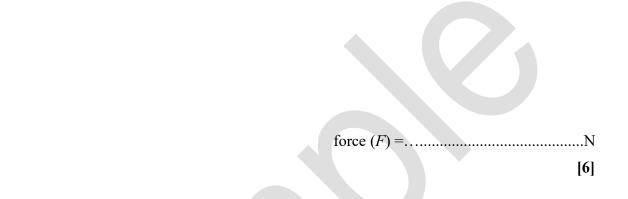
(a) Show that the velocity (v) of the combined drop hammer and post immediately after impact is $3.62 \,\mathrm{ms^{-1}}$.

Use the principle of conservation of momentum for perfectly inelastic collisions between two bodies.

You must show your working.

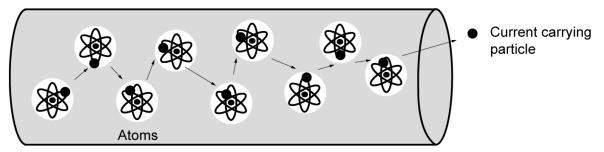
(b) Hence, determine the average force (F) that decelerates the post as it moves into the ground.

You must show your working.



Section B

11 This diagram shows current flowing through a conductor.



What is the name of the current carrying particle shown in the diagram?

Tick (✓) one box.		
Cell		
Electron		
Nucleus	30	
Voltage	30	
		[1]
An engineer is converting an angle in degrees into radians.		
What is the 330° angle when measured in radians?		
Tick (✓) one box.		
3.67 radians		
5.50 radians	22	
5.76 radians	30	
11.5 radians	93	

12

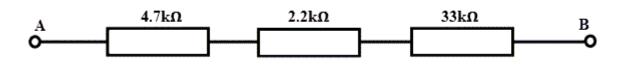
Which circuit symbol represents a capacitor with a capacitance of 22×10^{-9} Farads?

Tick (✓) one box.



[1]

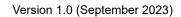
14 Calculate the total resistance (*RT*) between points A and B of the network of resistors shown below.



 A coil has 200 turns of copper wire which produces a magnetic flux of 0.01Wb. A steady 50 A current is being passed through the coil.

Calculate the inductance (L) of the coil.

Inductance $(L) = \dots H$ [2]



- 16 A circuit has a single 50Ω lamp which draws a current of 10mA.
 - (a) Calculate the power dissipated (P) in the lamp.

power dissipated
$$(P) = \dots$$
 W

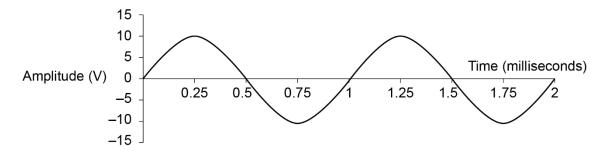
(b) What is the waste electrical energy converted into?

[1]

(c) Calculate the length of time that a 2500 mAh battery would be able to power this circuit until it was fully discharged.

time = hours [2]

17 This diagram shows the voltage in an AC circuit over time.



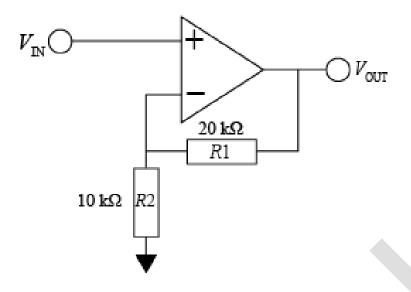
(a) Find the periodic time (T) of the waveform.

(b) Calculate the frequency (f) of the waveform.

Give your answer in an appropriate unit.

THIS PAGE HAS BEEN LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK

18 The following circuit is a non-inverting amplifier.

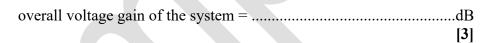


(a) Calculate the voltage gain (A_{ν}) for the above circuit.



(b) This amplifier is cascaded with another amplifier with a gain (A_{ν}) of 0.5.

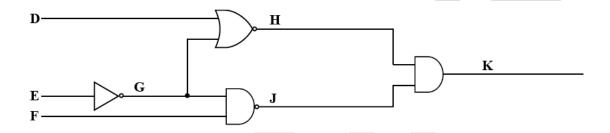
Calculate the overall voltage gain of the system in dB.



- 19 An engineer is given the partially complete truth table for an AND gate.
 - (a) Complete the truth table by filling in column Q.

A	В	Q
0	0	
0	1	
1	0	
1	1	
	•	rati

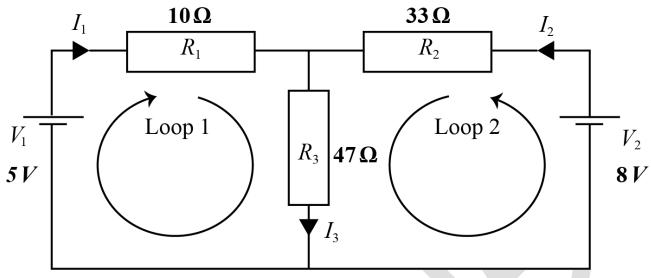
(b) The diagram shows a logic gate circuit.



Complete the truth table for this circuit.

D	E	F	G	Н	J	K
0	0	0				
0	0	1				
0	1	0				
0	1	1				
1	0	0				
1	0	1				
1	1	0				
1	1	1				

20 The diagram shows a network of resistors that is connected to two DC power sources.



Determine the current (I_1) flowing through R_1 .

You must show your working.





THIS PAGE HAS BEEN LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK



This is sample assessment material for our specification. It is to help show how the live assessment materials will look. During the lifetime of the qualification you might see small adjustments to the assessment materials. This is part of continuous improvement, designed to help you and your students. We recommend you look at the most recent set of past papers where available.



Copyright Information

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact the Copyright Team, OCR (Oxford, Cambridge and RSA Examinations), The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge CB2 8EA.

OCR is part of Cambridge University Press & Assessment, which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.



Level 3 Cambridge Advanced National (AAQ) in Engineering (Certificate)

Level 3 Cambridge Advanced National (AAQ) in Engineering (Extended Certificate)

F130: Principles of engineering Sample assessment material Mark scheme

Last updated: 18/07/2023

This document has 11 pages.

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2023

Marking instructions

Crossed-out answers

If a student has crossed out an answer and written a clear alternative, do **not** mark the crossed-out answer.

If a student has crossed out an answer and **not** written a clear alternative, give the student the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed-out answer if it's readable.

Multiple choice question answers

When a multiple choice question has only one correct answer and a student has written two or more answers (even if one of these answers is correct), you should **not** award a mark.

When a student writes more than one answer

1. Questions that ask for a set number (including 1) of short answers or points

If a question asks for a set number of short answers or points (e.g. **two** reasons for something), mark only the **first set number** of answers/points.

First mark the answers/points against any printed numbers on the answer lines, marking the **first** answer/point written against each printed number. **Then**, if students have not followed the printed numbers, mark the answers/points from left to right on each line and **then** line by line until the set number of answers/points have been marked. Do **not** mark the remaining answers/points.

2. Questions that ask for a single developed answer

If a student has written two or more answers to a question that only requires a single (developed) answer, and has **not** crossed out unintended answers, mark only the first answer.

3. Contradictory answers in points-based questions

When a student has written contradictory answers, do **not** award any marks, even if one of the answers is correct.

Levels of Response marking

1. To determine the level start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that best describes the answer

2. To determine the mark within the level, consider the following:

Quality of the answer	Award mark	
Consistently meets the criteria for this level	At the top of the level (6 and 9 mark questions)	
Meets the criteria but with some inconsistency	At the middle of the level (9 mark questions)	
On the borderline of this level and the one below	At the bottom of the level (6 and 9 mark questions)	

Mark scheme abbreviations

Annotation	Meaning
soi	Seen or implied in subsequent workings
ecf	Allow error carried forward from another question/item
ft	Allow follow through of an incorrect calculation within a question/item

Categorisation of marks (for questions other than MCQs)

B marks

These are awarded as <u>independent</u> marks, which do not depend on other marks. For a **B**-mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must be seen specifically in the candidate's answers.

M marks

These are <u>method</u> marks upon which **A**-marks (accuracy/answer marks) later depend. For an **M**-mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must be seen in the candidate's answers. If a candidate fails to score a particular **M**-mark, then none of the dependent **A**-marks can be scored.

C marks

These are <u>compensatory</u> method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, providing subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. For example, if an equation carries a **C**-mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows the candidate knew the equation, then the **C**-mark is given.

A marks

These are <u>accuracy or answer</u> marks, which either depend on an M-mark, or are independent of/allow a **C**-mark to be scored.

Mark scheme

(See the **EA Item Types** document for examples)

Section A

1	
Max mark	1
Answer	Force
Guidance	Correct answer only (MCQ)

2		
Max mark	1	
Answer	Displacement	
Guidance	Correct answer only (MCQ)	

3	
Max mark	1
Answer	415 x 10 ⁶ Nm ⁻²
Guidance	Correct answer only (MCQ)

4		
Max mark	2	
Answer	$= 2 \times \pi \times 0.8 \times 2.2 $ (C1) Substitution = 11.1 (3 SF) (A1) Answer	
Guidance	Accept answers that round to 11.1. Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure. Award full marks for the correct answer.	

5		
Max mark	3	
	$A = 0.00196 m^2$ (C1) Correct calculation of the cross-sectional area	
	Calculate direct tensile stress	
Answer	$\sigma = \frac{22 \times 10^3}{0.00196}$ (C1) Substitution (ft)	
	$\sigma = 11200000$ (3 SF) (A1) Answer (ft)	
Guidance	Accept answers that round to 11200000. Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure. Award full marks for the correct answer.	

6 (a) (i)		
Max mark	3	
Answer	Candidate establishes +ve as vertically upwards $\Sigma F_v = 11 \sin 30 + 15 \sin 45 - 8 \sin 80$ $\Sigma F_v = 8.22$ (3 SF) Alternative answer Candidate establishes +ve as vertically upwards $\Sigma F_v = -11 \sin 30 - 15 \sin 45 + 8 \sin 80$ $\Sigma F_v = -8.22$ (3 SF)	(C1) Substitution (ft) (A1) Answer (ft)
Guidance	Accept answers that round to 8.22. Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure. Award full marks for the correct answer.	

6 (a) (ii)		
Max mark	2	
Answer	$F_R = \sqrt{8.22^2 + 2.47^2}$ (C1) Substitution (ecf from 6 (a)(i)) $F_R = 8.58$ (3 SF) (A1) Answer	
Guidance	Accept answers that round to 8.58. Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure. Award full marks for a correct answer.	

7		
Max mark	2	
Answer	$E=\frac{170\times10^6}{2\cdot5\times10^{-3}}$ (C1) Substitution (any appropriate values from the graph) $E=68.0\times10^9$ (A1) Answer	
Guidance	Accept answers in the range 66.0 to 70.0 x 10 ⁹ Pa. Award full marks for the correct answer within range.	

8 (a)		
Max mark	2	
Answer	Magnitude = 15 (B1) Answer Distance from $R_A = 1.5$ (B1) Answer	
Guidance	Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure.	

8 (b)		
Max mark	4	
Answer	Take moments about R_A (1.5 x 15) + (4 x 12) + (7C) = 9 x 22.3 of the equation 22.5 + 48 + 7C = 200.7 C = (200.7 - 22.5 - 48)/7 C = 18.6	(M1) (M1) Substitution for each side (M1) Rearrangement (A1) Answer
Guidance	Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure.	

9		
Max mark	6	
Answer	Max safe towing force – friction = ma 3 kN = 3000N 3000 = 240 + (1450 x a) a = (3000 – 240)/1450 a = 1.90 Unit: ms ⁻²	(M1) Recognition (soi) (M1) Conversion (soi) (M1) Substitution (M1) Rearrangement (A1) Answer (B1) Unit
Guidance	Accept answers that round to 1.90.	

10 (a)		
Max mark	2	
Answer	$v=rac{m_1u}{(m_1+m_2)}$ (M1) Rearrange conversation of momentum equation (soi) $v=rac{(120\times 10.85)}{(120+240)}$ or simplified to $v=rac{(1302)}{(360)}$ (M1) Substitute	
Guidance	This is a 'Show that' question and the answer is given in the question 3.62 ms ⁻¹	

10 (b)		
Max mark	6	
Answer	Deceleration: $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$	(M1) Recognition (soi)
	$a = \frac{v^2 - u^2}{2s}$	(M1) Rearrangement (soi)
	$a = \frac{0^2 - 3.62^2}{2 \times 0.10}$ or $a = \frac{-13.1}{0.2}$	(M1) Substitution
	a = -65.5	(A1) Answer
	Average force: $F = (120 + 240) \times (-65.5)$ or $F = 360 \times (-65.5)$	(M1) Substitution into $F = ma$ (ft)
	F = -23600 (3SF)	(A1) Answer (ft)
Alt Method	KE of the combined mass:	
	$KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$	(M1) Recognition (soi)
	$KE = \frac{1}{2} \times 360 \times 3.62^2$	(M1) Substitution
	KE = 2358.79	(A1) Answer
	Conservation of energy: $f = \frac{KE}{d}$	(M1) Rearrange $KE = fd$
	$f = \frac{2358.79}{0.1}$	(M1) Substitution (ft)
	f = 23600 (3SF)	(A1) Answer (ft)
Guidance	Accept answers that round to 23600. Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure.	

Section B

11	
Max mark	1
Answer	Electron
Guidance	Correct answer only (MCQ)

12	
Max mark	1
Answer	5.76
Guidance	Correct answer only (MCQ)

13		
Max mark	1	
Answer	22nF	
Guidance	Correct answer only (MCQ)	

14		
Max mark	2	
Answer	$R_T = 4.7 + 2.2 + 33$ $R_T = 39.9$	(C1) Substitution (A1) Answer
Guidance	Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure. Award full marks for the correct answer.	

15		
Max mark	2	
Answer	$L = (0.01 \times 200)/50$	(C1) Substitution
	L= 0.04	(A1) Answer
Guidance	Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure.	
Guidance	Award full marks for the correct answer.	

16 (a)		
Max mark	3	
	10mA = 0.01A	(C1) Conversion
Answer	$P = 0.01^2 \times 50$	(C1) Substitution (ft)
	P = 0.005	(A1) Answer (ft)
Guidance	Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure. Award full marks for the correct answer.	

16 (b)	
Max mark	1
Answer	Heat/Infrared radiation (B1)
Guidance	Do not accept 'resistance of the wires' or similar. Do not accept 'visible light' or 'light' as it is not waste Accept other alternative correct answers

16 (c)		
Max mark	2	
Answer	Time = Battery capacity/current or 2500 / 10 Time = 250	(C1) Recognition (A1) Answer
Guidance	Award full marks for the correct answer.	

17 (a)	
Max mark	1
Answer	1 (B1) Interpreting the graph
Guidance	Correct answer only

17 (b)		
Max mark	3	
	f = 1 / 1x10 ⁻³ (C1) Substitution/Conversion (ecf 17(a))	
Answer	f = 1000 (A1) Answer (ft) Unit: Hz (B1) Unit	
Guidance	Accept correct answers stated in other appropriate units of measure. Award full marks for a correct answer.	

18 (a)		
Max mark	2	
	Voltage $A_v = 1 + (20/10)$	(C1) Substitution
Answer	Voltage A _v = 3	(A1) Answer
Guidance	Award full marks for the correct answer.	

18 (b)		
Max mark	3	
	Voltage gain = 20 log(3) + 20 log(0.5) (C1) Substitution (ecf from 18(a)) Voltage gain = 9.54 + -6 (C1) Recognition that gains can be negative	
Answer		
	Voltage gain = 3.52	(A1) Answer (ft)
Guidance	Award full marks for the correct answer.	

19 (a)	
Max mark	1
Answer	B1 for: Q 0 0 1
Guidance	Correct answer for column Q

19 (b)							
Max mark	4						
Answer	D 0 0 0 0 1 1 1	E 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1	F 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	G 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0	H 0 0 1 1 1 0 0	J 1 0 1 1 1 0	K 0 0 1 1 0 0
	B1 mark per correct column completed G to K (max 4). Allow ft from G to H Allow ft from G to J Allow ft from H and J to K						
Guidance							

20						
Max mark	8					
Answer	For a junction $I_3 = I_1 + I_2$ or $\sum I_{ln} = \sum I_{out}$ or For a loop $\sum V = 0$ (M1) Recognition KCL or KVL (soi) Loop 1: $5 = 10I_1 + 47I_3$ (M1) Setting up Loop 1 equation (soi) $5 = 10I_1 + 47(I_1 + I_2)$ $5 = 57I_1 + 47I_2$ (M1) Substitution (soi) & simplification using I_1 and I_2 Loop 2: $8 = 33I_2 + 47I_3$ (M1) Setting up Loop 2 equation (soi) $8 = 33I_2 + 47(I_1 + I_2)$ $8 = 47I_1 + 80I_2$ (M1) Substitution (soi) & simplification using I_1 and I_2 8.51 = 97.02 I_1 + 80 I_2 (M1) For multiplying Loop 1 by 80/47 (ft) 0.51 = 50.02 I_1 (M1) Elimination step in simultanious equations (ft) $I_1 = 0.51/50.02$ $= 0.0102$ (3 SF) (A1) Answer (ft)					
Guidance	Accept any alternative methods of working.					



These are draft documents and some aspects may not be fully accessible. If you have any problems with the accessibility of this format, please <u>contact us</u>.

Contact the team at:



- **⋈** support@ocr.org.uk
- ocr.org.uk
- ♠ facebook.com/ocrexams
- **y** twitter.com/ocrexams
- instagram.com/ocrexaminations
- inkedin.com/company/ocr
- youtube.com/ocrexams

To stay up to date with all the relevant news about our qualifications, register for email updates at **ocr.org.uk/updates**

Visit our Online Support Centre at support.ocr.org.uk



OCR is part of Cambridge University Press & Assessment, a department of the University of Cambridge.

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored. ©OCR 2023 Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations is a Company Limited by Guarantee. Registered in England. Registered office The Triangle Building, Shaftesbury Road, Cambridge, CB2 8EA. Registered company number 3484466. OCR is an exempt charity.

OCR operates academic and vocational qualifications regulated by Ofqual, Qualifications Wales and CCEA as listed in their qualifications registers including A Levels, GCSEs, Cambridge Technicals and Cambridge Nationals.

Cambridge University Press & Assessment is committed to making our documents accessible in accordance with the WCAG 2.1 Standard. We're always looking to improve the accessibility of our documents. If you find any problems or you think we're not meeting accessibility requirements, please contact us.

OCR acknowledges the use of the icons by appleuzr, sourced from gettyimages.co.uk.