



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

GCE

History A

Y320/01: From colonialism to independence: The British Empire 1857-1965

A Level

Mark Scheme for June 2023

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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MARKING INSTRUCTIONS**PREPARATION FOR MARKING
SCORIS**

1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *scoris assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal <http://www.rm.com/support/ca>
3. Log-in to scoris and mark the **required number** of practice responses (“scripts”) and the **number of required** standardisation responses.

YOU MUST MARK 5 PRACTICE AND 6 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

MARKING

1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the scoris 50% and 100% (traditional 40% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone or the scoris messaging system, or by email.

5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Rubric Error Responses – Optional Questions

Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. Enter a mark for each question answered into RM assessor, which will select the highest mark from those awarded. *(The underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.)*

Multiple Choice Question Responses

When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate).

When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

Contradictory Responses

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only **one mark per response**)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. *(The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)*

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth **two or more marks**)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
7. Award No Response (NR) if:
 - there is nothing written in the answer space

Award Zero '0' if:


- anything is written in the answer space and is not worthy of credit (this includes text and symbols).

Team Leaders must confirm the correct use of the NR button with their markers before live marking commences and should check this when reviewing scripts.

8. The scoris **comments box** is used by your team leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**
If you have any questions or comments for your team leader, use the phone, the scoris messaging system, or e-mail.
9. *Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.*
10. For answers marked by levels of response: Not applicable in F501
 - a. **To determine the level** – start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer
 - b. **To determine the mark within the level**, consider the following:

Descriptor	Award mark
On the borderline of this level and the one below	At bottom of level
Just enough achievement on balance for this level	Above bottom and either below middle or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
Meets the criteria but with some slight inconsistency	Above middle and either below top of level or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
Consistently meets the criteria for this level	At top of level

11. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning of annotation
BP	Blank Page
	Highlight
Off-page comment	
A	Assertion
AN	Analysis
EVAL	Evaluation
EXP	Explanation
F	Factor
ILL	Illustrates/Describes
IRRL	Irrelevant, a significant amount of material that does not answer the question
J	Judgement
KU	Knowledge and understanding
P	Provenance
SC	Simple comment
	Unclear
V	View
S	Synthesis
E	Continuity/Change

12. Subject Specific Marking Instructions

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1	<p>Evaluate the interpretations in both of the two passages and explain which you think is more convincing as an explanation of the problems facing the British in Palestine in the period after the First World War.</p> <p>In locating the Interpretations within the wider historical debate, answers might suggest that Interpretation A argues that the British position was difficult as the Arabs did not trust their policies.</p> <p>In evaluating Interpretation A,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Answers might argue that Interpretation A is valid as Balfour had stated that establishing a Jewish homeland was more important than the wishes of the Arabs. • Answers might argue that Interpretation A is valid as the Arabs felt they had simply exchanged Turkish rulers for British. • Answers might argue that Interpretation A is valid as the number of Jews was increasing as they bought land from Arab landowners. • Answers might argue that Interpretation A is valid as there were riots in 1921 in Jaffa and in 1929 in Jerusalem. • Answers might argue that Interpretation A is not valid as the Jews bought land only in certain parts of Palestine. <p>In locating the Interpretations within the wider historical debate, answers might suggest that</p>	30	<p>The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set. <u>Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed.</u></p> <p>The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No set answer is expected. • At Level 5 and above answers will evaluate both interpretations, locating them within the wider historical debate about the issue and using their own knowledge, and reach a balanced judgement as to which they consider the most convincing about the issue in the question. • To be valid, judgements must be supported by relevant and accurate material. • Knowledge must not be credited in isolation, it should only be credited where it is used to analyse and evaluate the interpretations, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2*	<p>Interpretation B argues that the mandate created insurmountable problems.</p> <p>In evaluating Interpretation B,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Answers might argue that Interpretation B is valid as the Arabs wanted independence. • Answers might argue that Interpretation B is valid as increasing Jewish immigration threatened the position of the Arabs. • Answers might argue that Interpretation B is not valid as the British authorities stated they intended to make only part of Palestine a Jewish national home. • Answers might argue that Interpretation B is valid as Jewish immigration doubled in ten years. • Answers might argue that Interpretation B is valid as Balfour commented that he did not intend to consult the wishes of the present inhabitants (Arabs). <p>‘How important was collaboration with indigenous elites in the governance and administration of the Empire in the period from 1857 to 1965?’</p> <p>In supporting the hypothesis in the question,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It might be argued that throughout the period the government tried to win the consent of people it ruled. • Answers might consider the role of locally recruited troops to maintain law and order. 	25	<p>The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set. <u>Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed.</u> The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No set answer is expected

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Answers might consider the use of the policy of divide and rule, alternating patronage between competing elites. • Answers might consider the use of collaborators as it was cheap. • Answers might consider the use of local elites because of the difficulties in employing large numbers of European administrators. • Answers might consider that indigenous people possessed local knowledge that was essential for effective governance. • Answers might consider the use of indigenous elites in areas of indirect rule. <p>In challenging the hypothesis in the question,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It might be argued that force was a vital component in the rule of the empire throughout the period. • Answers might consider the appointment of officials and troops to administer and defend the empire. • Answers might consider the role of trusteeship. • Answers might consider the role of men on the spot, particularly in the first half of the period. • Answers might consider the utilisation of hegemony. • Answers might consider the impact of ideological control through colonial knowledge. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At higher levels answers might establish criteria against which to judge the importance of those groups. • To be valid, judgements must be supported by relevant and accurate material. • Knowledge must not be credited in isolation, it should only be credited where it is used as the basis for analysis and evaluation, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3*	<p>‘The most important impact of the British Empire on the periphery was the erosion of indigenous culture.’ How far do you agree with this view of the period from 1857 to 1965?</p> <p>In supporting the argument that the most important impact was the erosion of indigenous culture,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It might be argued that it destroyed indigenous culture through patterns of work. • Answers might consider the impact of westernisation. • Answers might consider the attack on high status cultural practices in India. • Answers might consider the destruction of ‘native vice’. • Answers might consider the work of missionaries. • Answers might consider the introduction of western education. <p>In challenging the view in the question,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It might be argued that economic exploitation was the greatest impact. • Answers might consider that it changed the nature of agriculture to produce cash crops. • Answers might consider that changes to agriculture practice brought about famine in India and East Africa. • Answers might consider the introduction of taxation. • Answers might consider economic migration and indentured labour. • Answers might consider the technological progress brought. 	25	<p>The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set. Both features that support the hypothesis and features that challenge the hypothesis are detailed.</p> <p><u>Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed.</u></p> <p>The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No set answer is expected • At higher levels answers might establish criteria against which to judge the validity of the interpretation. • To be valid, judgements must be supported by relevant and accurate material. • Knowledge must not be credited in isolation, it should only be credited where it is used as the basis for analysis and evaluation, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Answers might consider that sport was introduced. • Answers might consider, British support for the rights of certain groups, for example women in India. <p>To what extent did the British Empire’s impact on international relations change in the period from 1857 to 1965?</p> <p>In supporting the view that it changed,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It might be argued that in the mid nineteenth century it played a role in the Scramble for Africa, but at other times the focus was on India. • It might be argued that with the rise of communism in the twentieth century support was given to insurgency movements that impacted international relations. • It might be argued that the decline of the Empire had an impact on international relations after the Second World War. • It might be argued that at times it had an impact on relations with Germany. • It might be argued that it at times it caused colonial wars which worsened relations with powers such as France and Germany. 	25	<p>The indicative content lists features of the period studied that relate to the question set.</p> <p><u>Neither significance nor relative importance are attributed to the features listed.</u></p> <p>The indicative content is intended to reflect the knowledge and understanding a candidate is likely to analyse and evaluate in order to arrive at a judgement in line with the question set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No set answer is expected • At higher levels answers might establish criteria against which to judge the degree of change. • To be valid, judgements must be supported by relevant and accurate material. • Knowledge must not be credited in isolation, it should only be credited where it is used as the basis for analysis and evaluation, in line with descriptions in the levels mark scheme.

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It might be argued that during the nineteenth century the need to protect the route to India had a great impact on international relations in the Mediterranean and Balkans. • It might be argued that the Empire had a great impact on relations with Japan in the period 1919-39. • It might be argued that Suez had an impact on international relations in the period from 1956 onwards. • It might be argued that the Commonwealth caused problems for Britain in joining the EEC. <p>In arguing that its impact did not change,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It might be argued that it led to numerous wars during the period, with imperial rivalry being a factor in the First World war. • It might be argued that the two World Wars were the most important throughout the period as Britain attempted to maintain control of strategically important colonies. • It might be argued that it had an impact on relations with the USA throughout the period. • It might be argued that it influenced international institutions such as the League of Nations and the UN in the twentieth century. • It might be argued that decolonisation only really gained pace at the very end of the period, so the existence of a large Empire ensured that Britain's influence (although beginning to wane) was a real factor in international affairs for much of the period. 		

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance

APPENDIX 1 – this contains a generic mark scheme grid

	<i>AO3: Analyse and evaluate, in relation to the historical context, different ways in which aspects of the past have been interpreted.</i>
	Generic mark scheme for Section A, Question 1: Interpretation [30]
Level 6 26–30 marks	The answer has a very good focus on the question throughout. It has thorough and sustained evaluation of the interpretations, using detailed and accurate knowledge of the historical context and the wider historical debate around the issue, in order to produce a convincing and supported analysis of them in relation to the question.
Level 5 21–25 marks	The answer has a good focus on the question throughout. It has good evaluation of the interpretations, using relevant knowledge of the historical context and the wider historical debate around the issue, in order to produce a supported analysis of them in relation to the question.
Level 4 16–20 marks	The answer is mostly focused on the question. It has evaluation of the interpretations based on generally relevant knowledge of the historical context and the wider historical debate around the issue, in order to produce an analysis of them in relation to the question.
Level 3 11–15 marks	The answer is partially focused on the question. It has partial evaluation of the interpretations based on some knowledge of the historical context and the wider historical debate around the issue. There may be some use of information from one of the two interpretations to support the evaluation of the other, but the evaluation will not rely on this. There is a limited analysis of the interpretations in relation to the question.
Level 2 6–10 marks	The answer has a limited focus on the question. Parts of the answer are just description of the interpretations, with evaluation in relation to historical context and the wider historical debate around the issue being weak, and evaluation relying heavily on information drawn from the other interpretation. There is a very limited analysis of the interpretations in relation to the question.

Level 1 1–5 marks	The answer has some relevance to the topic, but not the specific question. The answer consists mostly of description of the interpretations with very limited evaluation based on very generalised knowledge of historical context and minimal or no reference to the wider historical debate. Analysis of the interpretations in relation to the question is either in the form of assertion or lacking.
0 marks	No evidence of understanding and no demonstration of any relevant knowledge.

	<i>AO1: Demonstrate, organise and communicate knowledge and understanding to analyse and evaluate the key features related to the periods studied, making substantiated judgements and exploring concepts, as relevant, of cause, consequence, change, continuity, similarity, difference and significance.</i>
	Generic mark scheme for Section B, Questions 2, 3 and 4: Essay [25]
Level 6 21–25 marks	The answer has a very good focus on the question. Detailed and accurate knowledge and understanding is used to analyse and evaluate key features of the period studied in order to reach a fully developed synthesis supporting a convincing and substantiated judgement. There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent and logically structured. The information presented is entirely relevant and substantiated.
Level 5 17–20 marks	The answer has a good focus on the question. Generally accurate and detailed knowledge and understanding is used to analyse and evaluate key features of the period studied in order to reach a developed synthesis supporting a substantiated judgement. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and in the most part substantiated.
Level 4 13–16 marks	The answer is mostly focused on the question. Relevant knowledge and understanding is used to analyse and evaluate key features of the period studied in order to reach a synthesis supporting a reasonable judgement. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most-part relevant and supported by some evidence.
Level 3 9–12 marks	The answer has a partial focus on the question. Some relevant knowledge and understanding is used to analyse and explain key features of the period studied in order to attempt an undeveloped synthesis, which is linked to a judgement, though the supporting explanation may lack detail and clarity. The information has some relevance and is presented with limited structure. The information is supported by limited evidence.

Level 2 5–8 marks	<p>The answer has only a limited focus on the question. Limited relevant knowledge and understanding is used to give a limited explanation and analysis of key features of the period studied. There is a judgement but this may not be clearly linked with the supporting explanation.</p> <p>The information has some relevance, but is communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear.</p>
Level 1 1–4 marks	<p>The answer has a limited focus on the topic, but not the specific question. The answer is largely descriptive, with only very generalised knowledge of the period studied being used to attempt basic explanation and very limited analysis. Judgements are unsupported and are not linked to analysis.</p> <p>Information presented is basic and may be ambiguous or unstructured. The information is supported by limited evidence.</p>
0 marks	<p>The answer contains no relevant information.</p>

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