

Cambridge National

Sport Studies

R184/01: Contemporary issues in sport

Level 1/2 Cambridge National Certificate/Award

Mark Scheme for January 2024

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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This document has 21 pages

MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING RM ASSESSOR

- Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: RM Assessor Assessor Online Training;
 OCR Essential Guide to Marking.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal http://www.rm.com/support/ca
- 3. Log-in to RM Assessor and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **number of required** standardisation responses.

YOU MUST MARK 10 PRACTICE AND 10 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the RM Assessor 50% and 100% (traditional 40% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone or the RM Assessor messaging system, or by email.

5. Crossed Out Responses

Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Rubric Error Responses - Optional Questions

Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. Enter a mark for each question answered into RM assessor, which will select the

highest mark from those awarded. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.)

Multiple Choice Question Responses

When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate).

When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

Contradictory Responses

When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only **one mark per response**)

Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth two or more marks)

If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response)

Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there, then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. Award No Response (NR) if:
 - there is nothing written in the answer space

Award Zero '0' if:

• anything is written in the answer space and is not worthy of credit (this includes text and symbols).

Team Leaders must confirm the correct use of the NR button with their markers before live marking commences and should check this when reviewing scripts.

- 8. The RM Assessor **comments box** is used by your team leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**If you have any questions or comments for your team leader, use the phone, the RM Assessor messaging system, or e-mail.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.
- 10. For answers marked by levels of response:
 - a. To determine the level start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer
 - b. To determine the mark within the level, consider the following

Descriptor	Award mark
On the borderline of this level and the one below	At bottom of level
Just enough achievement on balance for this level	Above bottom and either below middle or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
Meets the criteria but with some slight inconsistency	Above middle and either below top of level or at middle of level (depending on number of marks available)
Consistently meets the criteria for this level	At top of level

11. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Tick
×	Cross
BOD	Benefit of doubt
IRRL	Irrelevant
REP	Repetition
VG	Vague
KU	Knowledge and understanding
DEV	Development
EG	Example
5	Sub-max for question reached
LI	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
?	Unclear
BP	Blank Page
SEEN	Used for NR (no response)

Highlighting is also available to highlight any particular points on the script.

[The following questions should be annotated with ticks to show where marks have been awarded in the body of the text question 1-14]

	Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1a	(a) Ability		[1]	
1b	(c) Football W	orld Cup Finals	[1]	
1c	(a) FA Cup Fi	nal	[1]	
1d	(d) Reduced p	participation levels	[1]	
2	Three marks	from:		One mark for each correct answer
	-	from different ethnic groups people / people over 60		VG Pt 1 – Female / male VG Pt 3 – Elderly people
	4. Familie 5. Carers 6. People 7. Young 8. Teenag 9. People 10. Parents 11. People	with children with family commitments children gers with disabilities s (singles or couples) who work / employed people		VG Pt 7 – Children
	12. Unemp	loyed / economically disadvantaged people	[3]	

	Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3	Five marks from:			
	Value	Olympic or Paralympic value		
	Courage	Paralympic		
	Determination	Paralympic		
	Inspiration	Paralympic		
	Excellence	Olympic		
	Respect	Olympic	[5]	
4	Three marks from:			One mark for each correct answer
	 The number of peop The provision of facil 			Accept positive or negative
	3. Environment / climat			VG Pt 1 – Participation on its own
	4. <u>Live</u> spectator oppor	tunities		VC Dt 2. Draviaion on its aven
	5. Media <u>coverage</u>6. Success of individua	ls / tooms		VG Pt 2 – Provision on its own
	7. Role models	is / teams		VG Pt 5 – Media / social media / promotion
	8. (Social) acceptability		[3]	Wedia / Social Media / promotion
5	Four marks from:			
	Pre event L th	rease in traffic and litter Potential for increased crime ocal objections to e bidding process gh cost of building new facilities During the event	F41	
			[4]	

	Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
6a	One mark for	nark for:		No credit for just a sporting example
	The unwritten	rules of player behaviour in sport	[1]	VG – Demonstrate respect / fairness
6b	Two marks fr	om:		Accept any other relevant sporting examples linked to the performer
	Throwing ball out	the ball out of play when opponent is injured / ng the ball back to the opposing team if they kicked of play for your team		Only two marks awarded if two different sporting examples used
		ning quiet during an opponent's serve / g off court at Wimbledon together at the end of the		DNA – Examples of spectator etiquette
	3. Cricket	t ng if the ball touched your bat if caught out		DNA – Remaining quiet during national anthem
	4. Table t	, ,		DNA – Helping up an injured opponent / shaking opponents' hands
	 5. Badminton Admitting if the shuttlecock was out 6. Golf/rugby Being quiet / not distracting opposition while they are taking a Shot / kick 			
			a	VG – For descriptions without sporting example
			[2]	

	Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
6c	Three marks from:	·		One mark for each correct answer
	 Maintain the sport's Reinforce positive s 			Accept converse
	3. Demonstrate fair pla4. Ensure the safety of	themselves and other performers		DNA – Respect for the sport and its participants use X annotation
	participants / inspire 6. Increases sport's re	e model for children and other s younger children to copy behavious putation / positive attention / promote		BOD Pt 2 – Reinforcing an example of a sporting value
	sport			BOD Pt 6 – Increases participation / increases spectatorship
			[3]	
7a	Three marks from:			One mark for each correct answer
	American / Flag football	Padel		
	BMX / skating	Parkour		Accept any other relevant examples
	CrossFit	Pickleball		
	Footgolf	Quidditch		DNA – Gender versions of sports i.e. women's
	Futsal	Softball		football
	Handball	(Ultimate) frisbee		
	Kabaddi	Triathlon		
	Korfball	Walking football		
	Lacrosse	Walking Netball		
			[3]	

	Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
7b	Two marks from:				Accept the converse for each factor
	Factor	Explanation			
	Media coverage	Media covera	ge makes people more aware		e.g. Less media coverage decreases participation
		increasing a	sport's popularity / participation		lowering a sport's popularity
		levels / numb	er of spectators		
	Role models	Role models	can inspire people to take part /		
		watch the spo	ort increasing the sport's		
		popularity / pa	articipation levels / number of		
		spectators			
		•			
8a	Three marks from	n:			
	Lack of time	e (due to educa	ion)		
	Lack of disp	osable income	(for equipment / participation		
	charge)				
		,	sports) to encourage participation		
		. •	sessions / suitable activities /		VG – Lack of provision / facilities / awareness
		bled sessions			
	5. Poor body in discrimination	•	confidence / anxiety / fear of		
	6. Lack of (spe	ecialised/adapte	ed) transport		VG Pt 6 – Transport on its own
	7. Peer pressu	ıre / friends dor	't play sport		·
	8. Lack of spe	ecialised coach	ies		
	9. Lack of acc	ess to special i	sed / correct / adapted		
	equipment	-			
	10. Lack of acc	ess into the bu	ilding / lack of specialised		VG Pt 10 – Lack of accessibility not linked to
	facilities				building / transport / equipment
	11. Lack of awa	areness of oppo	ortunities to participate / lack of		
	advertiseme	ent / promotion		[3]	

	Ques	tion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
8b	Two	Marks from:			One mark for each correct answer
	1.	. •	ed activities / adapt sessions for de sessions at appropriate time		
	2. Provide disabled performer only sessions				
		•	ed facilities / ramps / access doors		
	4.	Provide specialised / adap	oted equipment e.g. wheelchairs		BOD Pt 4 – Have suitable equipment for Hiro
	5.	Provide (specialised / adap	ted) transport		, ,
	6.	Provide assistance / speci	alised staff / coaches		
	7.	Offer free / subsidised active subsidised transport	rities / discounted equipment /		
	8.	Promotion / advertising to i	ncreases awareness	[2]	VG Pt 8 – Increasing role models

	Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
9a	Three marks from:			One mark for each correct response
		eased media coverage / global attention on hosts /		Dt 2 Any examples of improved
	<u>-</u>	nal status / reputation		Pt 2 – Any examples of improved infrastructure accepted
	•	Il transport (infrastructure)		infrastructure accepted
				BOD Dt 2 Income from energy bin of
	4. Increased emp	ployment ect / indirect tourism		BOD Pt 3 – Income from sponsorship of
				venues
	•	onal morale / pride		DNA – Tourism on its own
	7. Improved / ne 8. Increase in sp	orts participation		DNA – Tourism on its own
	9. Boost to the I	·	[3]	VG Pt 9 – More profit / money
		ocal economy	[3]	
9b	Two marks from:			One mark for each correct response
	Poor sporting	g performance by the home nation/team		
	•	a negative impact on national pride / morale /		
	reputation	a negative impact on national price / morale /		
	•	articipation / spectator levels		
	Z. Neddeca pa	articipation / speciator levels		
	Poor organis	ation during the event		
		negative media coverage / negative reputation		BOD Pt 3 – Tourists not wanting to visit again
		pectator levels		
			[2]	

	Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
9с	Two marks fro	om:		One mark for each correct response
	2. Sports fa 3. A loss in hosts pe 4. Tourism after eve	nt might have cost more to host than the revenue generated / se hosts to go into debt acilities unused after / facilities too expensive to run national reputation / status if event was badly organised or erformed badly may decrease after event / drop in income for local business ent e lost after the event/temporary	[2]	Responses must link to negative factors after the event VG Pt 1 – References to being expensive
10a	One mark from	n:		Accept all other relevant examples
	Sport	NGB		DNA – NGB outside the UK
	Amateur	Welsh amateur boxing association, Amateur		
	boxing	boxing association of England		
	Athletics	Scottish Athletics, England Athletics		
	Badminton	Badminton England, Badminton Ireland		
	Boccia	Boccia England		
	Cycling	British Cycling		
	Football	FA, SFA, FAW, IFA		
	Handball England Handball			
	Netball England Netball			
	Rugby Union RFU, SRU			
	Water polo	British Swimming		
			[1]	

	Question		n Answer		Ma	ark	Guidance
	Six marks from:						3 marks for method of promoting participation odd numbers
	NGB's method of promoting		Explanation				3 marks for explanation even numbers Explanation mark cannot be awarded if
	1	ticipation (Increasing) media coverage / advertising	2	More people will be aware of the sport helping to increase participation		method incorrect but if method is VG explanation mark can be awarded	method incorrect but if method is VG
	3	Promotions / campaigns / initiatives	4	Increase awareness and encourage participation			Accept Pt 1 Social media DNA – Ensuring equal opportunities use X
10b	5	5 Training 6 Increase coaches allows	Increasing the number of coaches allows more access to training increasing participation			annotation DNA – Pt 3 This Girl Can	
	7	Training officials	8	Increasing the number of officials allows more competitive games to be played			DNA Pt 5 & 7 – Coaches and official on its
	9	Organise tournaments and competitions	10	Increased opportunity to play competitive sport encouraging more participation			own
	11	(Increase number of) role models	12	More people will be inspired to take part			
	13	Increase provision	14	More facilities allow more people to take part	[6	6] 	

Question Answer		Mark	Guidance			
11a	Two	marks from:				1 mark for initiative
	Initiative		Aim			1 mark for describe of initiatives aim
	1	Join the Movement	2	National lottery funded campaign		
				to get people active after Covid-		Accept other relevant examples
				19		
	3	We are Undefeatable	4	To inspire people in England with		DNA – 'This Girl Can' use X annotation
				long term health conditions to		
				become active		
	5	Rugby against	6	Stop racism and promote		VG – Taking a knee
		Racism		inclusion		
	7	Tennis for Kids	8	To inspire children to play tennis		
	9	Rainbow Laces	10	Increase awareness and support		
				for participation of LGBTQ+		
				performer		
	11	Kick it Out	12	To reduce / stop racism in football		
				/ make everyone feel welcomed	[2]	
11b	Two	marks from:				One mark for each correct response
	1	. Government (grants)				VG – Pt 1 Grants on its own
	2	· ·				
	3					DNA – Pt 4 Charity
	4	J				
	5	. Lottery (funding)				
	6	O .				BOD – Pt 6 Advertising/adverts
	7	. Sponsorship deals				
	8	\ /	_			
	9	. Membership fees / nat	ional	affiliation fees	[2]	

	Question		Answ	/er	Mark	Guidance
12	One mark from: 1. To develop / harmonize / coordinate anti-doping ruall sports and countries.		rules and policies across		DNA – Testing procedures	
	2. To eliminate / reduce (PEDs) drug use in all sports				[1]	
13 (a)	For 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Weight loss Improvement increase chan better / gain action Train harder for Helps reduce Cope with present the Cope with the Cope with present the Cope with the Cop	ce of winning / perform dvantage or longer pain / mask injury ssure / pressure from others ing them ard / sponsorship			One mark for each correct answer DNA – Answers relating to the sport
					[2]	

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
13 (b)	Two marks from:			One mark for each correct answer
(b)	2 Unfair / uneth3 Damage hea4 Creates negative	Against rformer's reputation nical / cheating Ith / addiction ative role models n be sanctioned / bans / stripped of medals / fined sorship	[2]	DNA – Answers relating to the sport

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance		
	Four marks from:					Accept the converse for any reasons / explanations e.g.
	Reason			Explanation		Padel has less media coverage causing less
	1	(Netball has an increased) media coverage	2	Allowing more people to be aware increasing participation		people to be aware decreasing participation Maximum of 2 marks awarded for reasons and
	3	(Netball has more) facilities / clubs	ball has more) 4 Increased facilities / club ities / clubs netball allows more peo	Increased facilities / clubs for netball allows more people to		maximum of 2 marks awarded for reasons at maximum of 2 marks awarded for explanation VG Pt 3 – Provision on its own Explanation must match the stated reason to gain credit
	5	(Netball has more) live spectator opportunities	6	Allowing more people to watch the sport increasing participation		
	7	(High level of) 8 success of our national netball team		Inspiring more people to take part		If reason is VG can gain credit for explanation e.g. promotion through media VG more media
	9	(Netball has more well known positive) role models	10	Inspiring more people to take part		coverage for netball increases participation DNA for reason – answers relating to the
	11	(Netball is more) socially acceptable	12	Having a history of netball participation within the UK helps		number of people participating as it is in the question stem
		within the UK		to increase / maintain participation levels	[4]	DNA for explanation – answers relating to increased spectators / popularity

	Question		Answer
15	Levels of response		Differentiating between levels look for:
	All level descriptors describe the TOP of the level.		Level 3 (7-8 marks)
	Level 3 (7-8 marks)		
	A strong and balanced discussion which shows detailed knowledge and understanding of the effect of technology in sport. The discussion considers both the positive and negative effects of technology on sport in an appropriate context. Knowledge points are well developed and supported with a range of examples. Level 2 (4-6 marks)		A thorough discussion which: - shows detailed knowledge and understanding for both the positive and negative effects - analyses the points made, showing logical reasoning throughout - reaches a justified conclusion (where one is required)
	A discussion which shows some sound knowledge and understanding of the effect of technology in sport. There is some use of appropriate context when discussing the positive and negative effects of technology on sport. The discussion may not be fully balanced and may focus more on positives or negatives. Some knowledge points are developed and supported with examples. Level 1 (1-3 marks)		 consistently uses appropriate terminology. Level 2 (4-6 marks) An adequate discussion: shows sound knowledge and understanding including both positive and negative effects analyses the points made, may show some logical reasoning uses some appropriate terminology.
	A basic discussion which shows limited knowledge and understanding of the effect of technology in sport. May use appropriate context when discussing the positive or negative effects of technology on sport. The discussion maybe unbalanced . Knowledge points are not developed and / or supported with limited examples or none at all.		Level 1 (1-3 marks) A basic discursive response: - shows limited knowledge and understanding identifies positive or negative effects - limited or no-use of appropriate terminology.
	0 = nil response or no response worthy of credit.	[8]	Always indicate the level at the end of the response.

Positive effects of the use of technology in sport						
KU	EG	DEV				
1. Enhance performance	Carbon fibre golf clubs Sports wheelchairs Prosthetic limbs/blades Lighter / aerodynamic bikes	 General – making the sport more appealing increasing popularity / participation Allowing golf balls to be hit further Wheelchairs that can turn quicker make wheelchair basketball faster Cyclists can travel faster and record better times 				
2. Increase safety of participants / Lower risk of injury	Temperature regulating clothes Shock absorbing footwear Headgear Shin pads	 Material can either let out or retain heat depending on the environment preventing dehydration or overheating Footwear reduces pressure on legs, feet and ankles allowing performance to not be interrupted Prevent impact on the head in sports such as rugby reducing chances of concussion / prevent impact on shins 				
3. Quicker recovery from injury	Hyperbaric chambers Cryotherapy Underwater/antigravity treadmills	 Oxygen chambers can provide increased oxygen supply speeding up recovery Cold therapy causing blood vessels to constrict reducing swelling around injury Allows performers to run without carrying all of their body weight, speeding up recovery 				
4. More accurate decisions / Increase fair play	Cameras used in ski jump Lasers used in athletics Video replays / VAR / TMO(Rugby) Goal line technology DRS in cricket Hawk eye tennis	 Camera/lasers to measure distance and whether a jump was successful or not. Video replays to allow a closer look at vital parts of a game / overturning incorrect decisions Goal line technology to determine whether the ball has crossed the line DRS in cricket to determine whether the ball has touched the bat Hawk eye in tennis to determine whether the ball was in or out Performers being able to review decisions i.e. cricket / tennis 				
5. Technical analysis / analysis of performance	Motion tracking software Heart rate monitor blood pressure monitor Body fat monitor Fitness watches/apps	 Track movements of athlete or equipment allowing data to be analysed to highlight areas for improvement Various items can collect lots of data, which can then be analysed and averages created to highlight areas that could be improved 				
6. Enhance spectatorship	Slow motion replays / highlights In game data / analysis Websites / apps / Large screens in stadiums	 Allowing spectators to be more actively involved Easier to stay up to date / access via a number different devices 				

Negative effects of the use of technology in sport					
KU	EG	DEV			
7. Unequal access to the same quality of technology / availability of technology	Lower ranking nation Lower placed team in a league Geographical reasons	 Some performers, teams and countries will not have equal access to technology leaving them at a disadvantage Unequal access to the same quality of technology makes the use for some teams and individuals impossible. Some lower ranked countries / athletes will not be able to financially compete for technology against the higher ranked countries in cycling increasing the performance gap 			
8. Affordability of technology / increased cost of technology	Treadmill vs Anti-gravity treadmill Ice bath vs Cryotherapy Lower ranking nation Lower placed team in a league	 Increased cost of technological advancements makes the use for some teams and individuals impossible. Some lower ranked countries / athletes will not be able to financially compete for technology against the higher ranked countries in cycling increasing the performance gap 			
9. Reducing the flow of the game	Use of hawk eye within tennis Video replays / VAR / TMO (Rugby) DRS in cricket	 The use of technology can stop the game while the outcome is decided Causing performer frustrations 			
10. Officials' decisions influenced by technology	When an official is asked to watch a replay of an incident on the pitch/court.	 Just by being asked to rewatch something they have already made a judgement on could make them think that they have made a mistake and they could change their minds. Added pressure while watching the replay from players, coaches and spectators could influence their decision. 			
11. Decrease spectator experience	Better camera angles / replays VAR highlighting incorrect umpire decisions	 Leads to spectators staying at home Causing frustration for spectators Reducing spectator levels Goes against the traditions of the sport 			

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